

City of Aurora Public Works Department

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF SPECIAL INSPECTIONS

Building Division • 15151 E. Alameda Parkway, Ste 2400 • Aurora, CO 80012 • 303.739.7420 Email: permitcounter@auroragov.org

| Project Address 375 North Picadilly Rd. | | |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Project Title The Reserves at Eagle Point | | |
| Inspection Agency TRIAX Engineering | Phone 720-230-1931 | Email info@triaxgeo.com |
| Agency Contact Person Chris Echols | Phone 720-213-2064 | Email cechols@triaxgeo.com |
| Project Owner OPG Eagle Point Partners, LLC | Phone 973-914-4572 | Email rzent@overlandpg.com |
| Staff Person Reviewing Submittal | | Date |
| Comments | | • |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

A pre-construction meeting is recommended for every project whose elements are subject to special inspections. This meeting can take place at any time either here within the City building or on the job site. Check Required Special Inspections - Per International Building Code, Section 1704:

- □ Structural Steel (1705.2)
- ☑ Structural Concrete and Reinforcing Steel (1705.3)
- Anchor Bolts in Concrete (1705.3)
- \Box Prestressed Concrete and PT tendons (1705.3)
- \square Post-installed Anchors in Concrete (1705.3)
- □ Shotcrete Concrete Placement (1705.3)
- □ Masonry (1705.4)
- X Structural Wood (1705.5)
- X Soils (1705.6)
- □ Driven Deep Foundations (1705.7)
- □ Cast-in-place Deep Foundations (1705.8)
- □ Helical Pile Foundations (1705.9)

- □ Sprayed Fire-Resistant Materials (1705.14)
- □ Mastic and Intumescent Coatings (1705.15)
- \Box Exterior Insulation and Finish System (1705.16)
- □ Fire-resistant Penetrations and Joints (1705.17)
- □ Smoke Control (1705.18)
- Other inspections as required by the Design
 Professional or the Building Official (1705.1.1)

SPECIAL INSPECTIONS REQUIREMENTS - 2021 IBC 1704 Prior to the start of construction, the owner or owner's authorized agent shall employ one or more approved agencies to provide special inspections and tests during construction as required by the structural engineer in their statement of special inspections. The special inspector's qualifications and written reports shall be reviewed by the engineer of record and made available to the building inspector on the jobsite. The building division will only issue a certificate of occupancy after all special inspection reports, and the final special inspection report, have been submitted and accepted.

In accordance to Section 1704 of the International Building Code (IBC), the owner or the owner's authorized agent, other than the contractor, shall employ one or more approved agencies to provide special inspections and tests during construction on the types of work specified in section 1705 and identify the approved agencies to the building official.

A. Registered Design Professional Responsibilities

- 1. Prepare a Statement of Special Inspections in accordance with IBC section 1704.3.1. The statement of special inspections shall identify the materials, systems, components and work required to have special inspections or tests. Note whether the special inspections are continuous or periodic. May be provided on the structural drawings or in document form. NOTE: This form does not take the place of the required statement of special inspections.
- 2. Review the special inspection reports and provide corrective action for work that may not conform to the approved plans. Provide this information to the Building Division.

B. Contractor's Responsibilities

- 1. The approved plans shall be readily accessible at the job site.
- 2. The contractor shall provide reasonable access to all work requiring special inspection.
- 3. The contractor is also responsible for retaining at the job site all special inspection records submitted by the special inspector, and providing these records for review by the Building Division's inspector upon request.

C. Duties of the Special Inspector

- 1. Provide written documentation to the Building Division demonstrating the competence and relevant experience or training of the special inspectors who perform the special inspections and tests during construction. Discrepancies shall be brought to the immediate attention of the contractor for correction. If any item is not corrected the special inspector shall notify both the engineer of record and the Building Division.
- 2. A final report documenting required special inspections and tests, and correction of any discrepancies noted in the inspections or tests, shall be submitted to the Building Division prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy.

D. Jurisdiction

- 1. The jurisdiction will review the implementation of Structural Tests and Special Inspection requirements.
- 2. The Building Division will only issue a Certificate of Occupancy after all special inspection reports and the final special inspection report, have been submitted and accepted.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

I have read and understand my responsibilities regarding special inspections.

Project Owner:

Date: 10/25/2023

Or

Owner's Authorized Agent: _____

Date: ___



GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT

Proposed Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development SWC of Stephen D. Hogan Parkway and Picadilly Road Aurora, Colorado

Prepared for: EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC 3501 SW Fairlawn Road, Suite 200 Topeka, Kansas 66614

Prepared by: Cole Garner Geotechnical CGG Project No.: 23.22.003

April 4, 2023

Approved For Two Years From This Date

City Engineer

Date

Geotechnical Engineering and Materials Testing

Cole Garner Geotechnical

1070 W. 124th Ave, Ste. 300 Westminster, CO 80234 303.996.2999



April 4, 2023

EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC 3501 SW Fairlawn Road, Suite 200 Topeka, Kansas 66614

Attn: Mr. Kevin W. Beck, P.E.

Re: Geotechnical Engineering Report Proposed Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development SWC of Stephen D. Hogan Parkway and Picadilly Road Aurora, Colorado CGG Project No. 23.22.003

Cole Garner Geotechnical (CGG) has completed a geotechnical exploration for the proposed mixed-use development to be located at the southwest corner of the referenced intersection in Aurora, Colorado. This summary letter should be used in conjunction with the entire report for design and/or construction purposes. It should be recognized that specific details were not included or fully developed in this section, and the report must be read in its entirety for a comprehensive understanding of the items contained herein. The section titled General Comments should be read for an understanding of the report limitations.

- Subsurface Conditions: The near surface soils at the site consist of sandy lean clays, as well clayey to silty sands. In general, the clays extended to depths of about 4 to 13 feet below existing site grades, and were underlain by the sand soils, but in some borings, the soil types were interbedded. The sand soils extended the full depth of exploration in most of the borings. Sedimentary claystone bedrock was encountered in two of the borings (Boring Nos. M1 and M2, in the southern portion of the site) at a depth of about 23 feet below existing site grades. The bedrock (where encountered) extended to the maximum depth of exploration. Other specific information regarding the subsurface conditions is shown on the attached Boring Logs.
- Demolition and Site Preparation: Existing development on the parcel will be demolished and removed from the site as part of the new development. Demolition and removal of this development will likely expose or generate soft or loose soil conditions. Demolition should include removal of existing fills, foundations, underground utilities, and mitigation of any loose or otherwise unsuitable backfill materials. The existing soils should be suitable for reuse in new fills and backfill, provided debris, organics and other unsuitable materials are substantially removed. Some inert construction debris may be blended into the soils at the discretion of the geotechnical engineer.

Geotocimical Engineering and Materials Testing

- Expansive Soils: Variably expansive clay soils are present on the site. In our opinion, these materials have significant potential for volume change when subjected to post-construction wetting, causing movement and damage to structures, flatwork, pavements, et cetera. This report provides recommendations to help reduce the effects of soil expansion on the structures and reduce post-construction movement to levels that are typical in this geologic region. Eliminating the potential for movement is generally not considered economically feasible; however, recommendations in this report are intended to reduce the potential for extreme movements caused by expansive soils that experience moisture content variations within a normal range. Because many site conditions (floods, droughts, sub-freezing temperatures, etc.) cannot be controlled, larger movements should still be expected if expansive soils become very wet or very dry. It may be possible to further reduce the risk of movement if significantly more expensive measures are used during construction.
- Structural Considerations: It is our opinion that the expansive materials present at the site pose a moderate to high risk of movement of foundations; therefore, mitigation of the expansive materials will be required in order to utilize shallow foundations. After mitigation, the use of shallow foundations should be feasible (such as spread footings or post-tensioned slab-on-grade foundations commonly used for multi-family residential construction).

On this site, we recommend that mitigation include removal, moisture conditioning, and recompaction of the expansive materials to create a zone of low expansive engineered fill below each structure. Subexcavation should extend beneath each structure down to the underlying silty sand soils and 5 feet beyond the outer foundation edges. The actual depth of subexcavation will vary according to the planned site grading (earthen cut and fill depths). In general, mitigation will need to extend to depths on the order of 5 to 10 feet below existing site grades for most buildings. In addition, we recommend that the thickness of fill supporting each building be relatively uniform. This type of mitigation is common in the region and will reduce, but not eliminate, the potential for movement. Details are provided in the report.

- Surface Drainage: The amount of movement associated with foundations, floor slabs, exterior flatwork, etc. will be related to the wetting of underlying supporting soils. Therefore, it is imperative the recommendations outlined in the "Grading and Drainage" section of this report be followed to reduce potential movement.
- Future Geotechnical Studies: This report contains <u>design-level recommendations for the proposed</u> <u>multi-family residential development</u> to be constructed at the southeast portion of the site, as well as, for <u>site infrastructure and pavements</u>. Supplemental design-level geotechnical exploration, with additional structure-specific borings will be required at the <u>remaining commercial building pad</u> <u>locations</u> in order to develop design-level recommendations for structures.

We appreciate being of service to you in the geotechnical engineering phase of this project and are prepared to assist you during the construction phases as well. Please do not hesitate to contact us if you have any questions concerning this report or any of our testing, inspection, design and consulting services.

Sincerely,

Glenn D. Ohlsen, P.E. **Project Engineer**

Copies to: Addressee (1 PDF copy)



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Andrew J. Garner, P.E. Principal, COO

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Geotechnical Engineering Report Proposed Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development – Aurora, CO CGG Project No. 23.22.003

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Cole Garner Geotechnical

1070 W. 124th Ave, Ste. 300 Westminster, CO 80234 303.996.2999



GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING REPORT

PROPOSED EAGLE RIDGE MIXED-USE DEVELOPMENT SWC of STEPHEN D. HOGAN PARKWAY and PICADILLY ROAD AURORA, COLORADO

CGG Project No. 23.22.003 April 4, 2023

INTRODUCTION

This report contains the results of our geotechnical engineering exploration for the proposed mixed-use development to be constructed at the southwest corner of the referenced intersection in Aurora, Colorado. These services were performed in general accordance with our proposal (CGG No. P22.22.258) executed January 6, 2023.

The purpose of these services is to provide information and geotechnical engineering recommendations relative to:

- Geologic conditions
- Subsurface soil and bedrock conditions
- Groundwater conditions
- Foundation design and construction
- Lateral earth pressures
- Floor slab design and construction
- Below-grade construction
- Pavement thickness design and construction
- Swimming pool design and construction
- Retaining walls
- Earthwork
- Drainage

The recommendations contained in this report are based upon the results of field and laboratory testing, engineering analyses, our experience with similar soil conditions and structures, and our understanding of the proposed project.

Geotechnical Engineering and Materials Testing

PROJECT INFORMATION

We understand that this phase of the project will include development of approximately 18 acres of currently vacant property located at the southwest corner of the subject intersection in Aurora, Colorado. Development will include site grading, underground utility installation, and the construction of paved private drives and fire lanes to support the development. As currently planned, approximately the southern 8 acres will be developed for multifamily residential use while the northern portion of the site will include various retail and restaurant uses. We assume that the residential buildings will include three to four-stories of wood framing supported on at-grade foundations, such as a post-tensioned slab-on-grade foundation (PT slabs). A leasing and clubhouse building, along with an outdoor swimming pool, is also assumed.

We have no information regarding proposed grading; however, we anticipate that site grading may include maximum earthen cuts and fills of about 3 to 5 feet or more based on current site topography. *We should be provided with the site development and grading plans (as soon as available) for our review, so that we can supplement/modify our geotechnical recommendations, as needed.*

If our understanding of the project, or assumptions above, is not accurate, or if you have additional useful information, please inform us as soon as possible.

SITE EXPLORATION PROCEDURES

The scope of the services performed for this project included site reconnaissance by a field technician, a subsurface exploration program, laboratory testing and engineering analysis.

Field Exploration: As requested by the client, we investigated the subsurface conditions on the site with a total of eighteen test borings. Of this total, ten borings (Boring Nos. M1 through M10) were located within the portion of the site planned for multi-family residential development. These borings were typically advanced to depths of about 25 to 35 feet below existing site grade, with Boring No. M10 was drilled to a depth of about 10 feet below existing site grade in the location of planned stormwater detention. Borings designated as C1 through C8 were drilled to a depth of about 15 feet below existing site grade within planned private roadways associated with the commercial/retail portion of the site. Borings were located in the field utilizing hand-held GPS units and existing site features as a reference. Ground surface elevations at each boring location (as shown on the Boring Logs) were roughly approximated by interpolation from contours indicated on the site plan and may vary given field conditions and locating methods. *The accuracy of boring locations and elevations should only be assumed to the level implied by the methods used.* Refer to Figure 1 – Boring Location Diagram in Appendix A for the approximate boring locations.

Borings were advanced with an ATV-mounted drilling rig utilizing 4-inch diameter, solid stem auger. Borings for the residential development were advanced to depths of about 25 to 35 feet below existing site grades, while borings for the retail/commercial roadway and utility areas were advanced to a depth of about 15 feet below existing site grades.

A lithologic log of each boring was recorded by our field personnel during the drilling operations. At selected intervals, samples of the subsurface materials were obtained by driving modified California barrel samplers. Penetration resistance measurements were obtained by driving the sample barrel into the subsurface materials with a 140-pound automatic hammer falling 30 inches. The penetration resistance value is a useful index to the consistency, relative density or hardness of the materials encountered.

Groundwater measurements were performed in each boring at the time of site exploration and again about five weeks later. Borings were backfilled with the spoils immediately following the subsequent groundwater measurements.

Field infiltration testing (cased borehole) was performed Boring No. M10 (Infiltration Test No. IF1) at an approximate depth of 10 feet below existing site grades. Results of those tests are presented in Appendix B. Infiltration testing was performed in general accordance with local Standards.

Laboratory Testing: Samples retrieved during the field exploration were returned to the laboratory for observation by the project geotechnical engineer, and were visually-manually classified in general accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System described in Appendix C. Bedrock is described according to the notes on Bedrock Classification. At that time, an applicable laboratory-testing program was formulated to determine engineering properties of the subsurface materials. Following the completion of the laboratory testing, the field descriptions were confirmed or modified as necessary, and Boring Logs were prepared. These logs are presented in Appendix A.

Laboratory test results are presented in Appendix B. These results were used for the geotechnical engineering analyses and the development of foundation and earthwork recommendations. Laboratory tests were performed in general accordance with the applicable local or other accepted standards.

Selected soil and bedrock samples were tested for the following engineering properties:

- Water content
- Dry density
- Swell/Consolidation potential
- Grain size
- Plasticity Index
- Water-soluble sulfates

SITE CONDITIONS

The project site is comprised of approximately 53.62 acres of mostly undeveloped land located at the southwest corner of the intersection of Stephen D. Hogan Parkway and Picadilly Road in Aurora,

Colorado, as shown on the attached Boring Location Diagram in Appendix A. The site is bound by Stephen D. Hogan Parkway to the north, Picadilly Road to the east, and the Coal Creek drainageway to the south and west. Existing development on the northeastern portion of the site included a residential structure and multiple outbuildings. A graded stormwater detention area (approximately 150 feet by 100 feet in plan area) was present in the approximate central site extents. At the time of our exploration, the site was covered with a low to high growth of grass and weeds. Some trees and bushes were present surrounding the existing home, as well as in the southwest portion of the site. Based on review of the site ALTA, site topography is variable, with greater slopes generally present on the northern half of the site, as shown on the attached Boring Location Diagram. The site has a general downward slope to the south and west, with an approximate elevation drop of about 20 feet, or more, across the site.

SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Geology: Surficial geologic conditions at the site, as mapped by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) (¹Trimble and Machette, 1979), consist of Eolian (Windblown) Sand of Holocene and Pleistocene Age. These materials are reported to include "fine to medium sand". Soils in closer proximity to Coal Creek to the south of the site consist of Piney Creek Alluvium of Upper Holocene Age. These materials are reported to include gravel, sand, silt, and clay.

Bedrock mapped in the area consists of the Denver Formation of Paleocene and Upper Cretaceous Age. This formation has been reported to include interbedded claystone, siltstone, sandstone, and conglomerate.

Mapping completed by the Colorado Geological Survey (²Hart, 1972) indicates the site is located in areas of "Windblown Sand or Silt" and "Low Swell Potential." These categories generally include non- to low expansive (swelling) soils; however, soils with higher expansive potential may also be locally present.

No other geologic hazards were identified. Seismic activity in the region is anticipated to be low. With proper site grading around proposed structures, erosional problems at the site should be reduced.

Soil and Bedrock Conditions: The near surface soils at the site consist of sandy lean clays, as well clayey to silty sands. In general, the clays extended to depths of about 4 to 13 feet below existing site grades, and were underlain by the sand soils, but in some borings, the soil types were interbedded. The sand soils extended the full depth of exploration in most of the borings. Sedimentary claystone bedrock was encountered in two of the borings (Boring Nos. M1 and M2, in the southern portion of the site) at a

¹ Trimble, D.E., and Machette, M.N., 1979, *Geologic Map of the Greater Denver Area, Front Range Urban Corridor, Colorado.* USGS Map I-856-H.

² Hart, Stephen S., 1972, *Potentially Swelling Soil and Rock in the Front Range Urban Corridor, Colorado*, Colorado Geological Survey, Sheet 2 of 4.

depth of about 23 feet below existing site grades. The bedrock (where encountered) extended to the maximum depth of exploration. Other specific information regarding the subsurface conditions is shown on the attached Boring Logs.

Field and Laboratory Test Results: Field test results indicate that the clay soils vary from stiff to hard in consistency, while the sand soils vary from loose to very dense in relative density. The bedrock ranges from medium hard to very hard in hardness based on penetration resistance.

The clayey soils are of moderate plasticity and select samples exhibited <u>low to moderate expansive</u> <u>potential</u> at existing moisture contents. The silty sand soils are considered non-plastic and nonexpansive. The claystone bedrock is considered moderately plastic and moderately to highly expansive; however, we believe is present at depths that will not adversely affect the planned development. Testing of select samples for the presence of water-soluble sulfates indicated concentrations generally ranging from nil to 2,100 parts per million (ppm).

Groundwater Conditions: Groundwater was encountered in each of our deeper "M" borings and in two of the "C" borings during drilling at depths ranging from about 12 to 27 feet below existing site grades. When checked again five weeks later, groundwater was measured in all of the "M" borings at depths ranging from about 11 to 22 feet below existing site grades.

Based upon review of U.S. Geological Survey Maps (³Hillier, et al, 1983), regional groundwater beneath the project area predominates in unconsolidated alluvial deposits at depths generally ranging from about 10 to 20 feet, or more, below the ground surface.

The depth to water is dependent upon several factors including hydrologic conditions, type of site development, irrigation demands on or adjacent to the site, fluctuations in water features, seasonal and weather conditions.

ENGINEERING RECOMMENDATIONS

Geotechnical Considerations: Based on the information obtained from our subsurface exploration, laboratory testing, and a cursory review of geologic conditions, it is our opinion that the site appears suitable for development of the proposed project provided the recommendations in this report are followed. The following primary geotechnical considerations were identified:

• **Demolition and Site Preparation:** Existing development on the parcel will be demolished and removed from the site as part of the new development. Demolition and removal of this development will likely expose or generate soft or loose soil conditions. Demolition should include

³ Hillier, Donald E.; Schneider, Paul A., Jr.; and Hutchinson, E. Carter, 1983, *Depth to Water Table (1976-1977) in the Greater Denver Area, Front Range Urban Corridor, Colorado*, United States Geological Survey, Map I-856-K.

removal of existing fills, foundations, underground utilities, and mitigation of any loose or otherwise unsuitable backfill materials. The existing soils should be suitable for reuse in new fills and backfill, provided debris, organics and other unsuitable materials are substantially removed. Some inert construction debris may be blended into the soils at the discretion of the geotechnical engineer.

- Expansive Soils: Variably expansive clay soils are present on the site. In our opinion, these materials have significant potential for volume change when subjected to post-construction wetting, causing movement and damage to structures, flatwork, pavements, et cetera. This report provides recommendations to help reduce the effects of soil expansion on the structures and reduce post-construction movement to levels that are typical in this geologic region. Eliminating the potential for movement is generally not considered economically feasible; however, recommendations in this report are intended to reduce the potential for extreme movements caused by expansive soils that experience moisture content variations within a normal range. Because many site conditions (floods, droughts, sub-freezing temperatures, etc.) cannot be controlled, larger movements should still be expected if expansive soils become very wet or very dry. It may be possible to further reduce the risk of movement if significantly more expensive measures are used during construction.
- Structural Considerations: It is our opinion that the expansive materials present at the site pose a
 moderate to high risk of movement of foundations; therefore, mitigation of the expansive materials
 will be required in order to utilize shallow foundations. After mitigation, the use of shallow
 foundations should be feasible (such as spread footings or post-tensioned slab-on-grade foundations
 commonly used for multi-family residential construction).

On this site, we recommend that mitigation include removal, moisture conditioning, and recompaction of the expansive materials to create a zone of low expansive engineered fill below each structure. Subexcavation should extend beneath each structure down to the underlying silty sand soils and 5 feet beyond the outer foundation edges. The actual depth of subexcavation will vary according to the planned site grading (earthen cut and fill depths). In general, mitigation will need to extend to depths on the order of 5 to 10 feet below existing site grades for most buildings. In addition, we recommend that the thickness of fill supporting each building be relatively uniform. This type of mitigation is common in the region and will reduce, but not eliminate, the potential for movement. Details are provided in the report.

• Surface Drainage: The amount of movement associated with foundations, floor slabs, exterior flatwork, etc. will be related to the wetting of underlying supporting soils. Therefore, it is imperative the recommendations outlined in the "Grading and Drainage" section of this report be followed to reduce potential movement.

 Future Geotechnical Studies: This report contains <u>design-level recommendations for the proposed</u> <u>multi-family residential development</u> to be constructed at the southeast portion of the site, as well as, for <u>site infrastructure and pavements</u>. Supplemental design-level geotechnical exploration, with additional structure-specific borings will be required at the <u>remaining commercial building pad</u> <u>locations</u> in order to develop design-level recommendations for structures.

Design and construction recommendations for the foundation system and other earth-connected phases of the project are outlined below.

Site Preparation and Earthwork:

• **General Considerations:** The following presents recommendations for site preparation, excavation, subgrade preparation and placement of engineered fills on the project. The recommendations presented for design and construction of earth-supported elements including foundations, slabs and pavements are contingent upon following the recommendations outlined in this section.

Earthwork on the project should be observed and evaluated by the Geotechnical Engineer. The evaluation of earthwork should include observation and testing of engineered fill, subgrade preparation, foundation bearing soils, and other geotechnical conditions exposed during the construction of the project.

• **Demolition and Site Preparation:** Strip and remove existing vegetation and any other deleterious materials from proposed construction areas. Stripped materials consisting of vegetation and organic materials should be wasted from the site or used to revegetate landscaped areas or exposed slopes after completion of grading operations.

<u>Demolition of the existing development (i.e. existing foundations and floor slabs, underground</u> <u>utilities, and pavements) should include complete removal of all foundation elements within the</u> <u>proposed construction area. Demolition should also include removal of any loose backfill found</u> <u>adjacent to or below existing foundations or associated with underground utilities</u>. All non-inert materials derived from the demolition of existing structures should be removed from the site and should not be allowed for use in any on-site fills without approval of the engineer. In general, where any <u>loose soils</u> are generated from demolition and removal of any portion of the existing development, or where any unsuitable existing fill soils are present, they can generally be mitigated by removal and recompaction or in-place densification below new foundations, floor slabs, pavements and other critical elements.

The on-site soils are considered to be relatively stable based on the conditions at the time of our exploration, but stability may be affected by precipitation, repetitive construction traffic, or other factors. Where unstable conditions, if any, are encountered or develop during construction,

workability may be improved by scarifying and aeration during warmer periods. In some areas, removal and recompaction (or replacement with other on-site soils) may be suitable to build a stable base for placement of new fills.

In areas where subgrade soils are very soft/yielding (if any), gravel augmentation (mechanically compacting/kneading crushed rock into the subgrade soils) may be cost-effective. In our experience, crushed rock or recycled concrete materials on the order of 3 to 6 inches in size would be effective in most situations. As an alternative, chemical treatment by blending fly ash, lime or Portland cement into the subgrade could also be considered. Inert construction debris such as concrete and flatwork produced by demolition of the existing development may be crushed and re-used on-site for mitigation of soft conditions. *The actual mitigation methods used should be based on observation of exposed conditions by the geotechnical engineer.*

• Expansive Soil Mitigation: Variably expansive clay soils are present on the site and will require special attention in the design and construction of the project. The most common method of swell mitigation to allow for shallow foundations involves subexcavation of expansive soils to create a zone of low-expansive engineered fill beneath each building. This subexcavation process as performed in the Denver metro area, typically reduces the risk of foundation movements to tolerable levels.

The thickness of the near surface clay layer varies across the site; therefore, the depth of mitigation will vary according to earthen cut and fill depths required for development. Mitigation of the clay soils (lean clays and clayey sands) should include subexcavation of the clay soils down to the underlying silty sand soils. Additionally, subexcavation should be performed to a relatively uniform thickness below each building. In general, we estimate that the depth of excavation will vary from about 5 to 10 feet depending on site grading. Mitigation should also extend at least 5 feet beyond the footprint of each new building. Once grading plans are available, we are prepared to review these recommendations in light of planned earthen cut and fill depths.

We are not aware of a cost-effective method to eliminate damage to pavements and flatwork due to expansive soils or frost heave. For pavement and critical exterior flatwork areas, we recommend the owner consider subexcavation and recompaction to a minimum depth of 3 feet below subgrade elevation. We believe this process will help reduce differential movement. Mitigation to this depth can also be considered below site retaining walls, trash enclosure foundations, and other ancillary structures where more movement can typically be tolerated. New fill used to raise site grades can be considered part of this zone.

In our experience, it is common for developers to forego the costs associated with this type of mitigation below <u>privately owned/maintained</u> pavements (or reduce the depth of subexcavation), and instead use those funds to perform pavement maintenance in areas where excessive distress

occurs. However, we believe that at least moderate damage could occur where pavement subgrade becomes substantially wetted after construction is complete (where subexcavation is not completed). Additionally, even if these recommendations are followed, some pavement distress (such as longitudinal "edge" cracking, etc.) should be anticipated. Since pavements associated with the project are privately maintained, the owner may choose to only perform typical subgrade preparation.

The onsite soils are suitable for reuse as engineered fill. Earthwork will require special methods to confirm that clay soils are well processed and blended. The contractor should plan on using discs to break down these materials to get them moisture conditioned and processed to produce a uniform fill zone. In order to confirm that the process is properly completed, we recommend surveying of the base of the subexcavation to confirm both vertical and lateral extents prior to backfill. In addition, observation and testing should be performed by a representative of the geotechnical engineer on an essentially full-time basis.

Foundation movement will be directly related to the depth and extents of subsurface wetting beneath foundations. We have provided recommendations to help limit wetting due to storm runoff and irrigation and these measures should be maintained throughout the life of the project. Failure to maintain proper surface drainage surrounding the buildings may result in movement and distress in excess of our estimates.

- **Subgrade Preparation:** All subgrade soils at the base of new fill, slab-on-grade floors, exterior PCC flatwork, and pavements should be scarified to a minimum depth of 12 inches, moisture conditioned and compacted as discussed below just prior to construction of these elements.
- Excavation and Trench Construction: It is anticipated that excavations for the proposed construction can be accomplished with conventional heavy-duty earthmoving equipment. Excavations into the clays may stand on relatively steep temporary slopes; however, <u>caving sand</u> <u>soils</u> are also present at the site. If excavations approach property lines, public right-of-way, or adjacent facilities the contractor should assess the potential need to shore the sides of excavations.

All excavations must be sloped or shored in the interest of safety following local and federal regulations, including current OSHA excavation and trench safety standards. The individual contractor(s) is responsible for designing and constructing stable and dry, temporary excavations, as required, maintaining stability of both the excavation sides and bottom.

We expect that groundwater may affect earthwork activities below about 10 feet (or more below existing site grades) and, where encountered, will require temporary dewatering during excavation and backfilling operations. Pumping from low points or sumps may be utilized to

control water within the excavations. Discharge of this water may be subject to regulations of the City of Aurora and/or the State of Colorado.

The contractor should verify that similar conditions exist throughout the proposed area of excavation. If different subsurface conditions are encountered at the time of construction, the actual conditions should be evaluated to determine any excavation modifications necessary to maintain safe conditions.

As a safety measure, it is recommended that all vehicles and soil piles be kept to a minimum lateral distance from the crest of the slope equal to no less than the slope height. The exposed slope face should be protected against the elements.

• **Fill Materials:** Clean on-site soils or approved imported materials may be used as fill material. We should be contacted to evaluate samples of any proposed fill materials prior to importation. Imported soils (if required) should conform to the following:

| | Percent finer by weight |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Gradation | <u>(ASTM C136)</u> |
| | |
| 6" | |
| 3" | |
| No. 4 Sieve | |
| No. 200 Sieve | 70 maximum |
| Liquid Limit | 40 (max) |
| Plasticity Index | 20 (max) |
| Maximum expansive potential (%)* | 0.5 |

*Measured on a sample compacted to approximately 95 percent of the ASTM D698 maximum dry density near optimum water content. The sample is confined under a 500 psf surcharge and submerged.

• **Fill Placement and Compaction:** Engineered fill for site development and grading should be placed and compacted in horizontal lifts, using equipment and procedures that will produce recommended moisture contents and densities throughout the lift as recommended in the table below:

| ltem | Description | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Fill Materials | On-site soils (3 to 4 inch fragments max) | | |
| | Imported fill, if required, should meet the specifications above | | |
| Fill Lift Thickness 8 to 12 inches or less in loose thickness | | | |
| Compaction | Clayey soils: 95% of standard Proctor dry density (ASTM D698) | | |
| Requirements Imported granular soils: 95% of modified Proctor dry density (ASTM D15 | | | |
| | Clayey soils: +1% to +4% above optimum moisture content | | |
| Moisture Content | Imported granular soils: -2% below to +2% above of optimum | | |
| | Pavement Subgrade: Optimum to +2% above optimum in pavement areas | | |

Earthwork contractors should use equipment and methods that ensure relatively uniform distribution of added moisture and adequate compaction throughout each lift. *We recommend engineered fill be tested for moisture content and compaction during placement on a full-time basis during any mass grading and/or sub-excavation work to confirm that earthwork is being performed according to our recommendations and project specifications. Should the results of the in-place density tests indicate the specified moisture or compaction limits have not been met, the area represented by the test should be reworked and retested as required until the specified moisture and compaction requirements are achieved.* Fill should not be allowed to dry significantly prior to construction. Areas allowed to dry may require additional preparation prior to construction of roadways, flatwork, foundations, et cetera.

Foundation Design and Construction: We understand the client desires the use of post-tensioned slab foundations for the project. Based on the subsurface conditions encountered on the site, we believe that the use of shallow foundations (i.e. spread footings and/or post-tensioned slabs) can be utilized for support of the proposed structures. Provided that the expansive materials are removed, moisture conditioned, and recompacted as described above, we estimate that shallow foundations will provide acceptable support for the structure(s). *If movement must be further limited, we should be contacted to provide for deep foundation recommendations.*

We believe that post-tensioned slab-on-grade foundations are appropriate for support of residential buildings, in order to limit interior cosmetic distress in finished living spaces. The use of spread footing foundations, shallow drilled foundations, or mat foundations may also be considered for other structures such as trash enclosures, mail kiosks, monument signage, and other ancillary structures.

Additionally, the use of post-tensioned slabs is feasible for support of the residential buildings provided the buildings bear on the recommended zone of newly-placed engineered fill, the owner can tolerate typical movements, and:

- the post-tensioned slabs foundation are properly designed and constructed (with special consideration for the rigidity of the foundation at step-downs),
- approved materials supporting the foundation are properly placed and compacted,
- proper surface drainage is maintained throughout the life of the structures, and
- prudent landscaping measures are used.

Based on our experience with post-tensioned slab foundations in this geologic region, foundation movements could result in periodic, and possibly seasonal, cosmetic distress to drywall, window frames, door fames and other features. We would anticipate that the frequency of distress and amount of movement would generally diminish with time provided proper drainage is established and maintained. If the amount of movement and potential distress discussed cannot be tolerated, the use of deep foundations and structural floor systems should be considered.

Shallow foundations and post-tensioned slabs may be designed using criteria outlined below:

| Criteria | Design Values | |
|--|---|--|
| Popring Strata | Moisture-treated and recompacted on-site soils, | |
| Bearing Strata | as discussed above | |
| Maximum net allowable bearing pressure ¹ | 2,500 psf | |
| Minimum dead-load (for footings only) ² | 800 psf or as high as practical | |
| Void thickness (if needed to increase dead-load) | 4 inches | |
| Modulus of Subgrade Reaction, k | 50 pci | |
| Estimated Total Foundation Movement | 1 inch | |
| Estimated Differential Foundation Movement | ½ to ¾ of total | |
| Min. depth below grade, exterior edge beam ³ | 36 inches | |
| Min. depth below grade, interior grade beams ³ | 12 inches | |
| POST-TENSIONED SLAB-OF | N-GRADE FOUNDATIONS | |
| | 9.0 feet Center (shrink) | |
| Edge moisture variation distance ⁴ , e _m | • 4.7 feet Edge (swell) | |
| Differential Sail Mayoment ⁴ | • -0.70 inch Center (shrink) | |
| Differential Soil Movement ⁴ , y _m | • +0.40 inch Edge (swell) | |
| Slab subgrade friction coefficient | 2.00 for on-site soils | |

SHALLOW FOUNDATION DESIGN CRITERIA (MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT)

 The design bearing pressure above applies to dead loads plus one-half of design live load conditions. The design bearing pressure may be increased by 1/3 when considering total loads that include wind or seismic conditions.

2. In order to maintain the minimum dead load pressure, it may be necessary to design and construct a system of grade beams and isolated footing pads using void space beneath the grade beams between footing pads (if utilized).

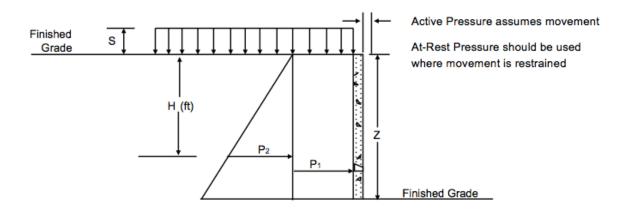
- 3. Finished grade is the lowest adjacent grade for perimeter footings and floor level for interior footings.
- 4. Post-Tensioning Institute, (2004, Third Edition), *Design of Post-Tensioned Slabs-on-Ground*. It should be noted that y_m is the estimated vertical movement at the edges of a uniformly loaded slab. These are theoretical values that are used in the design of post-tensioned slabs-on-grade and do not represent the movements that would be expected from the actual loading conditions. As previously discussed, the use of post-tensioned slabs assumes that some movement is considered acceptable.

The movement estimates above are contingent upon providing and maintaining good surface drainage away from structures for the life of the project. Excessive foundation movements could occur if water from any source infiltrates the foundation soils; therefore, proper drainage should be provided in the final design and during construction. Failure to maintain proper surface drainage could result in soil-related foundation movement exceeding the above estimation.

Foundation excavations and subexcavation operations should be observed by the geotechnical engineer during construction. If the soil conditions encountered differ significantly from those presented in this report, supplemental recommendations may be required.

Seismic Considerations: Based on the soil and bedrock conditions encountered in the test holes drilled on the site, we estimate that a Site Class D is appropriate for the site according to the 2018 International Building Code (Section 1613 referencing ASCE 7, Chapter 20). This parameter was estimated based on extrapolation of data beyond the deepest depth explored, using methods allowed by the code. Actual shear wave velocity testing/analysis and/or exploration to 100 feet was not performed.

Lateral Earth Pressures: Earth pressures will be influenced by structural design of the walls, conditions of wall restraint, methods of construction, wetting of backfill materials, and/or compaction and the strength of the materials being restrained. Loads that should be considered by the structural engineer on walls are shown below.



Active earth pressure is commonly used for design of freestanding cantilever retaining walls and assumes wall movement. The "at-rest" condition assumes no wall rotation. Walls with unbalanced backfill levels on opposite sides (i.e. basement, crawlspace, or site retaining walls) should be designed for earth pressures at

least equal to those indicated in the following table. The recommended design lateral earth pressures do not include a factor of safety and do not provide for possible hydrostatic pressure on the walls.

| Earth pressure conditions | Coefficient for backfill type | Equivalent Fluid Pressure, pcf | Surcharge Pressure P ₁ , psf | Earth Pressure P ₂ , psf |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Active (Ka) | On-site clay soils - 0.38 | 45 | (0.38)S | (45)H |
| At-Rest (Ko) | On-site clay soils - 0.54 | 65 | (0.54)S | (65)H |
| Passive (Kp) | On-site clay soils – 2.1 | 250 | | |

EARTH PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS

Conditions applicable to the above conditions include:

- for active earth pressure, wall must rotate about base, with top lateral movements 0.01 Z to 0.02 Z, where Z is wall height
- for passive earth pressure, wall must move horizontally to mobilize resistance
- uniform surcharge, where S is surcharge pressure
- in-situ soil backfill weight a maximum of 120 pcf
- horizontal backfill, compacted to at least 95 percent of standard Proctor maximum dry density
- loading from heavy compaction equipment not included
- no groundwater acting on wall
- no safety factor included
- ignore passive pressure in frost zone

Backfill placed against structures may consist of the on-site soils processed with maximum particle sizes on the order of 4 to 6 inches. To calculate the resistance to sliding, a value of 0.35 may be used as the coefficient of friction between the footing and the underlying soil.

If the project contains any walls that will retain unbalanced soil loads (i.e. basement, crawlspace, or site retaining walls), we recommend installation of a drainage system at the base of the retained soil mass to control the water level behind the wall. If this is not possible, then combined hydrostatic and lateral earth pressures should be calculated for lean clay backfill using an equivalent fluid weighing 90 and 100 pcf for active and at-rest conditions, respectively. These pressures do not include the influence of surcharge, equipment or floor loading, which should be added. Heavy equipment should not operate within a distance closer than the exposed height of retaining walls to prevent lateral pressures more than those provided.

Below-Grade Construction: We understand that the buildings will not include any interior, below-grade spaces. We should be contacted if basement or crawlspace construction (or other below-grade building feature) is planned, in order to provide additional recommendations regarding subsurface drainage systems.

Interior (Non-Structural) Floor Slab Recommendations: We understand that post-tensioned slab-ongrade foundations are desired for the project. Recommendations below apply only to non-reinforced or lightly-reinforced floor slabs, if any, that will be included in the development (not applicable to slab-ongrade foundations). Conventional, lightly-reinforced slab-on-grade construction is acceptable on the site, provided mitigation of the expansive soils is performed below the entire building footprint (as outlined above) and the owner can tolerate movement of these slabs. We estimate that floor slab movement will be limited to about 1 to 2 inches when bearing on the recommended zone of newlyplaced engineered fill.

The movement estimates outlined above assume that the other recommendations in this report are followed. *As discussed, additional movement could occur should the subsurface soils become wetted to significant depths, which could result in potential excessive movement causing uneven floor slabs and severe cracking.* We typically recommend minimal landscaping be installed and downspouts be hard-piped to storm sewer systems as described in subsequent sections of this report.

Slabs-on-grade constructed on expansive soils, whether in their natural state or moisture-conditioned and recompacted to a certain depth will move. The following additional recommendations are typically provided for conventional slab-on-grade floors:

- Moisture condition and recompact the upper 12 inches of the slab subgrade soils just prior to concrete placement
- Positive separations and/or isolation joints should be provided between slabs and all foundations, columns or utility lines to allow independent movement.
- Control joints should be provided in slabs to control the location and extent of cracking.
- A minimum 2-inch void space should be constructed below non-bearing partition walls placed on the floor slab. This typically involves suspending drywall 3 to 4 inches above the slab and utilizing a "bottom plate" in the framing to which baseboards can be connected (no connection from baseboards to drywall). Corner beads and other elements must also be isolated from the slab.
- Doorjambs and frames within partition walls should be trimmed to allow for floor slab movement and avoid potential distortion (we understand that about ½-inch is typical).
- The thickness of the partition void and gap at the base of door frames should be checked periodically and adjusted as needed to maintain a void space and avoid transferring slab movement to upper level framing.

- Interior trench backfill placed beneath slabs should be compacted in accordance with recommended specifications outlined below.
- The use of a vapor retarder/barrier should be considered beneath concrete slabs on grade that
 will be covered with wood, tile, carpet or other moisture sensitive or impervious coverings, or
 when the slab will support equipment sensitive to moisture. When conditions warrant the use
 of a vapor retarder/barrier, the slab designer and slab contractor should refer to ACI 302 for
 procedures and cautions regarding the use and placement of a vapor retarder/barrier.
- Floor slabs should not be constructed on frozen subgrade.
- Other design and construction considerations, as outlined in Section 302.1R of the ACI Design Manual, are recommended.

Site Retaining Walls: We assume that site retaining walls will be required for portions of the site. While structural concrete or CMU walls may be utilized, we assume site walls may also include modular block faced (or faux stone-faced) walls using a geogrid-reinforced backfill system (also known as mechanically-stabilized earth (MSE) retaining walls). Structural walls should be designed using the recommendations outlined in the "Lateral Earth Pressures" section of this report.

MSE walls are typically subcontracted as design-build structures using estimated soil strength parameters, since design details are often manufacturer specific. MSE walls, even shorter walls in a tiered configuration, typically require Geogrid reinforcement behind walls for internal and external stability. Often geogrid lengths need to extend 70 to 100 percent of the wall height. In a tiered configuration, the geogrid lengths may approach the overall slope height.

MSE walls are flexible and are commonly subject to both vertical and lateral movement that may cause visible cosmetic damage while not necessarily experiencing structural "failure". To limit the potential for excessive movement, the use of imported structural fill (CDOT Class 1) is recommended in the reinforced zone behind MSE walls. We understand that this can add substantial cost to the project, however, we believe it significantly reduces the risk of excessive wall movement.

For MSE walls, internal stability analyses should conform to the latest design methodology accepted for use by either the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), AASHTO or the National Concrete Masonry Association (NCMA). Since these analysis procedures are based on the use of drained strength parameters, the backfill used for the geogrid reinforced backfill section should be a drainable, granular material to conform with the assumptions of the analysis. *The on-site clays are not considered drainable and should not be allowed in the geogrid reinforced backfill zone unless provisions are made to provide backslope and surface drainage that would prevent water from entering the backfill.* The

designer should state in the construction specifications the backfill material description and design strength parameters so that unsuitable materials are not allowed in the backfill zone during construction.

Global stability of systems of retaining walls should be analyzed by the design engineer using the longterm drained strength parameters; this is particularly important for walls retaining sloped backfill, with slopes at the toe of the wall, or walls in tied configurations. We are available to provide guidance on subsurface profiles and conditions affecting the analyses upon request. Parameters used in the analysis should not exceed the values summarized in the following table for the native and fill materials encountered or placed on site for the project. These parameters are based on laboratory testing performed as part of this study and/or our past experience with similar materials. *These values should be confirmed by the Geotechnical Engineer based on site observations and/or additional design-level testing.* The wall contractor/designer should be required to provide the global stability analyses based on the planned final cross sections, including the building loads, and the topography above and below the wall, using the generalized subsurface stratigraphy discussed in this report. CGG should be provided the opportunity to review and comment on the wall system design and analysis prior to construction. Testing and monitoring during construction by qualified geotechnical personnel is recommended.

| Material Type | Total Unit weight, γ (pcf) | Cohesion, c' (psf) | Angle of internal friction, φ (degrees) |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Foundation and Retained Soils | 120 | 250 | 24 |
| Reinforced Backfill* CDOT Class 1 | 130 | 0 | 32 |

RECOMMENDED MSE WALL DESIGN and GLOBAL STABILITY PARAMETERS

* We recommend the use of CDOT Class 1 structural fill or crushed stone in the reinforced zone. Actual values should be determined for the materials used.

Retaining Wall Drainage Systems: To reduce hydrostatic loading on retaining walls, subsurface drain systems should be placed behind the base of each wall. Drain systems should consist of free-draining, granular soils containing less than 5 percent fines (by weight) passing a No. 200 sieve placed adjacent to the wall. The free-draining, granular material should be graded to prevent the intrusion of fines or encapsulated in a suitable filter fabric. Where used, drain lines should be embedded in a uniformly graded, filter material and provided with adequate clean-outs for periodic maintenance. An impervious soil should be used in the upper layer of backfill to reduce the potential for water infiltration. As an alternative, a prefabricated drainage structure such as geocomposite may be used as a substitute for the granular backfill adjacent to walls.

Pavement Thickness Design and Construction: The design of pavements for the project is based on the City of Aurora's "Roadway Design & Construction Specifications" (Standards) dated October 2016. These standards are based on methods outlined in the 1993 *Guideline for Design of Pavement Structures* by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), the Metropolitan

Government Pavement Engineers Council's (MGPEC) *Pavement Design Standards and Construction Specifications of Pavement Structures,* and the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) *Pavement Design Manual* (2014). The referenced design methods are based on the subgrade soil support properties and anticipated traffic values.

Expansive Soil Mitigation: As discussed, variably expansive materials were encountered in our borings. Without mitigation, expansive materials are capable of causing distress to pavements and associated flatwork. In order to help reduce the potential for movement and distress related to expansive soil conditions, CDOT design standards indicate that pavements should bear on 3 feet of moisture conditioned and recompacted fill soils. A combination of subexcavation and/or site grading fill will be needed in order to provide for this zone of fill. For most sites with expansive materials, this will generally provide adequate reduction in surface deflection for these low speed areas. However, even if these recommendations are followed, some pavement distress (such as longitudinal "edge" cracking, etc.) should be anticipated.

In our experience, it is common for project owners to forego the costs associated with this type of mitigation below privately owned/maintained pavements (or reduce the depth of subexcavation), and instead use those funds to perform pavement maintenance in areas where excessive distress occurs. We believe that at least moderate damage could occur where pavement subgrade becomes substantially wetted after construction is complete. Since pavements associated with the project are privately maintained, the owner may choose to only perform typical subgrade preparation.

- Subgrade Soil for Pavement Support: The near surface soils at the site predominantly consist of sandy lean clays and clayey to silty sands. The sandy lean clay soils at proposed pavement subgrade generally classify as AASHTO Type A-6 soils (City of Aurora Soil Group "D") and are considered to generally provide poor pavement support, while the silty sand soils classify as AASHTO Type A-1-b and A-2-4 (City of Aurora Soil Group "A" and "C") and are considered to generally provide good pavement support. Based on the properties of the lean clay soils, we estimated an R-value of 5 (CDOT correlated resilient modulus (M_r) of 3,025) for use in flexible pavement (asphalt) thickness design. For design of rigid concrete pavements, a modulus of subgrade reaction (K-value) of 100 pounds per cubic inch (pci) was utilized for the clayey soils.
- **Design Traffic:** Design traffic values, used to determine pavement thickness, are defined as 18-kip equivalent single axle loads (ESAL₂₀) based on a 20-year design, per the Standards. The following traffic designation criteria as outlined in the City of Aurora Standards were utilized for determining pavement thicknesses:

| City of Aurora Roadway Classification | Total ESAL's (ESAL ₂₀) | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Multifamily Residential | | | | |
| Private Parking Areas (All) | 40,000 | | | |
| Private Local Streets and Fire Lanes | 70,000 | | | |
| Commercial and Business | | | | |
| Private Parking Areas (Cars Only) | 40,000 | | | |
| Private Parking Areas (All Other) | 70,000 | | | |
| Private Local Streets & Fire Lanes | 200,000 | | | |

• **Pavement Section Alternatives:** Pavement sections for private improvements were determined based on the City of Aurora Standards. Utilizing Aurora design methods, the recommended alternatives for flexible and rigid pavements are summarized for each traffic area as follows:

| | | Minimum Pavement Thickness (Inches) | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| City of Aurora Traffic Area | Alternative | Asphalt Concrete Surface | Aggregate Base Course | Portland Cement Concrete |
| | | Multifamily Residen | tial | |
| | А | 4 | 7 | |
| Private Parking (All) | В | 6 | | |
| () | С | | | 6 |
| | А | 5 | 7 | |
| Private Local Street & Fire Lane | В | 7 | | |
| | С | | | 6 |
| | (| Commercial and Busi | ness | |
| | А | 4 | 7 | |
| Private Parking (Cars Only) | В | 6 | | |
| (0) | С | | | 6 |
| | А | 4-1/2 | 7 | |
| Private Parking (All Other) | В | 6-½ | | |
| (| С | | | 6 |
| | А | 6 | 7 | |
| Private Local Street & Fire Lane | В | 8 | | |
| | С | | | 7 |

Each alternative should be investigated with respect to current material availability and economic conditions. Pavement thicknesses recommended are based on approved subgrade materials being properly moisture conditioned and compacted prior to paving.

In our opinion, PCC pavements typically provide good performance under the heavy loads associated with trash trucks, etc. In our experience, HMA pavements can rut under heavy loads or "shove" beneath turning axles of these heavy vehicles. For areas subject to concentrated and repetitive loading conditions such as dumpster pads, and ingress/egress aprons, heavy truck parking, we recommend using the 6-inch Portland cement concrete pavement alternative. For dumpster pads, the concrete pavement area should be large enough to support the container and tipping axle of the refuse truck.

- Temporary Unpaved Access Drives: In our opinion, the use of aggregate base course or crushed stone may be considered for use in constructing temporary access roads for construction traffic and/or all-weather fire truck access. In order to provide an all-weather surface, we recommend that the section include a minimum of 12 inches of aggregate base course (CDOT Class 5 or 6) or a minimum of 8 inches of 3-inch minus crushed aggregate (or recycled concrete). In our opinion, these sections would be suitable for the support of delivery and concrete trucks and occasional fire truck access (85,000 pounds maximum) for the anticipated duration of a typical project of this magnitude. The contractor should be responsible for monitoring the condition of unpaved drive lanes, including the repair and maintenance of the drive lanes throughout its use in order to provide the required access. We believe it is likely that these aggregate materials will be "contaminated" with soil and other constituents over the course of construction; therefore, the aggregate materials should not be considered part of the final pavement section unless otherwise evaluated and approved by the Geotechnical Engineer.
- Subgrade Preparation: We recommend the pavement areas be rough graded and then thoroughly proof rolled with a loaded tandem axle dump truck, water truck, or other heavy equipment approved by the observing engineer prior to final grading and paving. Particular attention should be paid to high traffic areas that were rutted and disturbed earlier and to areas where backfilled trenches are located. Areas where unsuitable conditions are located should be repaired by removing and replacing the materials with properly compacted engineered fills.

At a minimum, in order to provide a more uniform subgrade for site pavements, we recommend that all pavements be constructed on a minimum of 12 inches of properly moisture conditioned and recompacted on-site soils. Confirmation of the moisture content and compaction level of the subgrade soils should be confirmed within 24 hours prior to paving.

• **Pavement Materials:** Pavement materials and construction methods used for the project should be in general accordance with the requirements and specifications of the City of Aurora and the Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT). In addition, mix designs should be submitted prior to construction to verify their adequacy.

Aggregate base course (if used on the site) should consist of a blend of sand and gravel meeting strict specifications for quality and gradation and have a minimum R-value of 77. Use of materials meeting City of Aurora Class 2 specifications is recommended for base course. Aggregate base course should be placed in lifts not exceeding 6 inches and compacted to a minimum of 95 percent of the modified Proctor density (AASHTO T180/ASTM D1557), within a moisture content range of 2 percent below to 2 percent above optimum. Where base course thickness exceeds 6 inches, the material should be placed and compacted in 2 or more lifts of equal thickness.

Hot-mix asphalt should be composed of a mixture of aggregate, filler and additives (if required) and approved bituminous material. Hot-mix asphalt should be obtained from City of Aurora approved mix designs stating the Hveem properties, optimum asphalt content, job mix formula (JMF), and recommended mixing and placing temperatures.

Aggregate used in hot-mix asphalt should meet particular gradations. Material meeting Aurora Grading G (lower lifts), S (top lift only) or SX (top lift only) specifications or equivalent is recommended for asphalt concrete. Grading S (top lift only) should be utilized for Collector and Arterial roadways. Asphalt binder PG 76-28 or 58-28 is recommended. Mix designs should be submitted prior to construction to verify their adequacy. Asphalt material should be placed in appropriate lifts (CDOT specs per table below) and compacted within a range of 92 to 96 percent of the theoretical maximum (Rice) density (ASTM D2041).

| | Nominal Maximum | Structural Layer Lift Thickness (Inches) | | |
|----------------|-----------------|--|---------|--|
| CDOT HMA Grade | Aggregate Size | Minimum | Maximum | |
| SX | 1/2" | 2.00 | 3.00 | |
| S | 3/4" | 2.25 | 3.50 | |
| SG (G) | 1" | 3.00 | 4.00 | |

CDOT specifications for asphalt pavement lift thickness per grading size:

* Alternative lift thicknesses can be considered provided the contractor uses equipment and procedures to obtain the required compaction.

Concrete utilized for rigid pavements should meet CDOT Class P requirements and be obtained from an approved mix design with the following minimum properties:

| ٠ | Modulus of Rupture @ 28 days | 650 psi minimum |
|---|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| • | Strength Requirements | ASTM C94 |
| • | Cement Type | Type II Portland |
| • | Entrained Air Content | 5 to 7% |
| • | Concrete Aggregate | . ASTM C33 and CDOT Section 703 |

Concrete should be deposited by truck mixers or agitators and placed a maximum of 90 minutes from the time the water is added to the mix. Other specifications outlined by CDOT should be followed.

Longitudinal and transverse joints should be provided as needed in concrete pavements for expansion/contraction and isolation. The location and extent of joints should be based upon the final pavement geometry. Sawed joints should be cut within 24 hours of concrete placement and should be a minimum of 25 percent of slab thickness plus 1/4 inch. All joints should be sealed to prevent entry of foreign material and doweled where necessary for load transfer.

- **Compliance:** Recommendations for pavement design and construction presented depend upon compliance with recommended material specifications. To assess compliance, observation and testing should be performed under the observation of the geotechnical engineer.
- **Pavement Performance and Maintenance:** Future performance of pavements constructed on the subgrade at this site will be dependent upon several factors, including:
 - Maintaining stable moisture content of the subgrade soils.
 - Providing for a planned program of preventative maintenance.

The performance of all pavements can be enhanced by minimizing excess moisture, which can reach the subgrade soils. The following recommendations should be considered at minimum:

- Site grading at a minimum 2 percent grade onto or away from pavements.
- Water should not be allowed to pond behind curbs.
- Compaction of any utility trenches for landscaped areas to the same criteria as the pavement subgrade.
- Sealing all landscaped areas in or adjacent to pavements to minimize or prevent moisture migration to subgrade soils.
- Placing compacted backfill against the exterior side of curb and gutter.

• Placing curb, gutter and/or sidewalk directly on subgrade soils without the use of base course materials.

Preventative maintenance should be planned and provided for an ongoing pavement management program in order to enhance future pavement performance. Preventative maintenance activities are intended to slow the rate of pavement deterioration and to preserve the pavement investment.

Preventative maintenance consists of both localized maintenance (e.g. crack sealing and patching) and global maintenance (e.g. surface sealing). Preventative maintenance is usually the first priority when implementing a planned pavement maintenance program and provides the highest return on investment for pavements.

Swimming Pool Design and Construction: We understand that an outdoor pool is planned for the project; however, the final location had yet to be determined at the time of our report. We should be provided with this information, once available, in order to confirm or modify our recommendations. Due to the presence of variably expansive clays across the site, we recommend these soils be removed below the proposed pool, moisture-conditioned and recompacted as outlined above for the buildings. We recommend the subexcavation also extend below the proposed pool deck and other critical flatwork areas. We estimate that the pool itself would be subject to an inch or less of movement when bearing on a zone of newly-placed engineered fill soils.

We recommend that a drainage system be installed beneath the pool. The drain should consist of a minimum 6-inch layer of clean gravel (minimum 3/4-inch size) beneath the pool, sloped so that it will drain into tiles or perforated drainpipe. The layout of the perforated pipe should include at least one pipe running down the center of the pool lengthwise. Cross-connecting pipes, spanning with the pool, should be placed at regular intervals (i.e. 20-foot centers). The cross-connecting pipes should be joined to the center pipe with solid "tees" or "cross" connections. The center pipes should be sloped to a positive gravity outlet or sloped to a sump located in the equipment room, permitting pump discharge.

The bottom of the excavation beneath the gravel layer and the pipe should be lined with an impervious membrane (polyethylene film or equal) to reduce potential moisture fluctuations in the subgrade soils. Pressure relief valves should be provided in the base of the pool to prevent excessive uplift pressures from developing in the event of drain system failure.

The soils that will support deck slabs around the pool will be subject to movement due to shrink and swell of the supporting clayey soils as well as freeze-thaw cycles. To reduce possible damage that could be caused by soil movements, we recommend:

- deck slabs be supported on fill with no, or very low, expansion potential.
- strict moisture-density control during placement of subgrade fill.

- placement of effective control joints on relatively close centers and isolation joints between slabs and other structural elements.
- provision for adequate drainage in areas adjoining the slabs.
- use of designs which allow vertical movement between the deck slabs and adjoining structural elements.

Fill, backfill, and surface drainage in the pool area should be placed in accordance with the recommendations presented in the "Earthwork" section of this report. Grading should be provided for diversion of deck surface runoff away from the pool area. In no case should water be allowed to pond around the slab perimeter.

Final Grading, Surface Drainage and Landscaping: All grades must be constructed to provide positive drainage away from structures during construction, and it is imperative that grades be maintained throughout the life of the proposed project. Infiltration of water into utility or foundation excavations must be prevented during construction. Landscaped irrigation adjacent to the foundation system should be minimized or eliminated.

Water permitted to pond near or adjacent to the perimeter of structures (either during or postconstruction) can result in significantly higher soil movements than those discussed in this report. As a result, any estimations of potential movement described in this report cannot be relied upon if positive drainage is not constructed and maintained, and water is allowed to infiltrate the supporting subgrade.

In our experience, movement of foundations, floor slabs, and other elements is most often due to poor drainage. Therefore, we typically recommend that exposed ground around structures (unpaved, landscaped areas) be sloped at a minimum of 10 percent grade for at least 10 feet beyond the perimeter of the building/structure, where possible. We understand that this may not be feasible in all unpaved areas due to ADA access requirements and existing site constraints. In all cases, the grade should slope a minimum of 5 percent away from structures in accordance with the applicable building code. Swales, sidewalk chases, area drains may be required to facilitate drainage in some areas. Areas drains should also be considered for the collection of downspout flows.

Backfill against footings, exterior walls and in utility and sprinkler line trenches should be well compacted and free of construction debris to reduce the possibility of moisture infiltration. *After building construction and prior to project completion, we recommend that verification of final grading be performed to document that positive drainage, as described above, has been achieved.*

Roof drains should discharge via solid pipe into area drain or storm sewer systems, if possible. Where this is not possible, roof drain flows should be directed onto pavements or discharge away from structures a minimum of 5 feet through the use of splash blocks or downspout extensions.

Flatwork will be subject to post construction movement due to soil heave/settlement and frost action. Maximum grades practical should be used for paving and flatwork to prevent areas where water can pond. In addition, allowances in final grades should take into consideration post-construction movement of flatwork, particularly if such movement would be critical. Where paving or flatwork abuts the structure, care should be taken that joints are properly sealed and maintained to prevent the infiltration of surface water.

Planters located adjacent to the structure should preferably be self-contained. Landscaping in close proximity to the foundation should be limited to well-maintained and timed drip irrigation only. Sprinkler mains and spray heads should be located a minimum of 5 feet away from the building line.

Stormwater Management Improvements: Field infiltration testing (cased borehole) was performed in Boring No. M10 at an approximate depth of 10 feet below existing site grades; these tests were performed within the silty sand soil layer. Results of testing indicated an average infiltration rate of the silty sand soils of 45 inches per hour (a factor of safety has not been applied to this value). Results of infiltration testing are presented in Appendix B. Infiltration testing was performed in general accordance with local Standards. *Additional testing will likely be required once site development plans are finalized that show the extent of the stormwater basin area.*

Design of stormwater related improvements should follow applicable City of Aurora standards and the Mile High Flood District (MHFD) *Drainage Criteria Manual*. The data presented herein is provided for use by the project Civil Engineer for design of these features. We are available to discuss our results, upon request.

We recommend the Civil Engineer design storm water facilities to discharge into areas at least 8 feet away from foundations, including the new buildings and any existing foundations (if present) on adjacent properties.

Additional Design and Construction Considerations:

• Exterior Slab Design and Construction: Compacted subgrade or existing clayey soils/bedrock will be subject to volume change with varying moisture and freeze/thaw conditions; therefore, exterior concrete grade slabs may heave resulting in cracking or vertical offsets. In addition, exterior flatwork adjacent to buildings may be supported on foundation or trench backfill soils that may be prone to settlement. The amount of heave and/or settlement movement will be related to the amount of wetting of the subgrade soils and seasonal conditions. The potential for damage would be greatest where exterior slabs are constructed adjacent to the building or other structural elements.

To reduce the potential for damage, the following could be considered:

- exterior slabs could be supported on a zone of fill with no, or very low, expansion potential as discussed above.
- strict moisture-density control should be used during placement of subgrade fills.
- placement of effective control joints on relatively close centers and isolation joints between slabs and other structural elements.
- provision for adequate drainage in areas adjoining the slabs.
- use of designs that allow vertical movement between the exterior slabs and adjoining structural elements.
- support of critical flatwork on haunches attached to the foundation
- Underground Utility Systems: All underground utility lines penetrating below foundations should be installed deep enough to avoid direct contact with foundations or be designed with flexible couplings (if available), so minor deviations in alignment do not result in breakage or distress. Utility knockouts in foundation walls should be oversized to accommodate differential movements.

It is strongly recommended that a representative of the geotechnical engineer provide full-time observation and compaction testing of trench backfill within building and pavement areas.

• **Corrosion Protection:** Select samples were tested for the soil corrosion properties outlined in the table below. These values should be used to determine potential corrosive characteristics of the on-site soils with respect to contact with the various underground materials that will be used for project construction.

| Boring | Depth (ft) | Material | Water- Soluble Sulfates (ppm) | ACI Sulfate Exposure Class | Laboratory Minimum Resistivity (ohm-cm) | рН |
|--------|---------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|--|------|
| M4 | 4 | Sandy Lean Clay | 400 | S1 | | |
| M8 | 4 | Sandy Lean Clay | 600 | S1 | | |
| C1 | 2 | Sandy Lean Clay | 2,100 | S2 | 1,000 | 7.89 |
| C2 | 2 | Clayey Sand | 900 | SO | 1,000 | 7.72 |
| C3 | 4 | Clayey to Silty Sand | 0 | SO | | |
| C4 | 0 to 5 | Silty Sand | | | 5,500 | 7.18 |
| C5 | 0 to 5 | Clayey to Silty Sand | | | 2,300 | 7.51 |
| C6 | 0 to 5 | Clayey to Silty Sand | | | 4,600 | 7.43 |
| C7 | 4 | Silty Sand | 100 | SO | 3,200 | 7.44 |
| C8 | 0 to 5 | Sandy Lean Clay to Clayey Sand | | | 4,500 | 7.03 |

Summary of Corrosion Test Results

As noted in the table above, select soil samples likely to be in contact with project concrete were tested for the presence of water-soluble sulfates in order to determine corrosion characteristics and the appropriate concrete mixtures. Results of testing indicate these soils are categorized as American Concrete Institute (ACI) Sulfate Exposure Class S0, S1, and S2. Therefore, project concrete should be designed for <u>ACI Sulfate Exposure Class S2</u> in accordance with Chapter 19 of the ACI design manual, *Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete (ACI 318-14)*. Requirements for project concrete (placed on or below grade) are also summarized in the table below.

| ACI Sulfate Exposure Class | Portland Cement Type (ASTM C150) | Maximum Water/Cement Ratio | Minimum Concrete Compressive Strength (psi) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| S2 | V (or equivalent) | 0.45 | 4,500 |

GENERAL COMMENTS

Supplemental exploration and analyses should be performed for each of the commercial lots in order to develop final design parameters and to confirm and/or modify the preliminary recommendations and conclusions contained in this report.

CGG should be retained to review the final design plans and specifications so comments can be made regarding interpretation and implementation of our geotechnical recommendations in the design and specifications. CGG should also be retained to provide testing and observation during the excavation, grading, foundation and construction phases of the project.

The analysis and recommendations presented in this report are based upon the data obtained from the borings performed at the indicated locations and from other information discussed in this report. This report does not reflect variations that may occur between borings, across the site, or due to the modifying effects of weather. The nature and extent of such variations may not become evident until during or after construction. If variations appear, we should be immediately notified so that further evaluation and supplemental recommendations can be provided.

The scope of services for this project does not include, either specifically or by implication, any environmental or biological (e.g., mold, fungi, bacteria) assessment of the site or identification or prevention of pollutants, hazardous materials or conditions. If the owner is concerned about the potential for such contamination or pollution, other studies should be undertaken.

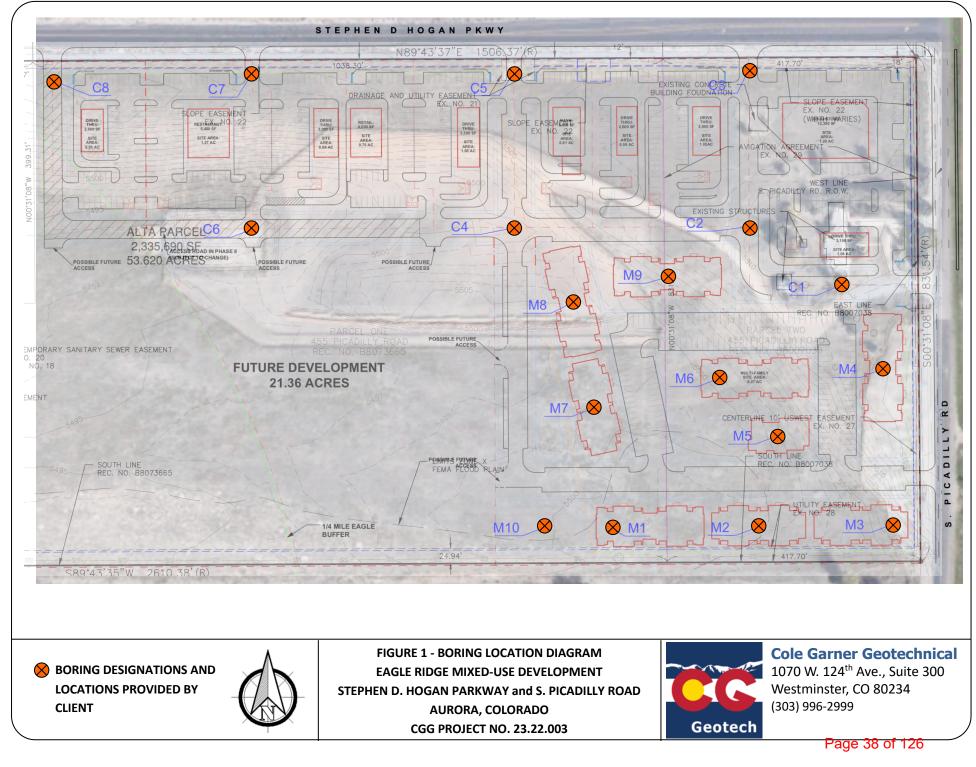
This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of our client for specific application to the project discussed and has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No warranties, either express or implied, are intended or made. Site safety, excavation support, and dewatering requirements are the responsibility of others. In the event that changes are

planned in the nature, design, or location of the project as outlined in this report, the conclusions and recommendations contained in this report shall not be considered valid unless CGG reviews the changes, and either verifies or modifies the conclusions of this report in writing.

APPENDIX A

BORING LOCATION DIAGRAM BORING LOGS





BORING NUMBER M1 Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 PAGE 1 OF 1 Westminster, CO 80234 Geotech CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003 PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO _____ COMPLETED _2/1/23 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 5501 ft PROPOSED ELEV. Not Provided DATE STARTED 2/1/23 DRILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories **SURFACE CONDITIONS** Low growth of grass and weeds DRILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** ☐ DURING DRILLING <u>12.00 ft / Elev 5489.00 ft</u> HAMMER TYPE Automatic ▼ AFTER DRILLING 11.00 ft / Elev 5490.00 ft WCI - 3/9/23 LOGGED BY _JL CHECKED BY AG SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf PENETRATION blows/in DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) SAMPLE TYPE % MOISTURE CONTENT (%) **JSCS SYMBOL** GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0 SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND, light brown to brown, dry, very stiff BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ CL/SC СВ 100 27 / 12 4.2 108 -0.7/500 5 5494.0 SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, calcareous, tan, light brown, dry to wet, loose to medium dense SM СВ 100 13/12 2.4 102 10 Ā ∇ 15 SM СВ 100 16 / 12 10.4 115 SM СВ 100 39 / 12 11.3 121 20 5478.0 23 CLAYSTONE BEDROCK, grey, olive-brown, iron-stained, Y:\GINT moist, medium hard to very hard СВ 100 14.7 36 / 12 114 25 _ 14:07 /23 3/31 GDT 30 LAB. SU STD GINT (СВ 100 50/6 19.7 -GEOTECH BH COLUMNS 5466.0 35 Approximate bottom of borehole at 35.0 feet.

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BORING NUMBER M2

| Ĩ | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | D | JRING | NUN | | 1 OF 1 |
|----------------|--|---------|-----------------|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | NT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT | NAME | Eagle | Ridge N | /lixed-U | se Developi | ment | | |
| PRO. | JECT NUMBER 23.22.003 | PROJECT | LOCAT | | urora, C | 0 | | | | |
| DATE | E STARTED <u>2/1/23</u> COMPLETED <u>2/1/23</u> | GROUND | SURFAC | E ELE | /. <u>5502 f</u> | ť | PROPOSE | D ELE | /. <u>Not Pr</u> | ovided |
| DRIL | LING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | SURFACE | | TIONS | Low gr | owth of | grass and | weeds | | |
| DRIL | LING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | GROUND | WATER | LEVEL | S: | | | | | |
| НАМ | MER TYPE Automatic | | RING DR | ILLING | 12.00 | ft / Ele | v 5490.00 ft | | | |
| LOG | GED BY JL CHECKED BY AG | | ER DRII | | 13.00 f | t / Elev | 5489.00 ft V | VCI - 3/ | 9/23 | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
| | <u>SILTY SAND</u> , fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, dry to wet, loose to medium dense | Ų Į | | SM SM SM SM | CB CB CB CB | 100 100 0 100 | 16 / 12 32 / 12 13 / 12 26 / 12 | 2.0 | 103 119 122 | |
| | 23 <u>CLAYSTONE BEDROCK</u> , grey, olive-brown, iron-stained, | 5479.0 | | | | | | | | |
| | moist, very hard 25 | 5477.0 | 25 | - | СВ | 100 | 50 / 6 | 19.6 | 107 | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 25.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | |

| | 3-2396754-CM |
|--|--|
| RSN 1 | 762340 BORING NUMBER M3 |
| Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | PAGE 1 OF 1 |
| CLIENT _ EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development |
| PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003 | PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO |
| | |

DATE STARTED 2/1/23 COMPLETED 2/1/23 GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 5507 ft PROPOSED ELEV. Not Provided

SURFACE CONDITIONS Low growth of grass and weeds

DRILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger GROUND WATER LEVELS:

□ **DURING DRILLING** 15.00 ft / Elev 5492.00 ft

| | ER TYPE Automatic | URING DRILLING <u>15.00 ft / Elev 5492.00 ft</u> | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|---|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| LOGGE | ED BY JL CHECKED BY AG | | ER DRI | LLING _ | 19.00 f | t / Elev | 5488.00 ft V | VCI - 3/ | 9/23 | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD: %psf |
| | <u>CLAYEY to SILTY SAND</u> , light to dark brown, dry, medium dense to very dense | | | _ | | | | | | |
| | | | | SC | СВ | 100 | 50 / 7 | 3.8 | | |
| | | | E I | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5 | SC/SM | СВ | 100 | 31 / 12 | 1.6 | 108 | - |
| | | 5500.0 | | - | | | | | | |
| | SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, dry to wet, medium dense | 5500.0 | | - | | | | | | |
| | | | 10 | SM | СВ | 100 | 22 / 12 | 1.6 | 107 | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | |
| | | Ā | 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 30 / 12 | 3.6 | 118 | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | |
| | | Ā | 20 | SM | СВ | 100 | 15 / 12 | 20.7 | 106 | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | |
| 25 | 5 | 5482.0 | 25 | SM | СВ | 100 | 18 / 12 | 13.7 | 117 | |

| Geo | G tech | Col 107 We |
|--------|------------------|------------------|
| CLIENT | EVC | -WDG / |

DRILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories

BORING NUMBER M4

| | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | D | JRING | NUN | | r 1914 1 of 1 | | |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| | IENT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | | | | | | se Developr | ment | | | | |
| | COJECT NUMBER 23.22.003 ITE STARTED 2/1/23 COMPLETED 2/1/23 | _ PROJEC [*] _ GROUND | | | | | PROPOSE | | Not P | rovided | | |
| | RILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | | | | | | f grass and v | | | | | |
| | RILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | | | | | | | | | | | |
| НА | MMER TYPE Automatic | | RING DR | ILLING | 27.00 | ft / Ele | v 5488.00 ft | | | | | |
| LO | GGED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG | ¥ AF | FER DRI | LLING _ | 15.00 ft | t / Elev | 5500.00 ft V | VCI - 3/ | 9/23 | | | |
| GRAPHIC | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf | | |
| | SANDY LEAN CLAY, brown to dark brown, calcareous, dry to moist, very stiff | | 5 | CL | СВ | 100 | 34 / 12 | 13.8 | 105 | +3.0/500 | | |
| ц (\^\\ | 8 SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, | 5507.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 0.22.0 | iron-stained, dry to wet, medium dense | | | SM | СВ | 100 | 42 / 12 | 2.2 | 111 | | | |
| GEOTECH BH COLUMNS - GINT STD US LAB. GDT - 3/37/23 14/07 - Y/GINT BACKUPSMANN FRANSFEK 10.28/PKOJECT S GEO 2022/23.22/003 EAGL | | Ţ | - 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 33 / 12 | 2.4 | 122 | | | |
| KAN N | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | SM | СВ | 100 | 42 / 12 | 2.4 | 124 | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 25 | SM | СВ | 100 | 33 / 12 | 4.1 | 120 | | | |
| - 3/31/2314 | | Ā | | | | | | | | | | |
| AB.GUI | | | 30 | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | • | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | [2] [35] | 5480.0 | 35 | SM | СВ | 100 | 15 / 12 | 13.8 | 111 | | | |
| GEOTECH BH COLUN | Approximate bottom of borehole at 35.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | | | |

| BORING | NUMBER | M5 |
|--------|--------|----|
|--------|--------|----|

| | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 | | | | | BC | DRING | | | R M5 1 OF 1 |
|--|---|------------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Geotech Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | | | | | |
| | LIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | | | | | | se Developr | ment | | |
| | ROJECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | _ PROJECT | | | | | | | | |
| | ATE STARTED 2/1/23 COMPLETED 2/1/23 | | | | | | | | . <u>Not Pi</u> | rovided |
| | RILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | | | - | | owin of | f grass and v | Neeas | | |
| | RILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | | | | | ff / []o | v 5489.00 ft | | | |
| | AMMER TYPE _Automatic OGGED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG | | | | | | <u>5488.00 ft V</u> | | 0/22 | |
| Ľ | | AFI | | | 14.00 1 | | | voi - 3/ | 9/23 | |
| | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
| | CLAYEY SAND, brown to dark brown, dry, medium dense | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| GE.GP | | | 5 | SC | СВ | 100 | 24 / 12 | 3.6 | 98 | |
| RIDO | 7 | 5495.0 | | - | | | | | | |
| GEOTECH BH COLUMNS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 4/4/23 17:25 - YAGINT BACKUPSIMAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ | SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, iron-stained, dry to wet, loose to medium dense | 0100.0 | | | | | | | | |
| 2.003 | | | | SM | СВ | 100 | 17 / 12 | 1.6 | 108 | |
| 2\23.2: | | | 10 | 3111 | СВ | 100 | 17712 | 1.0 | 100 | |
| 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
| S GEO | | $\overline{\Delta}$ | | - | | | | | | |
| JECT | | $ar{\mathbf{\Lambda}}$ | | SM | СВ | 100 | 24 / 12 | 10.4 | 96 | |
| PRO | | | 15 | | | 100 | 24712 | 10.4 | 90 | |
| 10.28 | | | | | | | | | | |
| SFER | | | | - | | | | | | |
| IRAN | 에서 성수 | | | SM | CP | 100 | 22 / 12 | 10.5 | 102 | |
| | | | 20 | SM | CB | 100 | 22712 | 10.5 | 123 | |
| N/Sdr | | | | - | | | | | | |
| ACKI | | | | | | | | | | |
| SINT B | | | | | | 100 | | | | |
| ÷- | Approximate bottom of borehole at 25.0 feet. | 5477.0 | 25 | SM | СВ | 100 | 14 / 12 | 14.3 | 114 | |
| 17:25 | | | | | | | | | | |
| /4/23 | | | | | | | | | | |
| DT - 4 | | | | | | | | | | |
| AB.G | | | | | | | | | | |
| I SU (| | | | | | | | | | |
| T STD | | | | | | | | | | |
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| CH BH | | | | | | | | | | |
| OTEC | | | | | | | | | | |
| 빙 | | | | | | | | | | |

RSN 1762340 **BORING NUMBER M6** Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 PAGE 1 OF 1 Westminster, CO 80234 Geotech CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003 PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 5501 ft PROPOSED ELEV. Not Provided DATE STARTED 2/1/23 _____ COMPLETED _2/1/23 DRILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories **SURFACE CONDITIONS** Low growth of grass and weeds DRILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger **GROUND WATER LEVELS:** ☐ DURING DRILLING <u>12.00 ft / Elev 5489.00 ft</u> HAMMER TYPE Automatic **TAFTER DRILLING** <u>15.00 ft / Elev 5486.00 ft WCI - 3/9/23</u> LOGGED BY _JL CHECKED BY AG SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf PENETRATION blows/in % MOISTURE CONTENT (%) DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) **USCS SYMBOL** SAMPLE TYPE GRAPHIC LOG RECOVERY DEPTH (ft) MATERIAL DESCRIPTION 0 SANDY LEAN CLAY, brown to dark brown, dry, very stiff CL СВ 100 26/12 8.7 115 +3.3/500 5497.0 GEOTECH BH COLUMNS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 3/31/23 14:07 - Y:/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, light brown to brown, dry SM СВ 100 12/12 4.3 102 5 to wet, loose to medium dense SM СВ 100 12/12 2.0 104 10 ∇ 15 SM СВ 100 11/12 12.4 110 V SM 100 7/12 22.7 СВ 103 20 100 12.9 SM СВ 24 / 12 118 25 5476.0 25 Approximate bottom of borehole at 25.0 feet.

| | Westminster, CO 80234 eotech IT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PRO.IFC1 | | Fagle F | Ridae N | /lixed-Ll | se Develop | ment | | |
|-----|--|----------|---------------------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| | ECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | PROJECT | | | - | | | mont | | |
| | STARTED 2/1/23 COMPLETED | | | | | | PROPOSE | D ELE | I.Not P | rovided |
| | | SURFACE | | | - | | | | | |
| | ING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | | | | | | • | | | |
| | | | RING DF | RILLING | 13.00 | ft / Elev | / 5486.00 ft | | | |
| OGC | ED BY _JL CHECKED BY | | ER DRI | LLING _ | 13.00 f | t / Elev | 5486.00 ft \ | NCI - 3/ | 9/23 | |
| FOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTIO | Ν | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE |
| | loose to medium dense | | | SW-SM | СВ | 100 | 14 / 12 | 1.9 | 107 | |
| | | Ţ | <u>15</u> | SM | CB | 100 | 15/12 | 14.2 | | |
| | 25 | 5474.0 | 25 | SM | СВ | 100 | 14 / 12 | 10.5 | 112 | |

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BORING NUMBER M8

| | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | D | JRING | NUN | | 1 OF 1 |
|---|---|---------|-----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| c | Geotech LIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT | NAME | Eagle F | Ridge N | lixed-U | se Developr | nent | | |
| Р | ROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003 | PROJECT | | ΓΙΟΝ <u>Αι</u> | irora, C | :0 | | | | |
| D | ATE STARTED _2/1/23 COMPLETED _2/1/23 | GROUND | SURFAC | | . <u>5504 f</u> | t | PROPOSE | D ELEV | . <u>Not P</u> | rovided |
| | RILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | - | | _ | | owth of | grass and v | weeds | | |
| D | RILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | _ | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | v 5487.00 ft | | | |
| | OGGED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG | | | | | | | | | |
| GRAPHIC | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
| IDGE.GPJ | SANDY LEAN CLAY, tan, light brown to brown, calcareous, dry, hard | | | CL | СВ | 100 | 47 / 12 | 7.6 | | |
| GLER | 7 | 5497.0 | | | | | | | | |
| 03 EA | SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, varies to Clayey Sand, tan, light brown, dry to wet, medium dense to dense | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.22.0 | | | 10 | SC/SM | СВ | 100 | 50 / 11 | 3.3 | 127 | |
| GEOTECH BH COLUMNS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 3/31/23 14:07 - Y'GINT BACKUPSIMAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE GPU | | Ţ | - 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 23 / 12 | 4.8 | 124 | |
| FER 10 | | Ā | | - | | | | | | |
| N TRANS | | | 20 | SC/SM | СВ | 100 | 39 / 12 | 3.8 | 124 | |
| NT BACKUPS\MAI | | | | - | | | | | | |
| 3 14:07 - Y:\GI | | | 25 | SM | СВ | 100 | 16 / 12 | 15.2 | 107 | |
| АВ. GDT - 3/31/23 | | | _ 30 | | | | | | | |
| T STD US L/ | | | | | | | | | | |
| S-GIN | 35 | 5469.0 | 35 | SM | СВ | 100 | 24 / 12 | 15.4 | 113 | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 35.0 feet. | 0403.0 | | | | | | | | |
| SEOTECH BH CO | | | | | | | | | | |

| RILLING CONTR RILLING METHO AMMER TYPE _/ OGGED BY _JL 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | 2/1/23 COMPLETED ACTOR Vine Laboratories D Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | GROUND SURFACI GROUND | SURFACE E COND WATEF RING DF | CE ELEV ITIONS _ R LEVELS RILLING | . <u>5505 f</u> Low gr 5: | t <u>owth of</u> <u>ft / Elev</u> | | weeds | | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
|---|--|-----------------------------|---|--|---|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| RILLING CONTR RILLING METHO AMMER TYPE _/ OGGED BY _JL 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 | ACTOR Vine Laboratories D Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger utomatic CHECKED BY AG MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | SURFACI | E COND WATEF RING DF FER DRI HLdag 0 | ITIONS _ R LEVELS RILLING _ LLING _ NOBWAS | <u>Low gr</u> 5: 18.00 22.00 fi | owth of ft / Elev | grass and v / 5487.00 ft 5483.00 ft V | weeds VCI - 3/ | 9/23 | |
| RILLING METHO AMMER TYPE _/ OGGED BY _JL 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | D Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger utomatic CHECKED BY AG MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | GROUND | WATEF RING DF FER DRI HLd3D 0 | R LEVELS | 3: | ft / Elev | <u>/ 5487.00 ft</u> 5483.00 ft V | <u>VCI - 3/</u> | | VELL-CONSOL SURCHARGE |
| AMMER TYPE _/ OGGED BY _JL 00 00 01 dry, stiff dry, stiff | CHECKED BY _AG | | HLdago | RILLING | <u>18.00</u> 22.00 fi | / Elev | 5483.00 ft V | VCI - 3/ | | VELL-CONSOL SURCHARGE |
| 0 SANDY I dry, stiff | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | <u></u> | O DEPTH (ft) | SYMBOL | | % | | | | VELL-CONSOL SURCHARGE |
| SANDY I dry, stiff | | | 0 | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | VELL-CONSOL SURCHARGE |
| dry, stiff | <u>EAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND</u> , brown to dark brown, | | | - | | | | | | N N |
| SILTY S | | | | | | | | | | |
| SILTY S | | | | CL/SC | СВ | 100 | 13 / 12 | 10.7 | 115 | +0.4/50 |
| SILTY SA wet, loos | | 5495.0 | | CL/SC | СВ | 100 | 18 / 12 | 3.5 | 123 | +1.6/50 |
| | ND , fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, dry to e to medium dense | | | - | | | | | | |
| | | | | SM | СВ | 100 | 11 / 12 | 3.0 | 102 | |
| | | Ţ | | | | 400 | | 10.4 | 101 | |
| | | Ţ | | SM | СВ | 100 | 33 / 12 | 10.4 | 124 | |
| 25 | Approximate bottom of borehole at 25.0 feet. | 5480.0 | 25 | SM | СВ | 100 | 29 / 12 | 11.1 | 115 | |

| G | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | BO | RING N | NUM | | 1 OF 1 |
|----------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| CLIEN | IT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT | NAME | Eagle I | Ridge N | /lixed-U | se Developi | ment | | |
| PROJ | ECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | PROJECT | LOCAT | | urora, C | 0 | | | | |
| DATE | STARTED 2/1/23 COMPLETED 2/1/23 | | SURFAC | E ELEV | . <u>5500 (</u> | ft | PROPOSE | D ELE\ | I. <u>Not P</u> | rovided |
| DRILL | ING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | SURFACE | | | Low gr | owth of | grass and | weeds | | |
| DRILL | ING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | GROUND | WATER | LEVEL | S: | | | | | |
| HAMN | IER TYPE Automatic | ${ar ar { u}}$ duf | RING DR | ILLING | None | | | | | |
| LOGG | ED BY JL CHECKED BY AG | ¥ AFT | ER DRII | LING _ | | | | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
| | LEAN CLAY with SAND, brown, dry, stiff to very stiff | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | CL | СВ | 100 | 27 / 12 | 6.7 | 101 | +4.8/500 |
| | | | 5 | CL | СВ | 100 | 17 / 12 | 8.2 | 104 | |
| | 7 | 5493.0 | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>SILTY SAND</u> , fine- to medium-grained, tan, brown, dry, medium dense | | | | | | | | | |
| | 10 | 5490.0 | 10 | SM | CB | 100 | 22 / 12 | 2.6 | 116 | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 10.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | |

BORING NUMBER C1

| Ĩ | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | D | ORING | NUI | | 1 OF 1 |
|----------------|---|------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | NT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT | NAME | Eagle | Ridge N | /lixed-U | se Develop | ment | | |
| PRO. | JECT NUMBER 23.22.003 | PROJECT | | | urora, C | 0 | | | | |
| DATE | COMPLETED <u>2/9/23</u> | GROUND | SURFAC | CE ELEV | . <u>5510 i</u> | ft | PROPOSE | D ELE | /. Not P | rovided |
| DRIL | LING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | SURFACE | | | Low gr | owth of | f grass and | weeds | | |
| DRIL | LING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | GROUND | WATER | R LEVEL | S: | | | | | |
| НАМ | MER TYPE Automatic | ${ar abla}$ DUI | RING DF | RILLING | None | | | | | |
| LOG | GED BY JL CHECKED BY AG | | ER DRI | LLING _ | Backfil | led - 2/9 | 9/23 | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
| | <u>SANDY LEAN CLAY</u> , brown to dark brown, calcareous, dry to moist, very stiff | | | - | | | | | | |
| | | | | CL | СВ | 100 | 28 / 12 | 12.2 | 113 | +3.2/200 |
| | | | | SC | СВ | 100 | 34 / 12 | 9.9 | 120 | - |
| | 7 | 5503.0 | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>SILTY SAND</u> , fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown to brown, dry, medium dense | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 10 | SM | СВ | 100 | 26 / 12 | 8.7 | 118 | |
| | | 5405.0 | | SM | СВ | 100 | 25 / 12 | 3.0 | 108 | |
| | 15 Approximate bottom of borehole at 15.0 feet. | 5495.0 | 15 | | | 100 | 23/12 | 5.0 | 100 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| C | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | | | _ | PAGE | 1 OF 1 | |
|----------------|---|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | Geotech NT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development | | | | | | | | | |
| | JECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | PROJECT LOCATION _Aurora, CO | | | | | | | | | |
| DATI | E STARTED <u>2/9/23</u> COMPLETED <u>2/9/23</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | SURFACE CONDITIONS Low growth of grass and weeds | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | — | | | | | | | | | |
| НАМ | MER TYPE Automatic | | RING DR | ILLING | None | | | | | | |
| LOG | GED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG | AFTER DRILLING Backfilled - 2/9/23 | | | | | | | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf | |
| | <u>SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND</u> , brown to dark brown, calcareous, dry, stiff to very stiff | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | SC | СВ | 100 | 11 / 12 | 7.4 | 115 | - - | |
| | | | | CL | СВ | 100 | 14 / 12 | 9.7 | 121 | +2.1/200 | |
| | 7 | 5503.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, dry, medium dense | 3303.0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 10 | SM | СВ | 100 | 22 / 12 | 2.7 | 107 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | 5495.0 | 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 29 / 12 | 1.9 | 105 | | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 15.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Page 50 of 126

| LIENT EVC-WDG Au | rora LLC | | PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|--|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | se Develop | | | | |
| | | | PROJECT LOCATION <u>Aurora, CO</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| ATE STARTED _2/9/23 COMPLETED _2/9/23 RILLING CONTRACTOR _Vine Laboratories | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | d Stem Auger | | | | | | | | | | |
| AMMER TYPE Autom | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OGGED BY <u>JL</u> | | CHECKED BY AG | V AFTER DRILLING Backfilled - 2/9/23 | | | | | | | | | |
| LOG | MATERIA | L DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE | |
| CLAYEY to SI | LTY SAND, fi | ne- to medium-grained, tan, light , dry, medium dense to very den | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| biowin to brow | n, calcareous | , dry, medium dense to very den | 30 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | SC | СВ | 100 | 22 / 12 | 4.0 | 107 | +0.8/20 | |
| B | | | | | SC/SM | СВ | 100 | 15 / 12 | 4.5 | 113 | | |
| | | | | 5 | 30/31/1 | СВ | 100 | 13/12 | 4.5 | 115 | | |
| | | | | | - | | | | | | | |
| (A) | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | SC/SM | СВ | 100 | 50 / 12 | 5.6 | 113 | | |
| (A) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1) | | | | _ | _ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| | | | | _ | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | | om of borehole at 15.0 feet. | 5492.5 | 15 | SC/SM | СВ | 100 | 20 / 12 | 4.1 | 124 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

BORING NUMBER C4

| Č | Cole Garner Ge 1070 W 124th A Westminster, Co | ve, Suite 300 | | | | | D | | | | 1 OF 1 | |
|------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|----------|--|-------------|-----------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| CLIE | NT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | | PROJECT | NAME | Eagle F | Ridge N | lixed-U | se Developr | nent | | | |
| PRO | JECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | | PROJECT | LOCAT | ION Au | irora, C | 0 | | | | | |
| DATE | STARTED <u>2/9/23</u> | COMPLETED 2/9/23 | GROUND | SURFAC | E ELEV. | . <u>5500 f</u> | t | PROPOSE | D ELEV | .Not Pr | rovided | |
| DRIL | DRILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | | | SURFACE CONDITIONS Low growth of grass and weeds | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | DRILLING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | | | GROUND WATER LEVELS: | | | | | | | | |
| HAMMER TYPE _Automatic | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LOG | GED BY _JL | CHECKED BY AG | | ER DRI | LLING _ | Backfill | ed - 2/9 | /23 | | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIA | L DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf | |
| | SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse wet, medium dense | e-grained, tan, light brown, dry to | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | SW-SM | СВ | 100 | 21 / 12 | 1.8 | 111 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 5 | SM | СВ | 100 | 15 / 12 | 2.7 | 104 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | 10 | SM | СВ | 100 | 25 / 12 | 4.4 | 114 | | |
| | | | ∇ | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | | 5485.0 | 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 20 / 12 | 12.2 | 119 | | |
| | Approximate bott | om of borehole at 15.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Č | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | B | ORING | NUI | | 1 OF 1 |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | | eotech | | | E e el e d | | A | | | | |
| | | VT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC IECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | | | | | | lse Developi | ment | | |
| | | | _ PROJECT LOCATION <u>Aurora, CO</u> _ GROUND SURFACE ELEV. <u>5507 ft</u> PROPOSED ELEV. <u>Not Provided</u> | | | | | | | | |
| | DRILLING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | | | | | | | f grass and | | - | |
| | DRILI | ING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | | WATE | R LEVEL | S: | | | | | |
| | HAM | MER TYPE _Automatic | | | RILLING | - | | | | | |
| | LOGO | GED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG | | ER DR | LLING _ | Backfill | ed - 2/9 | 9/23 | | | |
| | GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf |
| | | <u>CLAYEY to SILTY SAND</u> , fine- to medium-grained, tan, brown, dry, medium dense | | | _ | | | | | | |
| | | - | | | SM | СВ | 100 | 18 / 12 | 4.1 | 112 | |
| 5 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GE.GF | | 5 <u>SILTY SAND</u> , fine- to coarse-grained, tan, dry, medium dense | 5502.0 | 5 | SM | CB | 100 | 26 / 12 | 3.6 | 111 | |
| E RID | | SILTI SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tail, dry, filedium dense | | | - | | | | | | |
| EAGL | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.003 | | | | L . | 014 | 0.0 | 100 | 04/40 | | 110 | |
| 2\23.2 | | | | 10 | SM | CB | 100 | 24 / 12 | 3.6 | 112 | |
| 0 202 | | | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| S GE | | | | [. | | | | | | | |
| DJECT | | - | 5 400 0 | | SM | СВ | 100 | 28 / 12 | 3.4 | 116 | |
| 28\PR(| | 15 Approximate bottom of borehole at 15.0 feet. | 5492.0 | 15 | Sivi | | 100 | 20/12 | 5.4 | 110 | |
| GEOTECH BH COLUMNS - GINT STD US LAB. GDT - 3/31/23 14:08 - Y'GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ | | | | | | | | | | | |

BORING NUMBER C6

| Ĩ | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | D | JKING | NUI | | 1 OF 1 | | |
|--|---|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| | NT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT | NAME | Eagle I | Ridge M | lixed-U | se Developr | nent | | | | |
| PRO | JECT NUMBER 23.22.003 | PROJECT LOCATION _Aurora, CO | | | | | | | | | | |
| DATE | COMPLETED <u>2/9/23</u> | GROUND SURFACE ELEV. <u>5503 ft</u> PROPOSED ELEV. <u>Not Provided</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | GROUND | WATER | LEVEL | S: | | | | | | | |
| HAM | MER TYPE _ Automatic | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LOGGED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG AFTER DRILLING _Backfilled - 2/9/23 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf | | |
| | SILTY SAND, fine-grained, tan, light brown, dry, medium dense | 1 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 3 | 5500.0 | | SM | СВ | 100 | 18 / 12 | 3.2 | 103 | | | |
| | SANDY LEAN CLAY, brown to dark brown, dry, very stiff | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 5 | CL | СВ | 100 | 20 / 12 | 15.6 | 110 | +5.4/200 | | |
| | 7 SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tan, brown, dry to wet, medium dense | 5496.0 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | 10 | SM | СВ | 100 | 20 / 12 | 4.9 | 115 | | | |
| | | Ţ | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | 5488.0 | 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 21 / 12 | 9.8 | 115 | | | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 15.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | | | |

| BORING | NUMBER | C7 |
|--------|--------|----|
|--------|--------|----|

| Ĩ | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | D | JRING | NUI | | 1 OF 1 | | |
|----------------|---|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| CLIE | NT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRO. | JECT NUMBER _23.22.003 | PROJECT LOCATION _Aurora, CO | | | | | | | | | | |
| DATE | STARTED _2/9/23 COMPLETED _2/9/23 | GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 5508 ft PROPOSED ELEV. Not Provided | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | SURFACE CONDITIONS Low growth of grass and weeds | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | MER TYPE Automatic | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LOG | GED BY _JL CHECKED BY _AG | ¥AF1 | ER DRI | LLING _ | Backfill | ed - 2/9 | 9/23 | | | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf | | |
| | SILTY SAND, fine- to coarse-grained, tan, light brown, calcareous, dry, medium dense to dense | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | SM | СВ | 100 | 23 / 12 | 3.5 | 105 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | | | 5 | SM | СВ | 100 | 24 / 12 | 2.9 | 107 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 77.0 | | | 10 | SM | СВ | 100 | 50 / 11 | 3.5 | 127 | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 15 | 5493.0 | | SM | СВ | 100 | 33 / 12 | 4.1 | 111 | | | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 15.0 feet. | 0.00.0 | | | | | | • | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Ĩ | Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234 | | | | | B | ORING | NUI | | R C8 1 OF 1 | | |
|----------------|--|--|-----------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| CLIE | NT _ EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC | PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development | | | | | | | | | | |
| PRO | JECT NUMBER 23.22.003 | PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO | | | | | | | | | | |
| DATE | E STARTED _2/9/23 COMPLETED _2/9/23 | GROUND SURFACE ELEV. 5511 ft PROPOSED ELEV. Not Provided | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING CONTRACTOR Vine Laboratories | SURFACE CONDITIONS Low growth of grass and weeds | | | | | | | | | | |
| DRIL | LING METHOD Buggy Rig/Solid Stem Auger | _ GROUND WATER LEVELS: | | | | | | | | | | |
| HAM | MER TYPE Automatic | | | | | | | | | | | |
| LOG | GED BY JL CHECKED BY AG | | ER DRI | LLING _ | Backfill | ed - 2/9 | 9/23 | | | | | |
| GRAPHIC LOG | MATERIAL DESCRIPTION | | o DEPTH (ft) | USCS SYMBOL | SAMPLE TYPE | RECOVERY % | PENETRATION blows/in | MOISTURE CONTENT (%) | DRY UNIT WT. (pcf) | SWELL-CONSOL /SURCHARGE LOAD, %psf | | |
| | SILTY SAND, fine-grained, tan, light brown, dry, loose | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | 5507.0 | | SM | СВ | 100 | 13 / 12 | 2.5 | 102 | | | |
| | SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND, brown to dark brown, | | 5 | CL/SC | СВ | 100 | 18 / 12 | 5.6 | 109 | | | |
| | calcareous, dry, stiff to very stiff 13 SILTY SAND, fine- to medium-grained, tan, light brown, | 5498.0 | - 10 | CL | СВ | 100 | 36 / 12 | 10.6 | 113 | | | |
| | iron-stained, dry to moist, medium dense | 5496.0 | 15 | SM | СВ | 100 | 35 / 12 | 2.6 | 118 | | | |
| | Approximate bottom of borehole at 15.0 feet. | | | | | | | | | | | |

APPENDIX B

LABORATORY TEST RESULTS FIELD INFILTRATION RATE TEST RESULTS



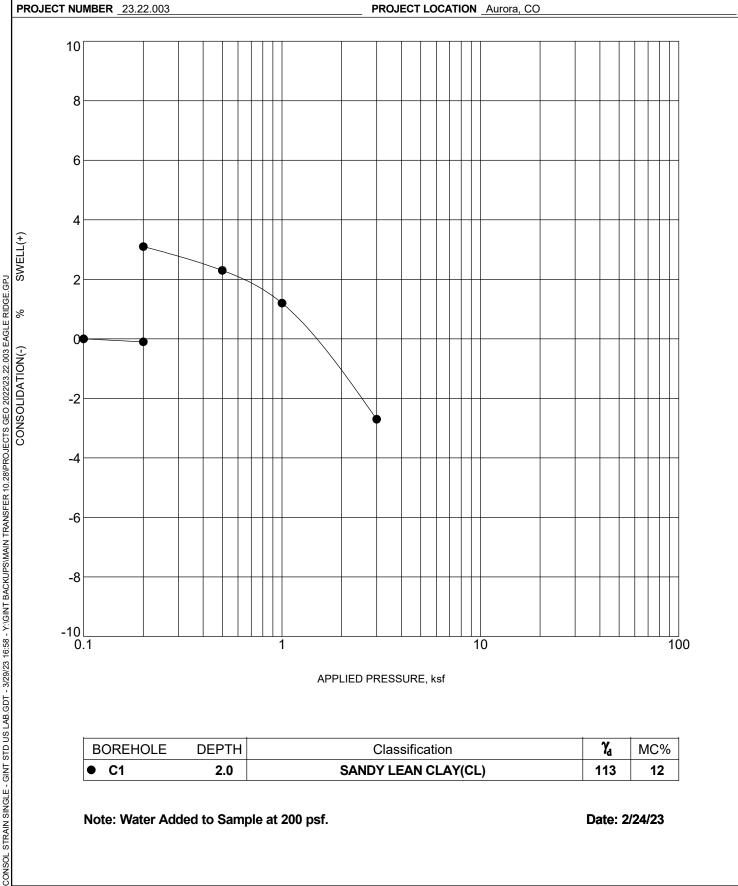


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SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC



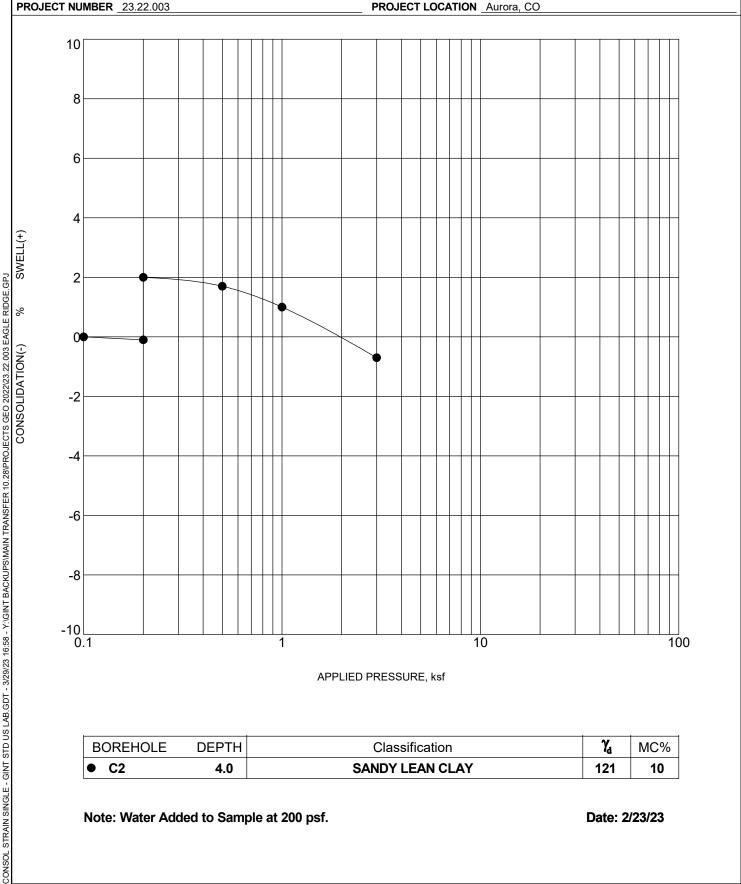


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SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC



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CONSOL STRAIN SINGLE - GINT STD US LAB. GDT - 3/29/23 16:58 - Y:/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ

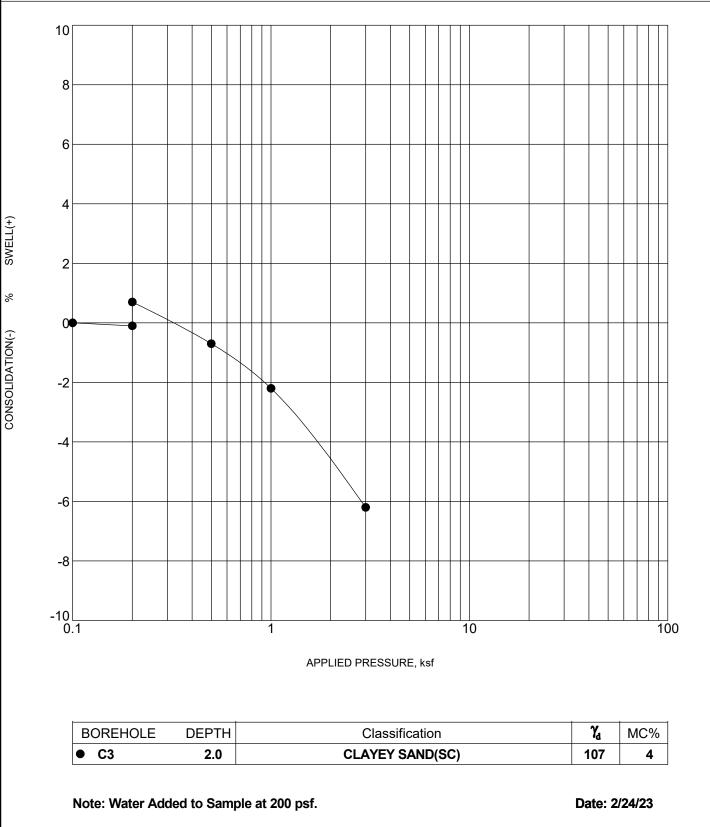
Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234

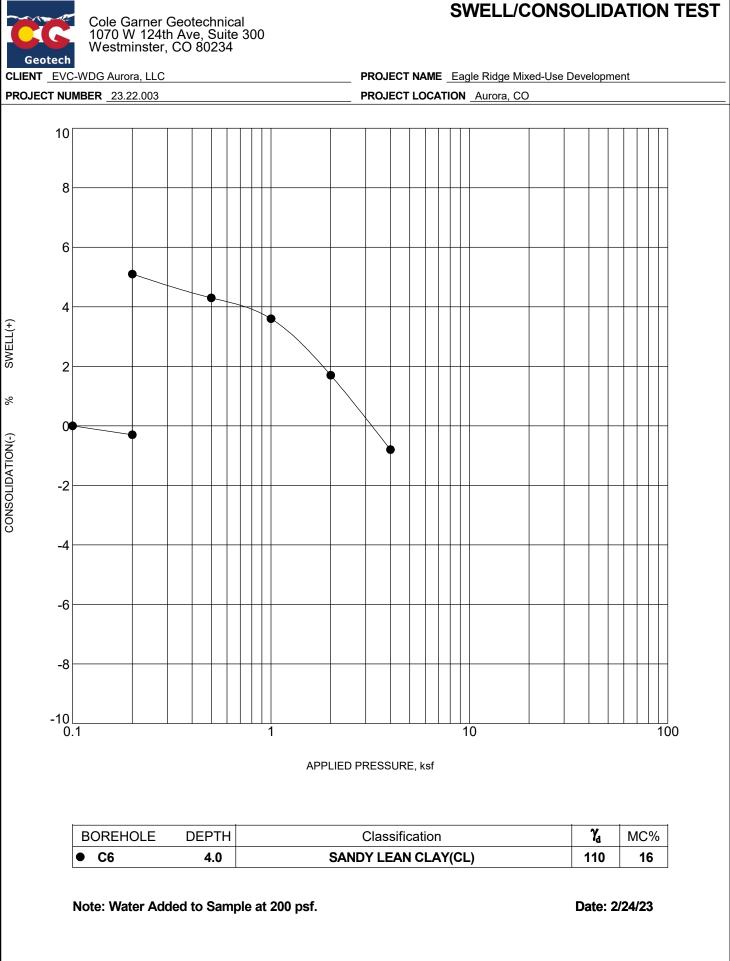
PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO

SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003





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CONSOL STRAIN SINGLE - GINT STD US LAB. GDT - 3/29/23 16:58 - Y:/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ

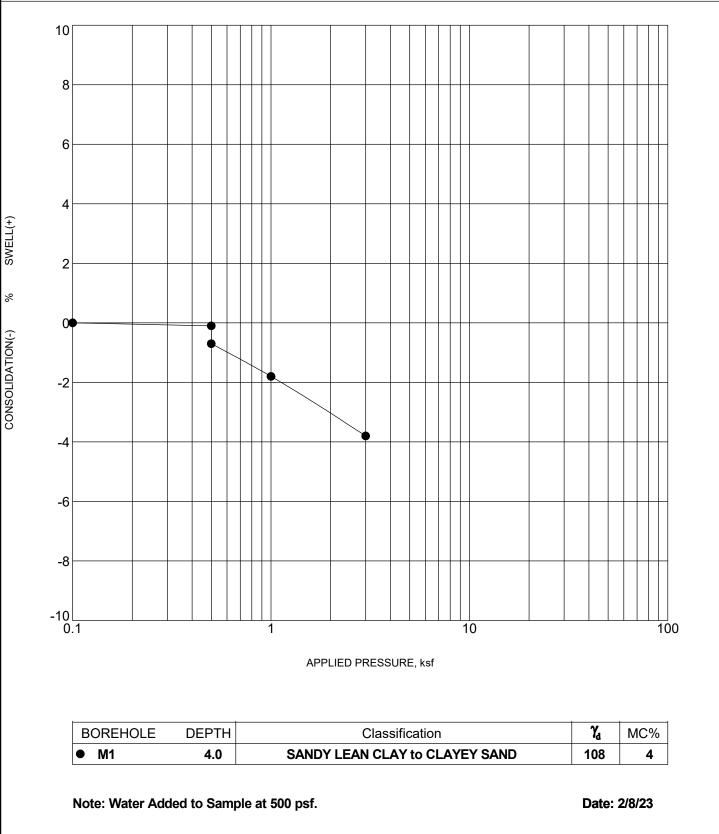
Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234

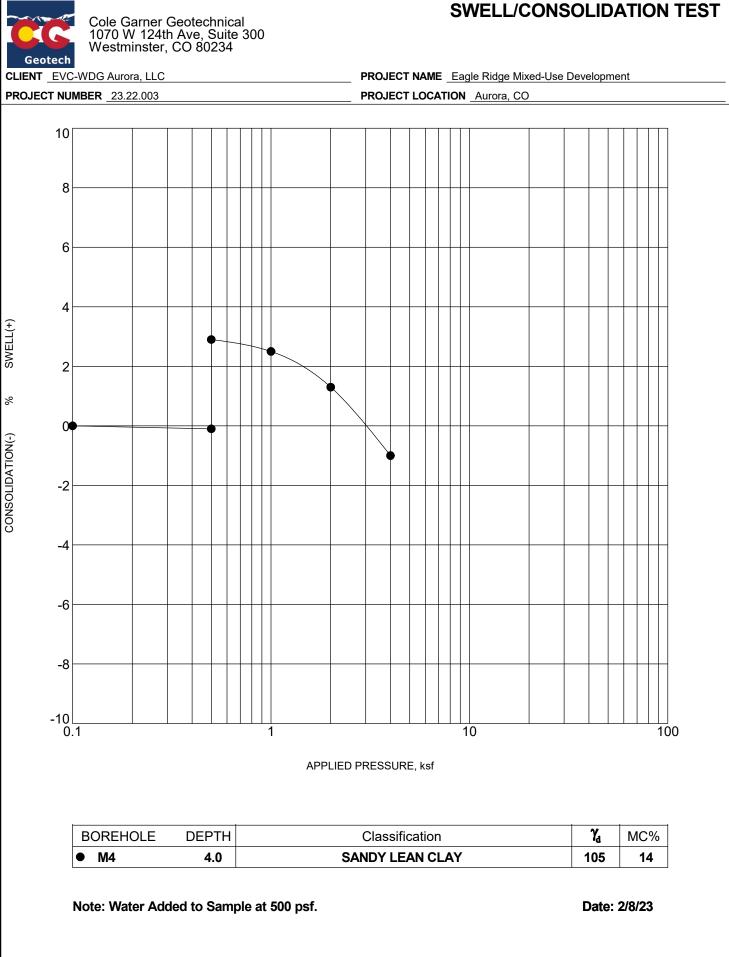
PROJECT NAME _Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO

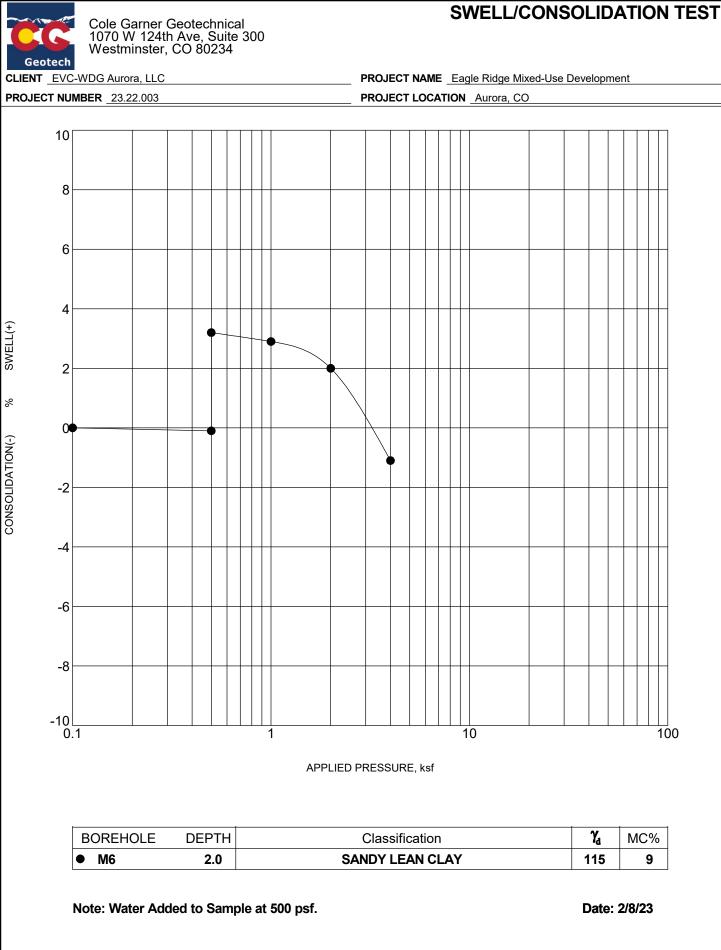
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003





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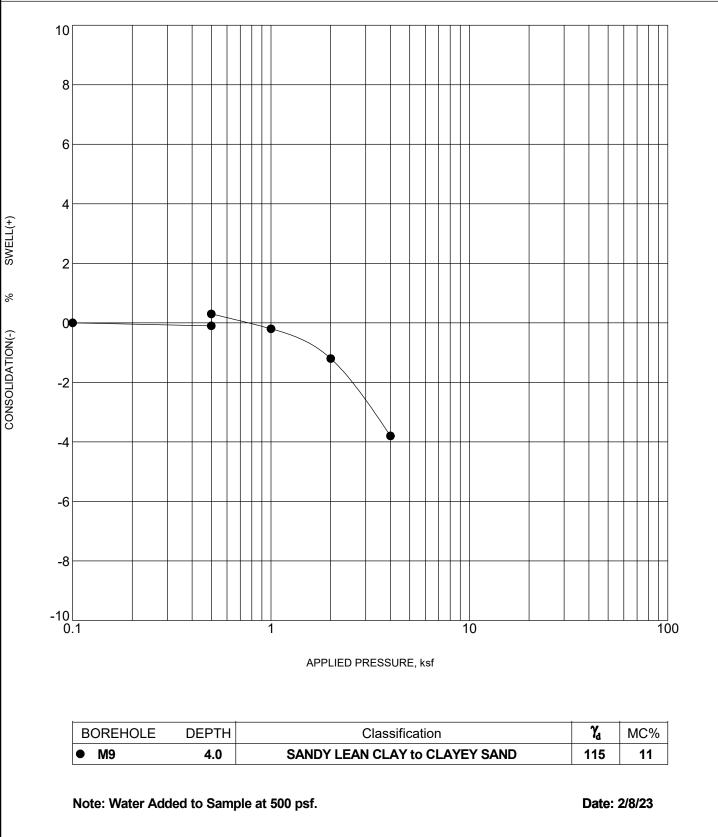
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PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO

SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT NUMBER _23.22.003





CONSOL STRAIN SINGLE - GINT STD US LAB. GDT - 3/29/23 16:58 - Y:/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ

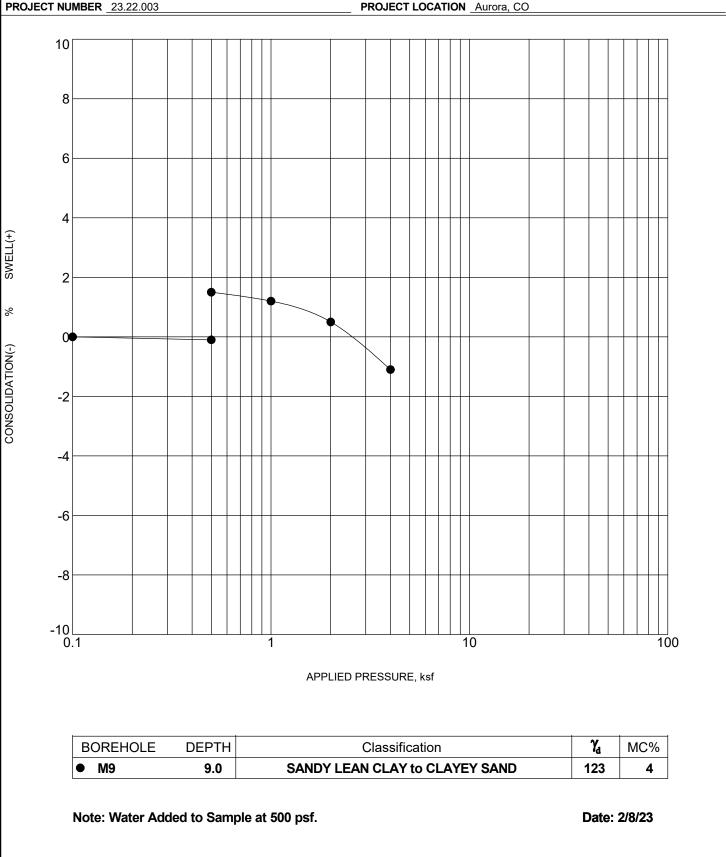
Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 W 124th Ave, Suite 300 Westminster, CO 80234

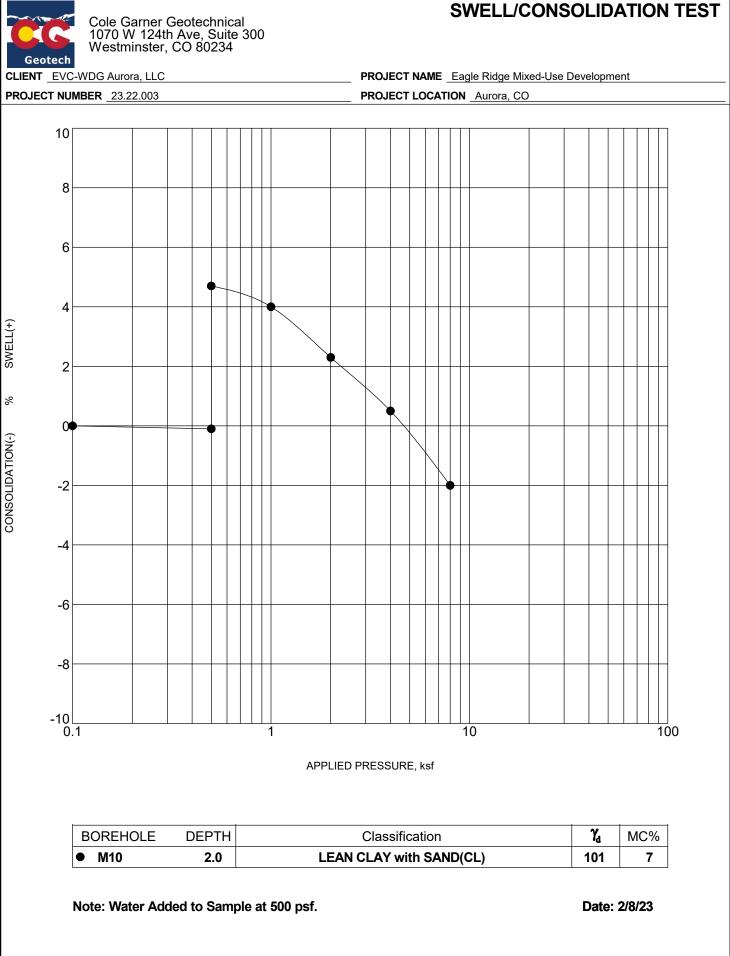
SWELL/CONSOLIDATION TEST

PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

CLIENT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC

PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003







 \odot **C**8 2.0

2

0.261

0.146

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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

PROJECT NAME Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development CLIENT _EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003 PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO U.S. SIEVE NUMBERS U.S. SIEVE OPENING IN INCHES HYDROMETER 3 1/23/8 6 4 2 1.5 1 3/4 3 6 100 95 90 Ċ 85 × 80 75 70 65 PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT 60 55 50 45 Y;\GINT BACKUPS\MAIN TRANSFER 10.28\PROJECTS GEO 2022\23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPJ 40 35 30 25 20 ł 15 10 5 0 100 10 0.1 0.01 0.001 1 **GRAIN SIZE IN MILLIMETERS** GRAVEL SAND COBBLES SILT OR CLAY fine medium coarse coarse fine DEPTH Сс BOREHOLE Classification LL PL ΡI Cu 21 • C3 2.0 CLAYEY SAND(SC) 32 11 16:31 2.0 NP NP NP C5 SILTY SAND(SM) 3/8/23 C6 2.0 SILTY SAND(SM) NP NP NP * **C7** 4.0 SILTY SAND(SM) NP NP NP LAB.GDT \odot NP **C**8 2.0 SILTY SAND(SM) NP NP BOREHOLE DEPTH D100 D60 D30 D10 %Gravel %Sand %Silt %Clay US I STD ۲ C3 2.0 4.75 0.246 0.0 65.5 34.5 GINT 0.27 25.3 C5 2.0 4.75 0.097 0.0 74.7 4.75 C6 2.0 0.316 0.148 0.0 79.5 20.5 **GRAIN SIZE C7** 4.0 0.26 0.111 22.4 * 4.75 0.0 77.6

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16.4

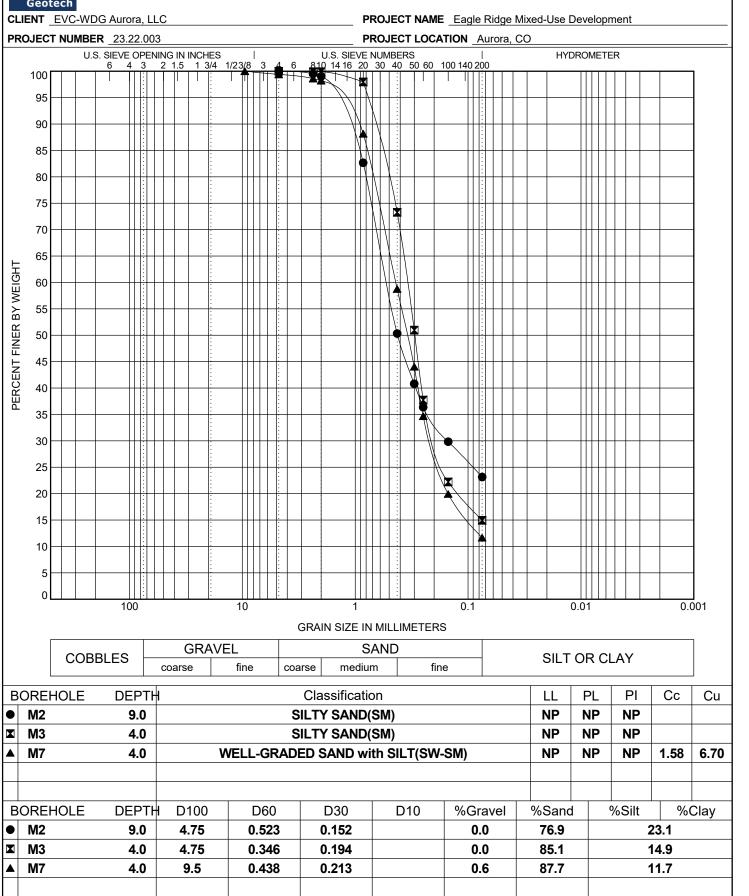
83.6

0.0



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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION



Y;\GINT BACKUPS\MAIN TRANSFER 10.28\PROJECTS GEO 2022\23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GP. 16:31 3/8/23 US LAB.GDT STD GINT **GRAIN SIZE**

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Y;\GINT BACKUPS\MAIN TRANSFER 10.28\PROJECTS GEO 2022\23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GP.

16:47 -

3/6/23

US LAB.GDT

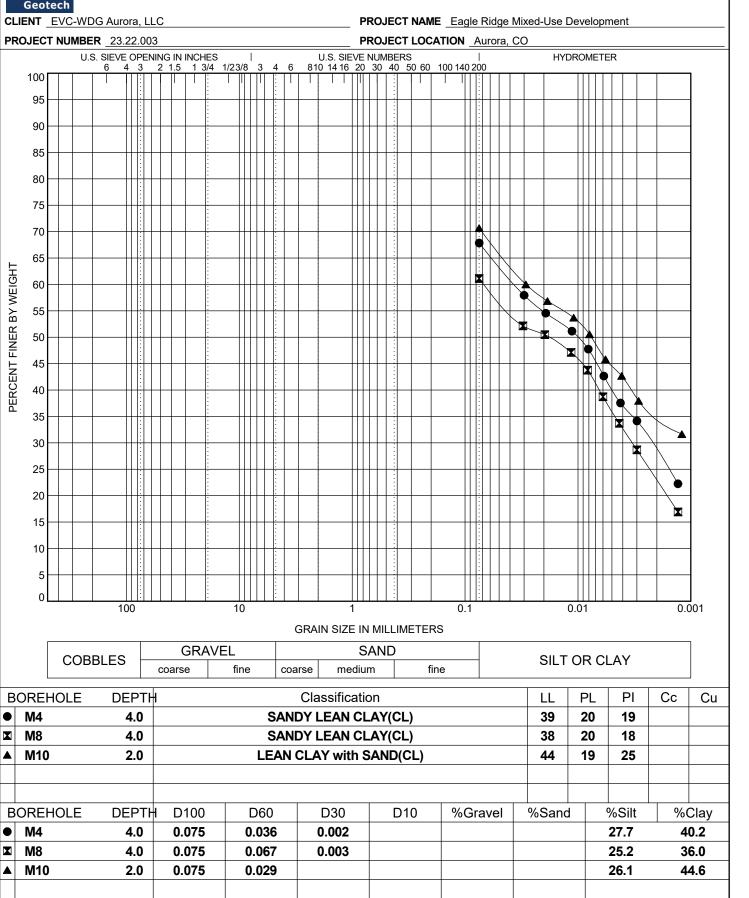
STD

GINT

GRAIN SIZE

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GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION



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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS PAGE 1 OF 2

CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC

| PROJECT NAME | Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | |

| PROJECT I | NUMBER | 23.22.003 | PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO | | | | | | | |
|--|--------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | Danth | | Water | Dry Density (pcf) | Swell (+) or Consolidation (-)/ Surcharge (%/psf) | Water Soluble Sulfates (ppm) | Passing #200 Sieve (%) | Atterberg Limits | | |
| Borehole | Depth | h Soil Description | Content (%) | | | | | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Plasticity Index |
| ਫ਼ <u></u> M1 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND | 4.2 | 107.8 | -0.7/500 | | | | | |
| M1 M1 M1 | 9 | SILTY SAND | 2.4 | 102.0 | | | | | | |
| [₩] M1 | 14 | SILTY SAND | 10.4 | 115.1 | | | | | | |
| M1 | 19 | SILTY SAND | 11.3 | 121.4 | | | | | | |
| 8 M1 | 24 | CLAYSTONE BEDROCK | 14.7 | 114.2 | | | | | | |
| 72727272727272727272727272727272727272 | 34 | CLAYSTONE BEDROCK | 19.7 | | | | | | | |
| ⁷²⁰² M2 | 4 | SILTY SAND | 1.5 | 102.7 | | | | | | |
| କ୍ର M2 | 9 | SILTY SAND(SM) | 2.0 | 118.5 | | | 23 | NP | NP | NP |
| | 19 | SILTY SAND | 12.3 | 122.2 | | | | | | |
| M2 M2 M3 M3 M3 | 24 | CLAYSTONE BEDROCK | 19.6 | 107.2 | | | | | | |
| M3 | 2 | CLAYEY SAND | 3.8 | | | | | | | |
| | 4 | SILTY SAND(SM) | 1.6 | 108.4 | | | 15 | NP | NP | NP |
| M3 M3 M3 | 9 | SILTY SAND | 1.6 | 107.4 | | | | | | |
| M3 | 14 | SILTY SAND | 3.6 | 118.3 | | | | | | |
| NA M3 | 19 | SILTY SAND | 20.7 | 105.6 | | | | | | |
| M3 M3 M4 M4 | 24 | SILTY SAND | 13.7 | 117.5 | | | | | | |
| M4 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY | 13.8 | 104.8 | +3.0/500 | 400 | 68 | 39 | 20 | 19 |
| | 9 | SILTY SAND | 2.2 | 110.6 | | | | | | |
| M4 M4 | 14 | SILTY SAND | 2.4 | 121.6 | | | | | | |
| -92. M4 | 19 | SILTY SAND | 2.4 | 123.6 | | | | | | |
| M4 | 24 | SILTY SAND | 4.1 | 120.0 | | | | | | |
| - ^{4/4} | 34 | SILTY SAND | 13.8 | 110.7 | | | | | | |
| 6. M5 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND | 3.6 | 98.3 | | | | | | |
| M5 | 9 | SILTY SAND | 1.6 | 107.6 | | | | | | |
| M5 | 14 | SILTY SAND | 10.4 | 96.4 | | | | | | |
| | 19 | SILTY SAND | 10.5 | 122.9 | | | | | | |
| MIS MS M5 | 24 | SILTY SAND | 14.3 | 114.0 | | | | | | |
| MMMRY M6 M6 | 2 | SANDY LEAN CLAY | 8.7 | 114.6 | +3.3/500 | | | | | |
| M6 | 4 | SILTY SAND | 4.3 | 102.3 | | | | | | |
| ≝ M6 | 9 | SILTY SAND | 2.0 | 104.2 | | | | | | |



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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS PAGE 2 OF 2

CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003

| PROJECT NAME | Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| | |

PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO

| 2 | | AASHTO Mater Dry Swell (+) or Water Soluble Dessing | | | | | | Δ. | Atterberg Limits | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|
| ЕGP | Borehole D | Depth | Soil Description | AASHTO Class- ification | Group Index | Water Content (%) | Dry Density (pcf) | Consolidation (-)/ Surcharge (%/psf) | Water Soluble Sulfates (ppm) | Passing #200 Sieve (%) | | | |
| RIDGE.GPJ | | 2 op | | | | | | | | | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Plasticity Index |
| EAGLE | M6 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 12.4 | 109.6 | | | | | | |
| 03 E/ | M6 | 19 | SILTY SAND | | | 22.7 | 102.8 | | | | | | |
| 3.22.003 | M6 | 24 | SILTY SAND | | | 12.9 | 117.8 | | | | | | |
| 2022\23 | M7 | 4 | WELL-GRADED SAND with SILT(SW-SM) | A-2-4 | 0 | 1.9 | 106.9 | | | 12 | NP | NP | NP |
| GEO 20 | M7 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 1.4 | 106.7 | | | | | | |
| S GE | M7 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 14.2 | 115.4 | | | | | | |
| JECI | M7 | 19 | SILTY SAND | | | 10.5 | 111.9 | | | | | | |
| 10.28\PROJEC | M7 | 24 | SILTY SAND | | | 16.0 | 112.9 | | | | | | |
| 10.28 | M8 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY | A-6 | 9 | 7.6 | | | 600 | 61 | 38 | 20 | 18 |
| FER | M8 | 9 | CLAYEY to SILTY SAND | | | 3.3 | 126.6 | | | | | | |
| SANS | M8 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 4.8 | 123.9 | | | | | | |
| 17:04 - Y.\GINT BACKUPS\MAIN TRANSFER | M8 | 19 | CLAYEY to SILTY SAND | | | 3.8 | 124.4 | | | | | | |
| S/M/ | M8 | 24 | SILTY SAND | | | 15.2 | 106.5 | | | | | | |
| - SKUF | M8 | 34 | SILTY SAND | | | 15.4 | 112.6 | | | | | | |
| T BA(| M9 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND | | | 10.7 | 114.8 | +0.4/500 | | | | | |
| NIB/: | M9 | 9 | SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND | | | 3.5 | 123.1 | +1.6/500 | | | | | |
|)4 - Y | M9 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.0 | 101.5 | | | | | | |
| | M9 | 19 | SILTY SAND | | | 10.4 | 123.8 | | | | | | |
| 3/29/23 | M9 | 24 | SILTY SAND | | | 11.1 | 114.6 | | | | | | |
| | M10 | 2 | LEAN CLAY with SAND(CL) | A-7-6 | 16 | 6.7 | 100.7 | +4.8/500 | | 71 | 44 | 19 | 25 |
| B.GL | M10 | 4 | LEAN CLAY with SAND | | | 8.2 | 104.2 | | | | | | |
| US LAB.GDT | M10 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 2.6 | 116.4 | | | | | | |



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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS PAGE 1 OF 2

CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003

| PROJECT NAME | Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| | |

PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO

| б ш Borehole | Depth | Soil Description | AASHTO Class- | Group | Water Content | Dry Density | Swell (+) or Consolidation (-)/ | Water Soluble Sulfates | Passing #200 Sieve | | tterberg Lim | |
|---|--------|-----------------------------------|------------------|-------|------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|
| GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 3/29/23 17:04 - Y/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPU GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 3/29/23 17:04 - Y/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPU GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 3/29/23 17:04 - Y/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPU GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 3/29/23 17:04 - Y/GINT BACKUPS/MAIN TRANSFER 10.28/PROJECTS GEO 2022/23.22.003 EAGLE RIDGE.GPU GON | Deptil | | ification | Index | (%) | (pcf) | Surcharge (%/psf) | (ppm) | (%) | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Plasticity Index |
| Ble C1 | 2 | SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) | A-6 | 6 | 12.2 | 112.6 | +3.2/200 | 2,100 | 57 | 36 | 20 | 16 |
| | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY | | | 9.9 | 120.1 | | | | | | |
| C1 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 8.7 | 118.3 | | | | | | |
| C1 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.0 | 107.9 | | | | | | |
| C2 | 2 | CLAYEY SAND(SC) | A-6 | 1 | 7.4 | 115.3 | | 900 | 37 | 34 | 22 | 12 |
| ຍ <mark>ິ</mark> C2 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY | | | 9.7 | 120.7 | +2.1/200 | | | | | |
| C2 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 2.7 | 107.0 | | | | | | |
| C2 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 1.9 | 105.5 | | | | | | |
| C3 | 2 | CLAYEY SAND(SC) | A-2-6 | 0 | 4.0 | 107.4 | +0.8/200 | | 35 | 32 | 21 | 11 |
| C3 | 4 | CLAYEY to SILTY SAND | | | 4.5 | 113.0 | | 0 | | | | |
| C3 | 9 | CLAYEY to SILTY SAND | | | 5.6 | 112.8 | | | | | | |
| E C3 | 14 | CLAYEY to SILTY SAND | | | 4.1 | 124.2 | | | | | | |
| C4 | 2 | WELL-GRADED SAND with SILT(SW-SM) | A-1-b | 0 | 1.8 | 111.1 | | | 8 | NP | NP | NP |
| C4 | 4 | SILTY SAND | | | 2.7 | 103.8 | | | | | | |
| END C4 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 4.4 | 113.9 | | | | | | |
| ND: C4 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 12.2 | 119.0 | | | | | | |
| ≻_{5 C5 | 2 | SILTY SAND(SM) | A-2-4 | 0 | 4.1 | 112.2 | | | 25 | NP | NP | NP |
| C5 | 4 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.6 | 110.7 | | | | | | |
| C5 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.6 | 111.8 | | | | | | |
| <u>ိ-</u> C5 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.4 | 115.6 | | | | | | |
| C6 | 2 | SILTY SAND(SM) | A-2-4 | 0 | 3.2 | 102.6 | | | 20 | NP | NP | NP |
| | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY(CL) | A-6 | 6 | 15.6 | 109.6 | +5.4/200 | | 58 | 35 | 20 | 15 |
| C6 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 4.9 | 114.9 | | | | | | |
| LND C6 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 9.8 | 114.6 | | | | | | |
| ° C7 | 2 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.5 | 105.3 | | | | | | |
| C7 | 4 | SILTY SAND(SM) | A-2-4 | 0 | 2.9 | 107.2 | | 100 | 22 | NP | NP | NP |
| Ins C7 | 9 | SILTY SAND | | | 3.5 | 127.4 | | | | | | |
| C7 C7 C8 C8 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 4.1 | 110.6 | | | | | | |
| C8 | 2 | SILTY SAND(SM) | A-2-4 | 0 | 2.5 | 102.5 | | | 16 | NP | NP | NP |
| C8 | 4 | SANDY LEAN CLAY to CLAYEY SAND | | | 5.6 | 109.2 | | | | | | |



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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS PAGE 2 OF 2

CLIENT EVC-WDG Aurora, LLC

PROJECT NUMBER 23.22.003

PROJECT NAME _ Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development

PROJECT LOCATION Aurora, CO

| GPJ | Parabala Durith Sail Descripti | | Sail Description | AASHTO | Group | Water | Dry | Swell (+) or Consolidation (-)/ | Water Soluble | | At | terberg Lim | its |
|----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----|
| Borehole Depth | Soil Description | Class- ification | Index | Content (%) | Density (pcf) | Surcharge (%/psf) | Sulfates (ppm) | #200 Sieve (%) | Liquid Limit | Plastic Limit | Plasticity Index | | |
| AGLE | C8 | 9 | SANDY LEAN CLAY | | | 10.6 | 113.0 | | | | | | |
| 003 E/ | C8 | 14 | SILTY SAND | | | 2.6 | 117.5 | | | | | | |

Field Infiltration Rate Testing

Cole Garner Geotechnical 1070 West 124th Avenue, Ste. 300 Westminster, CO 80234 (303) 996-2999



| Project Name: | Proposed E | Proposed Eagle Ridge Mixed-Use Development | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|--|-----------------|-----------------|-----|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Cole Garner Project No.: | 23.22.003 | | | | | Date: | 2/21/2022 |
| Test Location or ID: | M10 | Test Type: | Cased Bore Hole | | | Eng./Tech.: | A. Santiago |
| Approx. Ground Elev (ft): | 5, | 500 | Approx. Tes | t Depth (in): 1 | 120 | Hole diameter (in): | 4 |
| Soil Type at base of test: | Silty Sand | | | | | | |
| | | | | 1 | | | |
| Interval Start Time | Interval End Time | Length o | of Interval | Water Level D | rop | Infiltration Rate During Interval | Infiltration Rate During Interval |
| (hh:mm) | (hh:mm) | (m | nin) | (in) | | (min/in) | (in/hr) |
| 10:00 | 10:30 | 0: | 30 | 15.250 | | 1.97 | 30.50 |
| 10:30 | 11:00 | 0: | 30 | 15.500 | | 1.94 | 31.00 |
| 11:00 | 11:30 | 0: | 30 | 21.500 | | 1.40 | 43.00 |
| 11:30 | 12:00 | 0: | 30 | 24.500 | | 1.22 | 49.00 |
| 12:00 | 12:30 | 0: | 30 | 26.750 | | 1.12 | 53.50 |
| 12:30 | 13:00 | 0: | 30 | 26.750 | | 1.12 | 53.50 |
| 13:00 | 13:30 | 0: | 30 | 27.000 | | 1.11 | 54.00 |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | Final Infiltration Rate: | 54.00 |

Average Infiltration Rate:

44.93

APPENDIX C

GENERAL NOTES



GENERAL NOTES

DRILLING & SAMPLING SYMBOLS:

| SS: | Split Spoon - 1%" I.D., 2" O.D., unless otherwise noted | HS: | Hollow Stem Auger |
|-----|---|-----|---------------------------|
| ST: | Thin-Walled Tube – 2.5" O.D., unless otherwise noted | PA: | Power Auger |
| RS: | Ring Sampler - 2.42" I.D., 3" O.D., unless otherwise noted | HA: | Hand Auger |
| CB: | California Barrel - 1.92" I.D., 2.5" O.D., unless otherwise noted | RB: | Rock Bit |
| BS: | Bulk Sample or Auger Sample | WB: | Wash Boring or Mud Rotary |
| | | | |

The number of blows required to advance a standard 2-inch O.D. split-spoon sampler (SS) the last 12 inches of the total 18-inch penetration with a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches is considered the "Standard Penetration" or "N-value". For 2.5" O.D. California Barrel samplers (CB) the penetration value is reported as the number of blows required to advance the sampler 12 inches using a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches, reported as "blows per inch," and is not considered equivalent to the "Standard Penetration" or "N-value".

WATER LEVEL MEASUREMENT SYMBOLS:

| WL: | Water Level | WS: | While Sampling |
|------|--------------|------|-----------------------|
| WCI: | Wet Cave in | WD: | While Drilling |
| DCI: | Dry Cave in | BCR: | Before Casing Removal |
| AB: | After Boring | ACR: | After Casing Removal |

Water levels indicated on the boring logs are the levels measured in the borings at the times indicated. Groundwater levels at other times and other locations across the site could vary. In pervious soils, the indicated levels may reflect the location of groundwater. In low permeability soils, the accurate determination of groundwater levels may not be possible with only short-term observations.

DESCRIPTIVE SOIL CLASSIFICATION: Soil classification is based on the Unified Classification System. Coarse Grained Soils have more than 50% of their dry weight retained on a #200 sieve; their principal descriptors are: boulders, cobbles, gravel or sand. Fine Grained Soils have less than 50% of their dry weight retained on a #200 sieve; they are principally described as clays if they are plastic, and silts if they are slightly plastic or non-plastic. Major constituents may be added as modifiers and minor constituents may be added according to the relative proportions based on grain size. In addition to gradation, coarse-grained soils are defined on the basis of their in-place relative density and fine-grained soils on the basis of their consistency.

| FINE-GRAINED SOILS | | | COA | RSE-GRAIN | IED SOILS | BEDROCK | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <u>(CB)</u> Blows/Ft. | <u>(SS)</u> Blows/Ft. | <u>Consistency</u> | <u>(CB)</u> Blows/Ft. | <u>(SS)</u> Blows/Ft. | <u>Relative</u> Density | <u>(CB)</u> Blows/Ft. | <u>(SS)</u> Blows/Ft. | <u>Consistency</u> | |
| < 3 | 0-2 | Very Soft | 0-5 | < 3 | Very Loose | < 24 | < 20 | Weathered | |
| 3-5 | 3-4 | Soft | 6-14 | 4-9 | Loose | 24-35 | 20-29 | Firm | |
| 6-10 | 5-8 | Medium Stiff | 15-46 | 10-29 | Medium Dense | 36-60 | 30-49 | Medium Hard | |
| 11-18 | 9-15 | Stiff | 47-79 | 30-50 | Dense | 61-96 | 50-79 | Hard | |
| 19-36 | 16-30 | Very Stiff | > 79 | > 50 | Very Dense | > 96 | > 79 | Very Hard | |
| > 36 | > 30 | Hard | | | | | | | |

Low

Medium

High

RELATIVE PROPORTIONS OF SAND AND

With

Modifiers

| GRAV | <u>EL</u> | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Descriptive Terms of Other Constituents | Percent of Dry Weight | <u>Major Component</u> <u>of Sample</u> | Particle Size |
| Trace With Modifier | < 15 15 – 29 > 30 | Boulders Cobbles Gravel Sand Silt or Clay | Over 12 in. (300mm) 12 in. to 3 in. (300mm to 75 mm) 3 in. to #4 sieve (75mm to 4.75 mm) #4 to #200 sieve (4.75mm to 0.075mm) Passing #200 Sieve (0.075mm) |
| RELATIVE PROPORT | IONS OF FINES | PLASTICI | TY DESCRIPTION |
| Descriptive Terms of Other Constituents Trace | Percent of Dry Weight < 5 | <u>Term</u> Non-plastic | Plasticity Index 0 |

5 – 12

> 12

30+

1-10

11-30

GRAIN SIZE TERMINOLOGY

UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM

| Criteria f | or Assigning Group Symbo | ols and Group Names Usin | g Laboratory Tests ^A | | Soil Classification |
|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | Group Symbol | Group Name [₿] |
| Coarse Grained Soils | Gravels | Clean Gravels | $Cu \ge 4$ and $1 \le Cc \le 3^{E}$ | GW | Well graded gravel ^F |
| More than 50% retained | More than 50% of coarse fraction retained on | Less than 5% fines ^c | Cu < 4 and/or 1 > Cc > 3 ^E | GP | Poorly graded gravel ^F |
| on No. 200 sieve | | | Fines classify as ML or MH | GM | Silty gravel ^{F,G, H} |
| | | than 12% fines ^c | Fines classify as CL or CH | GC | Clayey gravel ^{F,G,H} |
| | Sands 50% or more of coarse fraction passes No. 4 sieve | Clean Sands | $Cu \ge 6 \text{ and } 1 \le Cc \le 3^{E}$ | SW | Well graded sand |
| | | Less than 5% fines ^D | Cu < 6 and/or 1 > Cc > 3 ^E | SP | Poorly graded sand |
| | | Sands with Fines | Fines classify as ML or MH | SM | Silty sand ^{G,H,I} |
| | | More than 12% fines ^D | Fines classify as CL or CH | SC | Clayey sand ^{G,H,I} |
| Fine-Grained Soils | Silts and Clays | Inorganic | PI > 7 and plots on or above "A" line | e ^J CL | Lean clay ^{K,L,M} |
| 50% or more passes the No. 200 sieve | Liquid limit less than 50 | | PI < 4 or plots below "A" line ^J | ML | Silt ^{K,L,M} |
| | | Organic | Liquid limit - oven dried < 0.7 | 5 OL | Organic clay ^{K,L,M,N} |
| | | | Liquid limit - not dried | | Organic silt ^{K,L,M,O} |
| | Silts and Clays | Inorganic | PI plots on or above "A" line | СН | Fat clay ^{K,L,M} |
| | Liquid limit 50 or more | | PI plots below "A" line | MH | Elastic silt ^{K,L,M} |
| | | Organic | Liquid limit - oven dried < 0.7 | '5 OH | Organic clay ^{K,L,M,P} |
| | | | Liquid limit - not dried | 5 ON | Organic silt ^{K,L,M,Q} |
| Highly organic soils | Prima | rily organic matter, dark in co | blor, and organic odor | PT | Peat |

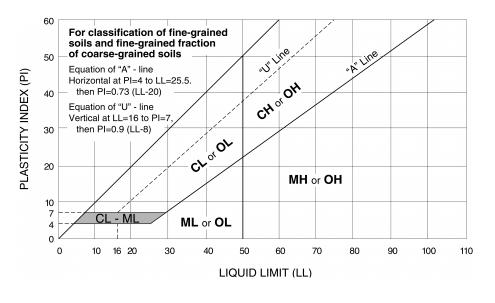
^ABased on the material passing the 3-in. (75-mm) sieve

- ^B If field sample contained cobbles or boulders, or both, add "with cobbles or boulders, or both" to group name.
- ^C Gravels with 5 to 12% fines require dual symbols: GW-GM well graded gravel with silt, GW-GC well graded gravel with clay, GP-GM poorly graded gravel with silt, GP-GC poorly graded gravel with clay.
- ^DSands with 5 to 12% fines require dual symbols: SW-SM well graded sand with silt, SW-SC well graded sand with clay, SP-SM poorly graded sand with silt, SP-SC poorly graded sand with clay

^ECu =
$$D_{60}/D_{10}$$
 Cc = $\frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$

^F If soil contains ≥ 15% sand, add "with sand" to group name. ^G If fines classify as CL-ML, use dual symbol GC-GM, or SC-SM.

- ^HIf fines are organic, add "with organic fines" to group name.
- ¹ If soil contains \ge 15% gravel, add "with gravel" to group name.
- ^J If Atterberg limits plot in shaded area, soil is a CL-ML, silty clay.
- ^K If soil contains 15 to 29% plus No. 200, add "with sand" or "with gravel," whichever is predominant.
- ^L If soil contains \ge 30% plus No. 200 predominantly sand, add "sandy" to group name.
- ^MIf soil contains \ge 30% plus No. 200, predominantly gravel, add "gravelly" to group name.
- ^N PI \ge 4 and plots on or above "A" line.
- ^oPI < 4 or plots below "A" line.
- ^P PI plots on or above "A" line.
- ^QPI plots below "A" line.



ROCK CLASSIFICATION (Based on ASTM C-294)

Sedimentary Rocks

Sedimentary rocks are stratified materials laid down by water or wind. The sediments may be composed of particles or pre-existing rocks derived by mechanical weathering, evaporation or by chemical or organic origin. The sediments are usually indurated by cementation or compaction.

- **Chert** Very fine-grained siliceous rock composed of micro-crystalline or cyrptocrystalline quartz, chalcedony or opal. Chert is various colored, porous to dense, hard and has a conchoidal to splintery fracture.
- **Claystone** Fine-grained rock composed of or derived by erosion of silts and clays or any rock containing clay. Soft massive and may contain carbonate minerals.
- **Conglomerate** Rock consisting of a considerable amount of rounded gravel, sand and cobbles with or without interstitial or cementing material. The cementing or interstitial material may be quartz, opal, calcite, dolomite, clay, iron oxides or other materials.
- **Dolomite** A fine-grained carbonate rock consisting of the mineral dolomite [CaMg(CO₃)₂]. May contain noncarbonate impurities such as quartz, chert, clay minerals, organic matter, gypsum and sulfides. Reacts with hydrochloric acid (HCL).
- **Limestone** A fine-grained carbonate rock consisting of the mineral calcite (CaCO₃). May contain noncarbonate impurities such as quartz, chert, clay minerals, organic matter, gypsum and sulfides. Reacts with hydrochloric acid (HCL).
- **Sandstone** Rock consisting of particles of sand with or without interstitial and cementing materials. The cementing or interstitial material may be quartz, opal, calcite, dolomite, clay, iron oxides or other material.
- **Shale** Fine-grained rock composed of or derived by erosion of silts and clays or any rock containing clay. Shale is hard, platy, of fissile may be gray, black, reddish or green and may contain some carbonate minerals (calcareous shale).
- Siltstone Fine grained rock composed of or derived by erosion of silts or rock containing silt. Siltstones consist predominantly of silt sized particles (0.0625 to 0.002 mm in diameter) and are intermediate rocks between claystones and sandstones and may contain carbonate minerals.

LABORATORY TEST SIGNIFICANCE AND PURPOSE

| TEST | SIGNIFICANCE | PURPOSE | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| California Bearing Ratio | Used to evaluate the potential strength of subgrade soil, subbase, and base course material, including recycled materials for use in road and airfield pavements. | Pavement Thickness Design Foundation Design | | |
| Consolidation | ation Used to develop an estimate of both the rate and amount of both differential and total settlement of a structure. | | | |
| Direct Shear | Used to determine the consolidated drained shear strength of soil or rock. | Bearing Capacity, Foundation Design, and Slope Stability | | |
| Dry Density | Used to determine the in-place density of natural, inorganic, fine-grained soils. | Index Property Soil Behavior | | |
| Expansion | Used to measure the expansive potential of fine-grained soil and to provide a basis for swell potential classification. | Foundation and Slab Design | | |
| Gradation | Used for the quantitative determination of the distribution of particle sizes in soil. | Soil Classification | | |
| Liquid & Plastic Limit, Plasticity Index | Used as an integral part of engineering classification systems to characterize the fine-grained fraction of soils, and to specify the fine-grained fraction of construction materials. | Soil Classification | | |
| Permeability | Used to determine the capacity of soil or rock to conduct a liquid or gas. | Groundwater Flow Analysis | | |
| рН | Used to determine the degree of acidity or alkalinity of a soil. | Corrosion Potential | | |
| Resistivity | Used to indicate the relative ability of a soil medium to carry electrical currents. | Corrosion Potential | | |
| R-Value | Used to evaluate the potential strength of subgrade soil, subbase, and base course material, including recycled materials for use in road and airfield pavements. | Pavement Thickness Design | | |
| Soluble Sulfate | Used to determine the quantitative amount of soluble sulfates within a soil mass. | Corrosion Potential | | |
| Unconfined Compression | To obtain the approximate compressive strength of soils that possess sufficient cohesion to permit testing in the unconfined state. | Bearing Capacity Analysis for Foundations | | |
| Water Content | Used to determine the quantitative amount of water in a soil mass. | Index Property Soil Behavior | | |

REPORT TERMINOLOGY (Based on ASTM D653)

Allowable Soil The recommended maximum contact stress developed at the interface of the foundation element and the supporting material.

- **Alluvium** Soil, the constituents of which have been transported in suspension by flowing water and subsequently deposited by sedimentation.
- Aggregate Base
CourseA layer of specified material placed on a subgrade or subbase usually beneath slabs or
pavements.
 - **Backfill** A specified material placed and compacted in a confined area.
 - **Bedrock** A natural aggregate of mineral grains connected by strong and permanent cohesive forces. Usually requires drilling, wedging, blasting or other methods of extraordinary force for excavation.
 - **Bench** A horizontal surface in a sloped deposit.
- Caisson (Drilled
Pier or Shaft)A concrete foundation element cast in a circular excavation which may have an enlarged
base. Sometimes referred to as a cast-in-place pier or drilled shaft.
- Coefficient of
FrictionA constant proportionality factor relating normal stress and the corresponding shear stress
at which sliding starts between the two surfaces.
- **Colluvium** Soil, the constituents of which have been deposited chiefly by gravity such as at the foot of a slope or cliff.
- **Compaction** The densification of a soil by means of mechanical manipulation
- Concrete Slab-on-
GradeA concrete surface layer cast directly upon a base, subbase or subgrade, and typically used
as a floor system.
 - **Differential** Unequal settlement or heave between, or within foundation elements of structure. **Movement**
- *Earth Pressure* The pressure exerted by soil on any boundary such as a foundation wall.
 - **ESAL** Equivalent Single Axle Load, a criteria used to convert traffic to a uniform standard, (18,000 pound axle loads).
- *Engineered Fill* Specified material placed and compacted to specified density and/or moisture conditions under observations of a representative of a geotechnical engineer.
- **Equivalent Fluid** A hypothetical fluid having a unit weight such that it will produce a pressure against a lateral support presumed to be equivalent to that produced by the actual soil. This simplified approach is valid only when deformation conditions are such that the pressure increases linearly with depth and the wall friction is neglected.
- *Existing Fill (or* Materials deposited throughout the action of man prior to exploration of the site.
- **Existing Grade** The ground surface at the time of field exploration.

Man-Made Fill)

REPORT TERMINOLOGY (Based on ASTM D653)

| Expansive Potential | The potential of a soil to expand (increase in volume) due to absorption of moisture. |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Finished Grade | The final grade created as a part of the project. |
| Footing | A portion of the foundation of a structure that transmits loads directly to the soil. |
| Foundation | The lower part of a structure that transmits the loads to the soil or bedrock. |
| Frost Depth | The depth at which the ground becomes frozen during the winter season. |
| Grade Beam | A foundation element or wall, typically constructed of reinforced concrete, used to span between other foundation elements such as drilled piers. |
| Groundwater | Subsurface water found in the zone of saturation of soils or within fractures in bedrock. |
| Heave | Upward movement. |
| Lithologic | The characteristics which describe the composition and texture of soil and rock by observation. |
| Native Grade | The naturally occurring ground surface. |
| Native Soil | Naturally occurring on-site soil, sometimes referred to as natural soil. |
| Optimum Moisture Content | The water content at which a soil can be compacted to a maximum dry unit weight by a given compactive effort. |
| Perched Water | Groundwater, usually of limited area maintained above a normal water elevation by the presence of an intervening relatively impervious continuous stratum. |
| Scarify | To mechanically loosen soil or break down existing soil structure. |
| Settlement | Downward movement. |
| Skin Friction (Side Shear) | The frictional resistance developed between soil and an element of the structure such as a drilled pier. |
| Soil (Earth) | Sediments or other unconsolidated accumulations of solid particles produced by the physical and chemical disintegration of rocks, and which may or may not contain organic matter. |
| Strain | The change in length per unit of length in a given direction. |
| Stress | The force per unit area acting within a soil mass. |
| Strip | To remove from present location. |
| Subbase | A layer of specified material in a pavement system between the subgrade and base course. |
| Subgrade | The soil prepared and compacted to support a structure, slab or pavement system. |
| | |

STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS

FOR

THE RESERVES AT EAGLE POINT NEW APARTMENT COMPLEX AURORA, COLORAD

PREPARED BY

JEFFREY L. WRIGHT, P.E. & MICHAEL J. FALBE, P.E. & RYAN M. HAGEDORN, P.E.

OF

BOB D. CAMPBELL & COMPANY, INC. STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS 4338 BELLEVIEW AVENUE KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64111 (816) 531-4144

Structural plan review is limited to a general survey for code compliance. No review is implied nor was undertaken to verify structural adequacy.

JonesGillamRenz ARCHITECTS 1881 MAIN STREET, SUITE 301 KANSAS CITY, MO 64108 785.827.0386



NOVEMBER 2, 2023

Page 1 of 35



Structural Engineers Since 1957 4338 Belleview Ave. 816.531.4144 Kansas City, MO 64111 www.bdc-engrs.com

| Project: | Reserves at Eagle Point |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| Project No.: | JGR2304 |
| Location: | Aurora, CO |
| By: | MJF / RMH |
| Date: | 11/1/2023 |

Structural Design Criteria

Building Code:

International Building Code (IBC 2021) Concrete: ACI 318-19 Steel: AISC 360-16 Wood: NDS 2018 Connections: ASCE 7-16 ANSI as approved in 2016

Basic Load Combinations - Allowable Stress Design (ASCE7-10)

D D+L D+(Lr or S or R) D+0.75L+0.75(Lr or S of R) D+(0.6W or 0.7E) D+0.75L+0.75(0.6W)+0.75(IR or S or R) D+0.75L+0.75(0.7E)+0.75S 0.6D+0.6W0.6D+0.7E

Structural Design Loads

Dead Loads:

| Roof | 20 psf |
|----------------------|--------|
| Floors | 40 psf |
| | |
| Live Loads: | |
| Roofs | 25 psf |
| Floors | 40 psf |
| Decks | 60 psf |
| Maintenance Platform | 40 psf |

Geotechnical Report

 Report #
 23.22.003

 By:
 Cole Garnger Geotechnical

 Description:
 Spread footings and continuous wall footings are designed to bear on soil capable of safely sustaining 2,500psf

Materials

| Steel: | Beams & Columns: Miscellaneous steel: Tubes & Pipes: | ASTM A992, Grade 50 ASTM A36 ASTM A500, Grade B |
|---------------|--|--|
| Concrete: | 3500 psi (footings, grade beams 4000 psi (interior flatwork) 4500 psi w/ 6% +/- 1% air entra | , |
| Reinf. Steel: | ASTM A615 or A706 Grade 60 | steel |
| Wood: | Joists, beams, & trusses LVL Members PSL Members | No. 2 DF-L or SP Fb=2,600psf, E=1,900ksi Fb=2,900psf, E=2,000ksi |



City of Aurora Public Works Department

ENGINEERING DESIGN CRITERIA

Building Division • 15151 E. Alameda Parkway, Ste 2400 • Aurora, CO 80012 303.739.7420 • Email: permitcounter@auroragov.org

CLIMATIC AND GEOGRAPHIC CRITERIA FOR THE 2021 I-CODES :

| Roof Snow Load - $P_f P_s$ | Calculate psf (Pergola 20 psf) |
|---|--|
| Ground Snow Load - Pg | 40 psf |
| Basic Wind Speed - V _{mph} | 105-110 Risk Category II, 110-115 Risk Category III, |
| Linear interpolation is permitted between contours. | 115-120 Risk Category IV, 100-105 Risk Category I |
| Special Wind Region | No |
| Topographic Effects | No |
| Exposure Category | IRC R301.2.1.4 or IBC 1609.4.3 |
| Seismic Design Category Residential | В |
| Seismic Design Category Commercial | Per IBC chapter 16 |
| Weathering | Severe |
| Minimum Frost Depth for Foundations | 36 inches |
| Winter Design Temperature | 1 DEGREE (F) |
| Ice Barrier Underlayment Required | Yes |
| Flood Hazard | Varies – See City Code Chapter 70 |
| Air Freezing Index | 712 |
| Mean Annual Temperature | 50 DEGREES (F) |



4338 Belleview Ave. 816.531.4144 Kansas City, MO 64111 www.bdc-engrs.com

| Project: | Reserves at Eagle Point | |
|--------------|-------------------------|--|
| Project No.: | JGR2304 | |
| Location: | Aurora, CO | |
| By: | MJF / RMH | |
| Date: | 11/1/2023 | |

Wind Loads

International Building Code 2015 / ASCE7-10

ASCE 7-10:

Chapter 26 - General Requirements

Occupancy Risk Category Basic Wind Speed, V Wind Directionality Factor, Kd Exposure Category Topographic Factor, Kzt Gust Effect Factor, G Enclosure Classification Internal Pressure Coefficient, Gcpi (Case 1) Internal Pressure Coefficient, Gcpi (Case 2)

| 115 | mph |
|----------|-----|
| 0.85 | |
| В | |
| 1.00 | |
| 0.85 | |
| Enclosed | |
| 0.18 | |
| -0.18 | |

Table 1.5-2, p. 4 Figure 26.5-1A, B, C, pp. 191a-193b Table 26.6-1, p. 194 26.7.3, p. 195 26.8.2, p. 195 26.9.1, p. 198 26.10, p. 200 Table 26.11-1, p. 201 Table 26.11-1, p. 201

Spreadsheet password = bdc

Chapter 27 - Wind Loads on Buildings - MWFRS (Directional Procedure)

| Windward Wall - Case 1 (Positive Internal Pressure) | | | | |
|---|--------|------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| | Kz | Velocity Pressure, qz | Ср | Design Wind Pressure |
| z (ft) | p. 205 | qz = 0.00256KzKztKdV^2 | p. 207 | p = qGCp - qi(Gcpi) |
| 0-15 | 0.57 | 16.40 | 0.8 | 7.22 psf |
| 16-20 | 0.62 | 17.84 | 0.8 | 8.20 psf |
| 21-25 | 0.66 | 18.99 | 0.8 | 8.98 psf |
| 26-30 | 0.70 | 20.14 | 0.8 | 9.76 psf |
| 31-40 | 0.76 | 21.87 | 0.8 | 10.94 psf |
| 41-50 | 0.81 | 23.31 | 0.8 | 11.91 psf |
| 51-60 | 0.85 | 24.46 | 0.8 | 12.70 psf |
| 61-70 | 0.89 | 25.61 | 0.8 | 13.48 psf |
| 71-80 | 0.93 | 26.76 | 0.8 | 14.26 psf |
| 81-90 | 0.96 | 27.63 | 0.8 | 14.85 psf |
| 91-100 | 0.99 | 28.49 | 0.8 | 15.44 psf |

| Design Wind Pressure |
|----------------------|
| Windward + Leeward |
| 20.45 psf |
| 21.43 psf |
| 22.21 psf |
| 22.99 psf |
| 24.17 psf |
| 25.15 psf |
| 25.93 psf |
| 26.71 psf |
| 27.49 psf |
| 28.08 psf |
| 28.67 psf |

| Leeward Wall - Case 1 (Positive Internal Pressure) | | | | |
|--|--------|------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Mean Roof Height | Kz | Velocity Pressure, qz | Ср | Design Wind Pressure |
| h (ft) | p. 205 | qz = 0.00256KzKztKdV^2 | p. 264 | p = qGCp - qi(Gcpi) |
| 35 | 0.76 | 21.87 | -0.5 | -13.23 psf |

| Side Wall - Case 1 (Positive Internal Pressure) | | | | |
|---|--------|------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| Mean Roof Height | Kz | Velocity Pressure, qz | Ср | Design Wind Pressure |
| h (ft) | p. 205 | qz = 0.00256KzKztKdV^2 | p. 264 | p = qGCp - qi(Gcpi) |
| 35 | 0.76 | 21.87 | -0.7 | -16.95 psf |

| Windward Wall - Case 2 (Negative Internal Pressure) | | | | |
|---|--------|------------------------|--------|----------------------|
| | Kz | Velocity Pressure, qz | Ср | Design Wind Pressure |
| z (ft) | p. 205 | qz = 0.00256KzKztKdV^2 | p. 207 | p = qGCp - qi(Gcpi) |
| 0-15 | 0.57 | 16.40 | 0.8 | 15.09 psf |
| 16-20 | 0.62 | 17.84 | 0.8 | 16.07 psf |
| 21-25 | 0.66 | 18.99 | 0.8 | 16.85 psf |
| 26-30 | 0.70 | 20.14 | 0.8 | 17.63 psf |
| 31-40 | 0.76 | 21.87 | 0.8 | 18.81 psf |
| 41-50 | 0.81 | 23.31 | 0.8 | 19.79 psf |
| 51-60 | 0.85 | 24.46 | 0.8 | 20.57 psf |
| 61-70 | 0.89 | 25.61 | 0.8 | 21.35 psf |
| 71-80 | 0.93 | 26.76 | 0.8 | 22.14 psf |
| 81-90 | 0.96 | 27.63 | 0.8 | 22.72 psf |
| 91-100 | 0.99 | 28.49 | 0.8 | 23.31 psf |

| Leeward Wall - Case 2 (Negative Internal Pressure) | | | | |
|--|--------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------|
| Mean Roof Height | Kz | Velocity Pressure, qz | Ср | Design Wind Pressure |
| h (ft) | p. 205 | qz = 0.00256KzKztKdV^2 | p. 264 | p = qGCp - qi(Gcpi) |
| 35 | 0.76 | 21.87 | -0.5 | -5.36 psf |
| Side Wall - Case 1 (Negative Internal Pressure) | | | | |
| Mean Roof Height | Kz | Velocity Pressure, qz | Ср | Design Wind Pressure |
| h (ft) | p. 205 | qz = 0.00256KzKztKdV^2 | | p = qGCp - qi(Gcpi) |
| 35 | 0.76 | 21.87 | Page 74 or 3 | • -9.08 psf |

| Design Wind Pressure Windward + Leeward |
|--|
| 20.45 psf |
| 21.43 psf |
| 22.21 psf |
| 22.99 psf |
| 24.17 psf |
| 25.15 psf |
| 25.93 psf |
| 26.71 psf |
| 27.49 psf |
| 28.08 psf |
| 28.67 psf |



Structural EngineersSince 19574338 Belleview Ave.816.531.4144Kansas City, MO 64111www.bdc-engrs.com

| Project: | Reserves at Eagle Point |
|--------------|-------------------------|
| Project No.: | JGR2304 |
| Location: | Aurora, CO |
| By: | MJF / RMH |
| Date: | 11/1/2023 |

Earthquake Loads

| International Building Code 2015 / ASCE7-10 | | . Spreadsheet password = bdc |
|---|---|--|
| Occupancy Risk Category Ss S1 Site Class (per soil report or assume D Site Coefficient, F <i>a</i> Site Coefficient, Fv | ll 18.8 %g 5.4 %g D 1.6 2.4 | (ASCE 7-10) (Table 1.5-1) (Figure 22-1) (Figure 22-2) (Table 20.3-1) (Table 11.4-1) (Table 11.4-2) |
| Importance Factor, | 1.0 | (Table 1.5-1) |
| 11.4.3 Site coefficients and adjusted maximum considered | earthquake response acceler | ation parameter |
| for short periods, Sms = Fa*Ss at 1-second period, Sm1 = Fv*S′ | 0.301 0.1296 | (Equation 11.4-1) (Equation 11.4-2) |
| 11.4.4 Design spectral response acceleration parameters | | |
| Sds = (2/3)*Sms Sd1 = (2/3)*Sm1 | 0.201 0.086 | |
| Seismic Design Category | В | (Tables 11.6-1 and 11.6-2) |
| 12.8 Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure | | |
| Seismic Force Resisting System Response Modification Factor, F Cs = Sds/(R/I) Seismic Base Shear, V = CsW W = Effective seismic weight per Section 12.7.2 | Light Framed Walls with She 2.0 0.100 0.100 W | ar Panels of other ma (Table 12.2-1) (12.8-1) |



Kansas City, MO 64111 www.bdc-engrs.com

Permit # 2023-2396754-CM RSN 1762840ject Title:

Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

ASCE 7-16 Wind Forces, Chapter 27, Part 1

LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30

Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc.

Project File: JGR2304.ec6 (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023

Basic Values

| Risk Category V : Basic Wind Speed | • | r ASCE 7-10 Table r ASCE 7-10 Fig. 2 | | | m. in North-South m. in East-West I | , | , |
|--|---------------|---|--------------|--|--|------------------------------|--|
| Kd : Directionality Factor | • | r ASCE 7-10 Table | | h : Mean Roo | | | = 35.0 ft |
| Exposure Category | per ASCE 7-10 | Section 26.7 | Topograph | nic Factor per A | SCE 7-10 Sec 26 | 6.8 & Figure 26.8 | -1 |
| North : Exposure B South : Exposure B | West : | Exposure B Exposure B | Souti Eas | h: K1 = h: K1 = t: K1 = t: K1 = | K2 = K2 = K2 = K2 = | K3 = K3 = K3 = K3 = | Kzt = 1.000 Kzt = 1.000 Kzt = 1.000 Kzt = 1.000 |
| Building Period & Flexibility (| Category | | wes | I. KI – | rz – | N3 - | NZL - 1.000 |

User has specified the building frequency is >= 1 Hz, therefore considered RIGID for both North-South and East-West directions.

Building Story Data

| | hi | Story Ht | E _R :X | E _R :X | | |
|-------------------|--|----------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Level Description | ft | ft | ft | ft | | |
| Roof Brg | 31.91 | 10.81 | 0.000 | 0.000 | | |
| 3rd Floor | 21.10 | 10.55 | 0.000 | 0.000 | | |
| 2nd Floor | 10.55 | 10.55 | 0.000 | 0.000 | | |
| Gust Factor | For wind coming from direction indicated | | | | | |

| Oust ractor | | | I of while confining from all coulon malead | | | | |
|-------------|---|-------|---|---|-------|--|--|
| North | = | 0.850 | South | = | 0.850 | | |
| East | = | 0.850 | West | = | 0.850 | | |

0.575

16.54

<u>Enclosure</u>

8.00

Check if Building Qualifies as "Oper

| | | North Wall | South Wall | East Wall | West Wall | <u>Roof</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|----------|-------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| Agross | | 1.0 ft^2 | 1.0 ft^2 | 1.0 ft^2 | 1.0 ft^2 | ft^2 | 4.0 ft^2 |
| Aopenii | ngs | ft^2 | ft^2 | ft^2 | ft^2 | ft^2 | 0.0 ft^2 |
| Aopening | gs >= 0.8 * Agros | s? No | No | No | No | | |

All four Agross values must be non-zero Building does NOT qualify as "Open"

0.575

16.54

User has specified the Building is to be considered Enclosed when NORTH elevation receives positiv User has specified the Building is to be considered Enclosed when SOUTH elevation receives positiv User has specified the Building is to be considered Enclosed when EAST elevation receives positive User has specified the Building is to be considered Enclosed when WEST elevation receives positive Velocity Pressures

| When the following | ng walls | experier | nce leeward o | or sidewall pr | essures, the | value of Kh shall | be (pei | r Table 27.3- | -1) : | | |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------------|----------|---------------|--------|----------|--------|
| North Wall = | 0.7321 p | osf S | outh Wall = | 0.7321 psf | East Wall | = 0.7321psf | We | est Wall = | 0.7321 | osf | |
| When the followir | ng walls | experier | nce leeward o | or sidewall pr | essures, the | value of qh shall | be (per | Eq 27.3-1) : | : | | |
| North Wall = | 21.069 p | osf S | outh Wall = | 21.069 psf | East Wall | = 21.069psf | We | est Wall = | 21.069 | osf | |
| qz : Windward Wa | all Veloc | ity Press | sures at vario | ous heights p | er Eq. 27.3-1 | | | | | | |
| | | North E | Elevation | So | uth Elevation | Ea | ast Elev | /ation | | West Ele | vation |
| Height Above Base | (ft) | Kz | qz | Ka | z qz | K | Z | qz | | Kz | qz |
| 0.00 | | 0.575 | 16.54 | 0.5 | 75 16.54 | C | .575 | 16.54 | | 0.575 | 16.54 |
| 4.00 | | 0.575 | 16.54 | 0.5 | 75 16.54 | C | .575 | 16.54 | | 0.575 | 16.54 |

0.575

16.54

0.575

16.54



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RSN 1762940ect Title: Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

....

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 **New Apartments**

Project File: JGR2304.ec6 ASCE 7-16 Wind Forces, Chapter 27, Part 1 LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30 (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023 Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc. 12.00 0.575 16.54 0.575 16.54 0.575 16.54 0.575 16.54 16.00 0.585 16.85 0.585 16.85 0.585 16.85 0.585 16.85 20.00 0.624 17.96 0.624 0.624 17.96 0.624 17.96 17.96 24.00 0.657 18.92 0.657 18.92 0.657 18.92 0.657 18.92 28.00 0.687 19.77 0.687 19.77 0.687 19.77 0.687 19.77 32.00 0.714 20.54 0.714 20.54 0.714 20.54 0.714 20.54 GCpi Values when elevation receives positive external pressure

Pressure Coefficients

GCpi : Internal pressure coefficient, per sec. 26.11 and Table 26.11-1

| | North | | South | | East | | west |
|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|-----|-------|
| +/- | 0.180 | +/- | 0.180 | +/- | 0.180 | +/- | 0.180 |

Specify Cp Values from Figure 27.4-1 for Windward, Leeward & Side Walls

Cp Values when elevation receives positive external pressure

| | North | South | East | West |
|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Windward Wall | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.80 |
| Leeward Wall | -0.50 | -0.50 | -0.50 | -0.50 |
| Side Walls | -0.70 | -0.70 | -0.70 | -0.70 |

Wind Pressures

Wind Pressures when NORTH Elevation receives positive external wind pressure

| | Positive Internal | Negative Interna | l |
|--|--|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Leeward Wall Pressures Side Wall Pressures | -12.747 psf -16.329 psf | -5.162 psf -8.744 psf | |
| Windward Wall Pressure Height Above Base (ft) | s Positive Internal Pressure (psf) | Negative In Pressure | ternal (psf) |
| 0.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 4.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 8.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 12.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 16.00 | | 7.66 | 15.25 |
| 20.00 | | 8.42 | 16.00 |
| 24.00 | | 9.07 | 16.66 |
| 28.00 | | 9.65 | 17.23 |
| 32.00 | | 10.17 | 17.76 |

Wind Pressures when SOUTH Elevation receives positive external wind pressure

| | Positive Internal | Negative Interna | al |
|--|--|-------------------------|------------------|
| Leeward Wall Pressures | -12.747 psf | -5.162 psf | |
| Side Wall Pressures | -16.329 psf | -8.744 psf | |
| Windward Wall Pressure Height Above Base (ft) | s Positive Internal Pressure (psf) | Negative Ir Pressure | iternal (psf) |
| 0.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 4.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 8.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 12.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 16.00 | | 7.66 | 15.25 |
| 20.00 | | 8.42 | 16.00 |
| 24.00 | | 9.07 | 16.66 |
| 28.00 | | 9.65 | 17.23 |
| 32.00 | | 10.17 | 17.76 |



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Permit # 2023-2396754-CM

RSN 1762949ect Title: Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

ASCE 7-16 Wind Forces, Chapter 27, Part 1

LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30

Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc.

Project File: JGR2304.ec6

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Wind Pressures when EAST Elevation receives positive external wind pressure

| | Positive Internal | Negative Internal | <u>l</u> |
|--|--|--------------------------|----------------|
| Leeward Wall Pressures | -12.747 psf | -5.162 psf | |
| Side Wall Pressures | -16.329 psf | -8.744 psf | |
| Windward Wall Pressure Height Above Base (ft) | s Positive Internal Pressure (psf) | Negative Int Pressure | ernal (psf) |
| 0.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 4.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 8.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 12.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 16.00 | | 7.66 | 15.25 |
| 20.00 | | 8.42 | 16.00 |
| 24.00 | | 9.07 | 16.66 |
| 28.00 | | 9.65 | 17.23 |
| 32.00 | | 10.17 | 17.76 |

Wind Pressures when WEST Elevation receives positive external wind pressure

| | Positive Internal | Negative Internal | <u>l</u> |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Leeward Wall Pressures | -12.747 psf | -5.162 psf | |
| Side Wall Pressures | -16.329 psf | -8.744 psf | |
| Windward Wall Pressure | s Positive Internal | Negative Int | |
| Height Above Base (ft) | Pressure (psf) | Pressure | (psf) |
| 0.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 4.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 8.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 12.00 | | 7.45 | 15.04 |
| 16.00 | | 7.66 | 15.25 |
| 20.00 | | 8.42 | 16.00 |
| 24.00 | | 9.07 | 16.66 |
| 28.00 | | 9.65 | 17.23 |
| 32.00 | | 10.17 | 17.76 |

Story Forces for Design Wind Load Cases

Values below are calculated based on a building with dimensions B x L x h as defined on the "Basic Values" tab.

| | | Desiletine en la com | | Taile 11 - Cale 4 | Wind Shear C | omponents (ł | <)Eccentrici | , () | |
|-----------|---------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|------------|
| Load Case | Windward Wall | Building leve | I Ht. Range | Trib. Height | In "Y" Direction | In "X" Directio | M" Shear | "X" Shear M | 1t, (ft-k) |
| CASE 1 | North | Level 3 | 26.51' -> 31.9 | 9 5.41 | -21.94 | | | | |
| CASE 1 | North | Level 2 | 15.83' -> 26.9 | 5 10.68 | -41.02 | | | | |
| CASE 1 | North | Level 1 | 5.28' -> 15.8 | 3: 10.55 | -38.37 | | | | |
| CASE 1 | South | Level 3 | 26.51' -> 31.9 | 9 5.41 | 21.94 | | | | |
| CASE 1 | South | Level 2 | 15.83' -> 26. | 5 10.68 | 41.02 | | | | |
| CASE 1 | South | Level 1 | 5.28' -> 15.8 | 10.55 | 38.37 | | | | |
| CASE 1 | East | Level 3 | 26.51' -> 31.9 | 9 5.41 | | -8.53 | | | |
| CASE 1 | East | Level 2 | 15.83' -> 26. | 5 10.68 | | -15.95 | | | |
| CASE 1 | East | Level 1 | 5.28' -> 15.8 | 10.55 | | -14.92 | | | |
| CASE 1 | West | Level 3 | 26.51' -> 31.9 | 9 5.41 | | 8.53 | | | |
| CASE 1 | West | Level 2 | 15.83' -> 26. | 5 10.68 | | 15.95 | | | |
| CASE 1 | West | Level 1 | 5.28' -> 15.8 | 10.55 | | 14.92 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |



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ASCE 7-16 Wind Forces, Chapter 27, Part 1

Permit # 2023-2396754-CM

Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc.

RSN 1762840 ect Title: Engineer: Project ID:

Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

Project File: JGR2304.ec6

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CASE 2 5.41 North Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 -16.46 27.00 444.4 CASE 2 North Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 -30.76 830.6 27.00 CASE 2 North Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 -28.78 27.00 777.1 ---South CASE 2 Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 16.46 444.4 ---27.00 15.83' -> CASE 2 South Level 2 26.5 10.68 30.76 830.6 ---27.00 ___ CASE 2 South Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 28.78 777.1 27.00 ___ CASE 2 East 26.51' -> 31.9 -6.40 10.50 Level 3 5.41 ---- -67.2 CASE 2 East Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 ___ -11.96 10.50 ___ 125.6 CASE 2 East 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 117.5 Level 1 -11.19 ---10.50 6.40 CASE 2 West Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 67.2 ---10.50 ---_ CASE 2 West Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 ---11.96 10.50 125.6 ---CASE 2 West 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 117.5 Level 1 11.19 10.50 ___ ---CASE 3 North & East 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 -16.46 -6.40 Level 3 CASE 3 North & East Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 -30.76 -11.96 ------CASE 3 North & East Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 -28.78 -11.19 ---CASE 3 North & West Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 -16.466.40 ------CASE 3 North & West Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 -30.76 11.96 ------CASE 3 North & West Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 -28.78 11.19 ------16.46 South & West 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 6.40 CASE 3 Level 3 ___ ___ ___ CASE 3 South & West Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 30.76 11.96 CASE 3 South & West Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 28.78 11.19 ___ 26.51' -> 31.9 CASE 3 South & East Level 3 5.41 16.46 -6.40CASE 3 South & East Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 30.76 -11.96 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 CASE 3 South & East Level 1 28.78 -11.19 ------CASE 4 North & East Level 3 26.51' -> 5.41 -12.35 384.0 31.9 -4.80 10.50 27.00 CASE 4 North & East Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 -23.09 -8.98 717.8 10.50 27.00 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 CASE 4 North & East Level 1 -21.60 -8.40 10.50 27.00 671.6 CASE 4 North & West Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 -12.35 4.80 10.50 27.00 384.0 CASE 4 North & West Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 -23.09 8.98 10.50 27.00 717.8 5.28' -> CASE 4 North & West Level 1 15.83 10.55 -21.60 8.40 671.6 10.50 27.00 CASE 4 South & West Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 12.35 4.80 384.0 10.50 27.00 CASE 4 South & West Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 23.09 8.98 10.50 27.00 717.8 CASE 4 South & West Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 21.60 8.40 671.6 10.50 27.00 CASE 4 South & East Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 12.35 -4.80 10.50 27.00 384.0 CASE 4 South & East Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 23.09 -8.98 717.8 10.50 27.00 CASE 4 South & East 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 21.60 -8.40 671.6 Level 1 10.50 27.00 Min per ASCE 27.4. North Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 -15.57 ---___ North 26.5 Min per ASCE 27.4. Level 2 15.83' -> 10.68 -30.76 ---___ North 5.28' -> 15.83 Min per ASCE 27.4. Level 1 10.55 -30.38 ------South 31.9 Min per ASCE 27.4. Level 3 26.51' -> 5.41 15.57 ---____ ___ Min per ASCE 27.4. South Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 30.76 ---------___ 5.28' -> 30.38 Min per ASCE 27.4. South Level 1 15.83 10.55 ___ Min per ASCE 27.4. East Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 -6.05 Min per ASCE 27.4. 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 East Level 2 -11.96 ___ 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 Min per ASCE 27.4. East Level 1 -11.82 ___



RSN 1762840 Ect Title: Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

Project File: JGR2304.ec6 ASCE 7-16 Wind Forces, Chapter 27, Part 1 LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30 Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc. (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023 Min per ASCE 27.4. West Level 3 26.51' -> 31.9 5.41 6.05 ---___ ___ Min per ASCE 27.4. West Level 2 15.83' -> 26.5 10.68 11.96 ---Min per ASCE 27.4. West Level 1 5.28' -> 15.83 10.55 11.82 ___ North **Base Shear for Design Wind Load Cas** +Y Values below are calculated based on a building with dimensions B x L x h as defined on the "General" tab. Χ

| Load Case | Windward Wall | Leeward Wall | Wind Base She In "Y" Direction | ear Components (k) In "X" Direction | Mt, (ft-k) | West | +X |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|------------|------|----|
| Case 1 | North | South | -101.34 | | | | |
| Case 1 | South | North | 101.34 | | | | |
| Case 1 | East | West | | -39.41 | | | |
| Case 1 | West | East | | 39.41 | | | |
| Case 2 | North | South | -76.00 | | - 2,052.1 | | |
| Case 2 | South | North | 76.00 | | - 2,052.1 | | |
| Case 2 | East | West | | -29.56 | /- 310.3 | | |
| Case 2 | West | East | | 29.56 | /- 310.3 | | |
| Case 3 | North & East | South & West | -76.00 | -29.56 | | | |
| Case 3 | North & West | South & East | -76.00 | 29.56 | | | |
| Case 3 | South & West | North & East | 76.00 | 29.56 | | | |
| Case 3 | South & East | North & West | 76.00 | -29.56 | | | |
| Case 4 | North & East | South & West | -57.05 | -22.19 | - 1,773.4 | | |
| Case 4 | North & West | South & East | -57.05 | 22.19 | - 1,773.4 | | |
| Case 4 | South & West | North & East | 57.05 | 22.19 | - 1,773.4 | | |
| Case 4 | South & East | North & West | 57.05 | -22.19 | - 1,773.4 | | |
| Min per ASCE 27.4.7 | North | South | -76.71 | | | | |
| Min per ASCE 27.4.7 | South | North | 76.71 | | | | |
| Min per ASCE 27.4.7 | | West | | -29.83 | | | |
| Min per ASCE 27.4.7 | West | East | | 29.83 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |



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Permit # 2023-2396754-CM

RSN 1762940 ect Title: Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

| ASCE 7-16 Seismic Base Shear | | | | | | - | JGR2304.ec6 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|
| LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30 | | Bob D. Car | npbell | and Co., Inc. | | (c) ENERCAL | C INC 1983-2023 |
| DESCRIPTION: Seismic Base Shear A | nalysis | | | | | | |
| Specific Description:None | | | | | | | |
| Risk Category | | | | | | Calculations | per ASCE 7-1 |
| Risk Category of Building or Other Structure : "II" | | ingo ond o | thore | tructures exe | ant those listed as Co | SCE 7-16, Pag | e 4, Table 1.5-1 |
| I, II | I, and IV | ings and o | uner s | anuclures exc | ept those listed as Ca | llegory | , |
| Seismic Importance Factor = | 1 | | | | | ASCE 7-16, Pag | ge 5, Table 1.5- |
| JSER DEFINED Ground Motion | | | | | | AS | CE 7-16 11.4.2 |
| Max. Ground Motions, 5% Damping | | | | | | | |
| $S_{S} = 0.1670 \text{ g}, 0.2 \text{ sec response}$ | | | | | | | |
| $S_1 = 0.0560 \text{ g}, 1.0 \text{ sec response}$ | | | | | | | |
| For the closest datapoint grid location | | | | | | | |
| Latitude = 0.000 deg North | า | | | | | | |
| Longitude = 0.000 deg Wes | t | | | | | | |
| Site Class, Site Coeff. and Design Categ | jory | | | | | | |
| Classification: "D" : Shear Wave Velocity 600 to 1,2 | 200 ft/sec | | = | D (By De | efault per 11.4.3) | ASCE 7 | -16 Table 20.3- |
| Site Coefficients Fa & Fv | | Fa | = | 1.60 | | ASCE 7-16 Table | 11.4-1 & 11.4-2 |
| (using straight-line interpolation from table val | | Fv | = | 2.40 | | | |
| Maximum Considered Earthquake Accelerat | S _{MS} = | Fa * Ss | = | 0.267 | | ASCE | 7-16 Eq. 11.4-1 |
| | s _{M1} = | Fv * S1 | = | 0.134 | | ASCE | 7-16 Eq. 11.4-2 |
| Design Spectral Acceleration | S = 5 | S _{MS} * 2/3 | = | 0.178 | | ASCE | 7-16 Eq. 11.4-3 |
| 5 | | MS =/ ° S _{M1} * 2/3 | = | 0.090 | | | 7-16 Eq. 11.4-4 |
| Seismic Design Category | D1 | M1 | = | В | | | able 11.6-1 & -2 |
| Resisting System | | | | D | | | |
| | ring Woll | Sustama | | | | A302 7- | 16 Table 12.2-1 |
| | | Systems ne (wood) | walls | sheathed w | /wood structural pai | nels rated for shear re | esistance. |
| Response Modification Coefficient " F = 6.5 | 50 | | - | ht Limits : | | | |
| System Overstrength Factor "Wo " = 2.8 | 50 | | | & B" Limit: " Limit: | No Limit No Limit | | |
| Deflection Amplification Factor "Cd = 4. | 00 | Categ | ory "Ľ |)" Limit: | Limit = 65 | | |
| NOTE! See ASCE 7-16 for all applicable footnc | | | | " Limit: | Limit = 65 | | |
| stand Fanas Dua anduna | | Categ | ory "F | " Limit: | Limit = 65 | | Continue 12.8 C |
| ateral Force Procedure | | | | | | ASCE 7-10 | 6 Section 12.8.2 |
| Equivalent Lateral Force Procedure The "Equivalent Lateral For | ce Proce | lure" is bei | ina us | ed according | to the provisions of A | ASCE 7-16 12 8 | |
| | 0011000 | | ing do | <u>iou uccorung</u> | | | e ASCE 12.8-7 |
| Determine Building Period | _ | | | | | 03 | EASCE 12.0-1 |
| Structure Type for Building Period Calcula All Othe | | - | | | | | |
| | n " : Heigl | nt from bas | se to h | nighest level | 32.0 ft | | |
| " x " value = 0.75 " Ta " Approximate fundemental period using Ec | 128-7. | Ta = C | `t * (h | n^x) = | 0.269 sec | | |
| "TL" : Long-period transition period per ASCE 7 | | | × 1 | n x) - | 8.000 sec | | |
| | | | | Period " Ta " (| | oximate Method sel∈= | 0.269 |
| Co. " Bosponso Coofficient | | Dan | anigi | | | | Section 12.8.1.1 |
| Cs "Response Coefficient | = | 0.178 | | From Fo | . 12.8-2, Preliminary | | 0.027 |
| Spa Short Period Design Spectral Response | | 0.170 | | 1.000 29 | o _ , rominiary | | 0.021 |
| S _{DS} : Short Period Design Spectral Response " R " : Response Modification Factor | | 6.50 | | From From | I. 12.8-3 & 12 8-4 Co | 3 need not excee = | 0.051 |
| S _{DS} : Short Period Design Spectral Response " R " : Response Modification Factor " I " : Seismic Importance Factor | = | 6.50 1 | | | . 12.8-3 & 12.8-4 , Cs . 12.8-5 & 12.8-6, Cs | | 0.051 0.010 |



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Permit # 2023-2396754-CM

RSN 1762940 Ect Title: Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

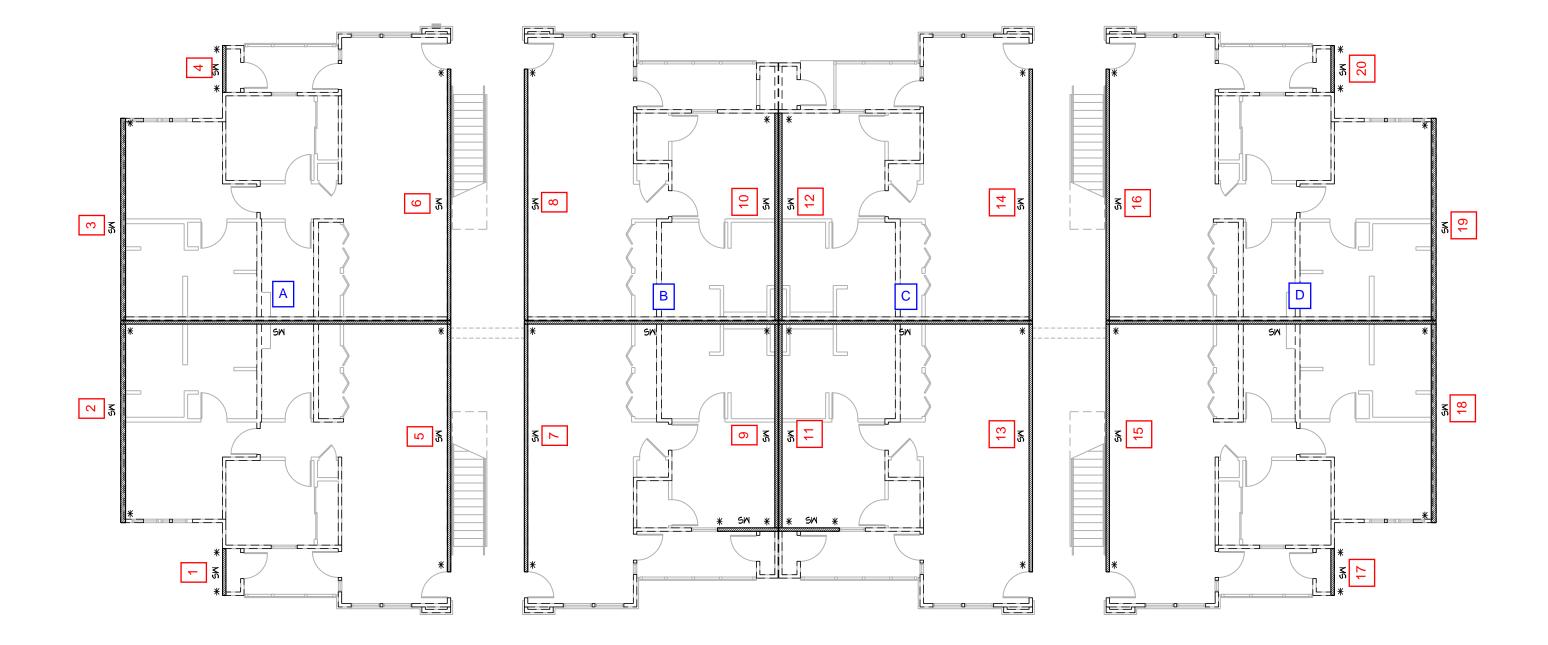
The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

| A | SCE 7-16 | Seismic | Base Sh | near | | | | | Pr | oject File: JG | R2304.ec6 |
|-----|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--------------------|--|------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 02, Build:20.23.09 | | | | . Campbell and C | o., Inc. | | (c |) ENERCALC | INC 1983-2023 |
| D | ESCRIPTIC | DN: Seismio | c Base Sh | ear Analy | SIS | | | | | | |
| Sei | smic Base | Shear | | | | | | | , | ASCE 7-16 S | Section 12.8.1 |
| | Cs = | 0.0274 from | 12.8.1.1 | | | W (se | e Sum W | /i below) = | 1,660.00 | k | |
| | | | | | | Seismic Base S | hear V | = Cs * W = | 45.49 | k | |
| | k " : hx expone | bution of Se ent based on Ta Weights by Flo | a = 1. | orces | NOTE: Ir design si | ncludes 20% of now load | uniform | | , | ASCE 7-16 S | Section 12.8.3 |
| _ | Level # | Wi : We | / | Hi : Hei | ght | (Wi * Hi^k) | Cvx | Fx=Cvx * V | Sum Story | Shear Sum | Story Moment |
| | 3 | 40 | 0.00 | 31.9 | 91 | 12,764.00 | 0.3903 | 17.76 | 1 | 7.76 | 0.00 |
| | 2 | 63 | 0.00 | 21.1 | 10 | 13,293.00 | 0.4065 | 18.49 | 3 | 6.25 | 191.94 |
| _ | 1 | 63 | 0.00 | 10.5 | 55 | 6,646.50 | 0.2032 | 9.25 | 4 | 5.49 | 574.34 |
| | Sum W | /i = 1,66 | 0.00 k | Sum W | /i*Hi = | 32,703.50 k-ft | | Total Base Shea | ar = 45.49 Base Mor | | 054.3 k-ft |
| Dia | phragm Fo | rces : Seisr | nic Desig | n Catego | ory "B" t | o "F" | | | | ASCE 7 | -16 12.10.1.1 |
| | Level # | Wi | Fi | Sum Fi | Sum W | i Fpx : Ca | cd F | ⁻ px : Min | Fpx : Max | Fpx | Dsgn. Force |
| _ | 3 | 400.00 | 17.76 | 17.76 | 400.0 |) 17.7 | 6 | 14.25 | 28.50 | 17.76 | 17.76 |
| | 2 | 630.00 | 18.49 | 36.25 | 1,030.0 |) 22.1 | 7 | 22.44 | 44.89 | 22.44 | 22.44 |
| | 1 | 630.00 | 9.25 | 45.49 | 1,660.0 |) 17.2 | 7 | 22.44 | 44.89 | 22.44 | 22.44 |
| | Fi Sum Fi MIN Req'd MAX Req'd | Force @ Leve Force @ Leve | Des Sun el 0.20 /el 0.40 | ign Lateral n of "Lat. Fo) * S _{DS} * I) * S _{DS} * I | Force ap orce" of c * Wpx * Wpx | plied at the le urrent level pl | vel. us all lev | re elements att els above rent level, n = ⁻ | | | |

| ASD (0.7) STORY FORCES |
|------------------------|
| R - 40.5 kip |
| 3 - 42.1 kip |
| 2 - 31.5 kip |
| |

Apply these worst case loads to all building types.

SEISMIC FORCES CONTROL IN BOTH DIRECTIONS



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BUILDING 'A', 'B', 'C', AND 'F' SHEARWALL DESIGN

JGR2304

DL_{wall}= 0 psf NO DEAD LOAD CONSIDERED TO RESIST UPLIFT -- CONSERVATIVE

| Level | Trib Height | Height to Diaph | Lateral Load at Level | Wall Height | Lateral Load at Level | Trib Width | Lateral Load at Level | Controlli ng | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| | (ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (ft) | (plf) | (ft) | (k) | | | | |
| T/P | | 31.91 | | | | | | | | | |
| R | 5.405 | 31.91 41.6 | | 10.81 | 225 | 180 | 40.5 | Seismic | | | |
| 3 | 10.68 | 21.1 | 22.0 | 10.55 | 235 | 180 | 42.1 | Seismic | | | |
| 2 | 10.55 | 10.55 | 16.6 | 10.55 | 175 | 180 | 31.5 | Seismic | | | |
| 1 | 5.275 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 0.0 | Seismic | | | |
| N/A | /A 0 0 | | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 0.0 | Seismic | | | |
| Base Shear = 114.1 | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note R = 2 therefore gyp shearwalls are permitted when seismic controls

| | Shearwall Types | | |
|------|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Туре | Description | V _{allow} | Ga |
| Type | Description | (plf) | (kips/in.) |
| Α | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 115 | 6 |
| В | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 145 | 7.5 |
| С | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 145 | 7.5 |
| D | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 175 | 8.5 |
| Е | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 230 | 12 |
| F | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 290 | 15 |
| G | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 290 | 15 |
| Н | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 350 | 17 |
| J | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 364 | 15 |
| , | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 6/12 | 504 | 15 |
| к | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 532 | 22 |
| ĸ | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 4/12 | 332 | |
| L | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 490 | 28 |
| L | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 3/12 | 490 | 20 |
| м | (2) Layers 5/8" Gyp, One Side w/ | 250 | 11 |
| 141 | Edges Blocked | 250 | 11 |

increased by 1.4 for shearwalls used to resist wind loads

| | HDU | |
|-----------|--------------------|--|
| Model No. | T _{allow} | Defl. @ Allowable Load, Δ _a |
| | lbs | in. |
| HDU2 | 3,075 | 0.088 |
| HDU4 | 4,565 | 0.114 |
| HDU5 | 5,645 | 0.115 |
| (2)HDU2 | 6,150 | 0.088 |
| (2)HDU4 | 9,130 | 0.114 |
| (2)HDU5 | 11,290 | 0.115 |
| HDU8 | 7,870 | 0.116 |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| Sill Anchor Capacity | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 20d Nail | 272 | lbs | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | 350 | lbs | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Sh | earwall | Unity Cheo | ck Per Floor | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------------------|---------|------------|--------------|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Level | Level R 5 4 3 2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| # of SWs | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 20 | | | | | | | | | |
| Unity | Unity 0.02 0.03 0.03 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

E_{wood}= 1,600,000 (psi) DFL- #2

| _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|----------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Trans | erse | | 1 | r | | | 3.00 | 1 1 | 8,344 | 27 | 1 | Additiona | al DL From I | Bearing | | 1 | | 1 | 633 | 3 | 1 | | | 1.48 | | | | | 10 | |
| Shear | | Trib Width | Length of Shear Wall | Height of Shear Wall | Relative | Relative | Load Dist | V _{Level} | V _{total} | V_{PLF} | OM _{Level} | Trib Width | DL _{Floor} | DL _{Roof} | Total DL | DL | RM _{Level} | T=C _{Level} | T=C _{total} | Number of Chord Studs Each End of Shearwall | Hold Down Shear Wall Type | V _{allow} | Deflection n, δ _{sw} | Total Deflection, $\Sigma \delta_{sw}$ | Sill Spac (inche | - | Shearwall Sched | Hold-Down Sched | Diaphragm to Shearwall | Unity Checks |
| Wall | Level | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | Deflection δ _{rel.} | Stiffness, K = 1/δ _{sw} | Coeff | (lbs) | (lbs) | (plf) | (lb-ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (psf) | (plf) | (lbs) | (lb-ft) | (lbs) | (lbs) | 2x4 2x6 | | (plf) | (in.) | (in.) | 20d Nail 1 | 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | | | (plf) | Sheathing Holdown Chord Studs |
| | R | 5 | 5 | 10.81 | 1.70 | 2.95 | 0.00 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 44 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | 0.50 | 1.48 | 32 | 32 | | | 1 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 |
| | 3 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 1.12 | 4.48 | 0.00 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 87 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 33 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.98 | 32 | 32 | | | 1 | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| 1 | 2 | - | 5 | 10.55 | 0.55 | 9.11 | 0.00 | 3 | 11 | 2 | 118 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 62 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.49 | 0.49 | 32 | 32 | | | 1 | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| | N/A | | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| | R | 20 | 20 | 10.81 | 0.57 | 35.27 | 0.04 | 194 | 194 | 10 | 2,097 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 110 | 2 | HDU5 J | | 0.13 | 0.40 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| 2 | 3 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.04 | 202 | 396 | 20 | 4,178 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 330 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.27 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 7 | 0.05 0.06 0.06 |
| 2 | 2 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.17 | 115.52 | 0.04 | 149 0 | 545 | 27 | 5,748 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 303 0 | 633 | 2 2 | HDU8 K HDU8 K | 532 | | 0.14 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.05 0.08 0.11 |
| | N/A | 20 | 20 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 27 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 0 | 32 0 | | | U | 0.05 0.08 0.11 0.00 0.08 0.11 |
| | N/A R | 20 | 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 35.27 | 0.00 | 194 | 545 194 | 10 | 2,097 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 633 110 | 2 | HDUS J | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.00 0.08 0.11 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| | 3 | 20 | 20 | 10.81 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.04 | 202 | 396 | 20 | 4,178 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 330 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.40 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.05 0.06 0.06 |
| 3 | 2 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.37 | 115.52 | 0.04 | 149 | 545 | 20 | 5,748 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 303 | 633 | 2 | HDU8 K | | _ | 0.27 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.05 0.08 0.11 |
| | 1 | | 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 27 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.05 0.08 0.11 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.08 0.11 |
| | R | 5 | 5 | 10.81 | 1.70 | 2.95 | 0.00 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 44 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 2 | HDU5 J | | 0.50 | 1.48 | 32 | 32 | | | 1 | 0.00 0.00 0.00 |
| | 3 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 1.12 | 4.48 | 0.00 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 87 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 33 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | 0.49 | 0.98 | 32 | 32 | | | 1 | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| 4 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 0.55 | 9.11 | 0.00 | 3 | 11 | 2 | 118 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 62 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 32 | 32 | | | 1 | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| - | N/A | - | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.01 0.01 |
| | R | 15 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 60.95 | 0.07 | 251 | 251 | 9 | 2,718 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 101 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | - | 0.30 | 32 | 32 | | | 9 | 0.02 0.02 0.02 |
| _ | 3 | 15 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.30 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 263 | 515 | 18 | 5,428 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 302 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | - | 0.20 | 32 | 32 | | | 9 | 0.05 0.05 0.05 |
| 5 | 2 | 15 15 | 28 28 | 10.55 0.00 | 0.14 | 203.84 | 0.08 | 197 0 | 712 | 25 25 | 7,507 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 278 0 | 580 580 | 2 | HDU8 K HDU8 K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 32 | 32 32 | | | 0 | 0.05 0.07 0.11 0.05 0.07 0.11 |
| | 1 N/A | | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 712 | 25 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 0 | | | U | 0.05 0.07 0.11 0.00 0.07 0.11 |
| | R R | 15 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.00 | 60.95 | 0.00 | 251 | 251 | 9 | 2,718 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 101 | 2 | HDUS J | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 9 | |
| | 3 | 15 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 263 | 515 | 18 | 5,428 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 302 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.30 | 32 | 32 | | | 9 | 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.05 0.05 0.05 |
| 6 | 2 | 15 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.30 | 203.84 | 0.07 | 197 | 712 | 25 | 7,507 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 580 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | | 5 | 0.05 0.07 0.11 |
| Ŭ | 1 | 15 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 | 25 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | HDU8 K | | | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | , 0 | 0.05 0.07 0.11 |
| | N/A | | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | HDU8 K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | Ū | 0.00 0.07 0.11 |
| | R | 10 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 60.95 | 0.07 | 168 | 168 | 6 | 1,812 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 67 | 2 | HDU5 J | | 0.09 | 0.28 | 32 | 32 | | | 6 | 0.02 0.01 0.01 |
| | 3 | 10 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.30 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 175 | 343 | 12 | 3,619 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134 | 201 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.19 | 32 | 32 | | | 6 | 0.03 0.04 0.04 |
| 7 | 2 | | 28 | 10.55 | | 203.84 | 0.08 | 131 | 474 | 17 | 5,004 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 185 | 386 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | | 5 | 0.03 0.05 0.07 |
| | 1 | 10 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 17 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.05 0.07 |
| | N/A | - | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.05 0.07 |
| | R | 10 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 60.95 | 0.07 | 168 | 168 | 6 | 1,812 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 67 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.28 | 32 | 32 | | | 6 | 0.02 0.01 0.01 |
| 8 | 3 | 10 10 | 28 28 | 10.55 10.55 | 0.30 | 94.48 203.84 | 0.07 | 175 131 | 343 474 | 12 17 | 3,619 5,004 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134 185 | 201 386 | 2 2 | HDU5 J HDU8 K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.19 0.10 | 32 32 | 32 32 | | | 6 5 | 0.03 0.04 0.04 0.03 0.05 0.07 |
| | 1 | | 28 | 0.00 | 0.14 | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0 | 474 | 17 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.10 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.05 0.07 |
| | N/A | | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | HDU8 K | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.05 0.07 |
| | R | 10 | 23 | 10.81 | 0.52 | 44.41 | 0.05 | 122 | 122 | 5 | 1,320 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | | 0.34 | 32 | 32 | | | 5 | 0.01 0.01 0.01 |
| | 3 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.34 | 68.64 | 0.05 | 127 | 250 | 11 | 2,633 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 180 Page 1 | 2 | HDU5 J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 32 | 32 | | | 6 | 0.03 0.03 0.03 |

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BUILDING 'A', 'B', 'C', AND 'F' SHEARWALL DESIGN

JGR2304

| | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-------|------|--------|------|-----|------------|----|-------|---|---|-------|---|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|--------------|---|-----|----------|------|-----|------------|
| 9 | 2 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.16 | 146.68 | 0.05 | 95 | 344 | 15 | 3,630 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 165 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 10 | 23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 15 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | R | 10 | 23 | 10.81 | 0.52 | 44.41 | 0.05 | 122 | 122 | 5 | 1,320 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.34 | 68.64 | 0.05 | 127 | 250 | 11 | 2,633 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 180 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 32 | |
| 10 | 2 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.16 | 146.68 | 0.05 | 95 | 344 | 15 | 3,630 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 165 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 10 | 23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 15 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | í í | , | - | | | | | - | | - | - | | | - | - | - | | | | | | | | | | | - |
| | R | 10 | 23 | 10.81 | 0.52 | 44.41 | 0.05 | 122 | 122 | 5 | 1,320 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 32 | <u> </u> |
| | 3 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.34 | 68.64 | 0.05 | 127 | 250 | 11 | 2,633 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 180 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 32 | <u> </u> |
| 11 | 2 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.16 | 146.68 | 0.05 | 95 | 344 | 15 | 3,630 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 165 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 10 | 23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 15 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - 0 | |
| | R | 10 | 23 | 10.81 | 0.52 | 44.41 | 0.05 | 122 | 122 | 5 | 1,320 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.34 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.34 | 68.64 | 0.05 | 127 | 250 | 11 | 2,633 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 120 | 180 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.11 | 0.23 | 32 | |
| 12 | 2 | 10 | 23 | 10.55 | 0.16 | 146.68 | 0.05 | 95 | 344 | 15 | 3,630 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 165 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.11 | 0.11 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 10 | 23 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 15 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 344 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 345 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | R | 10 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 60.95 | 0.00 | 168 | 168 | 6 | 1,812 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 67 | 2 | | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | 0.09 | 0.28 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 10 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 108 | 343 | 12 | 3,619 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134 | 201 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.28 | 32 | |
| 13 | 3 | 10 | | | | | 0.07 | | 343 474 | 12 | | | - | 0 | | | 134 | | | | HDUS HDU8 | K | | | | 32 | - |
| 13 | 2 | - | 28 | 10.55 | 0.14 | 203.84 | | 131 | | | 5,004 | | | - | 0 | 0 | | 386 | 2 | | | | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | | A - |
| | 1 | 10 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 17 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | - |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | <u> </u> |
| | R | 10 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 60.95 | 0.07 | 168 | 168 | 6 | 1,812 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 67 | 67 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.09 | 0.28 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 10 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.30 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 175 | 343 | 12 | 3,619 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 134 | 201 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.19 | 32 | |
| 14 | 2 | 10 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.14 | 203.84 | 0.08 | 131 | 474 | 17 | 5,004 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 185 | 386 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 10 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 17 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 474 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 386 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | R | 15 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.46 | 60.95 | 0.07 | 251 | 251 | 9 | 2,718 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 101 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 32 | \square |
| | 3 | 15 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.30 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 263 | 515 | 18 | 5,428 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 302 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 32 | |
| 15 | 2 | 15 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.14 | 203.84 | 0.08 | 197 | 712 | 25 | 7,507 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 278 | 580 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 15 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 | 25 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | | | | 10.81 | | | 0.00 | | | | 2,718 | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | 32 | - |
| | ĸ | 15 | 28 | | 0.46 | 60.95 | | 251 | 251 | 9 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 101 | 101 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.30 | | |
| | 3 | 15 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.30 | 94.48 | 0.07 | 263 | 515 | 18 | 5,428 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 302 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 32 | _ |
| 16 | 2 | 15 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.14 | 203.84 | 0.08 | 197 | 712 | 25 | 7,507 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 278 | 580 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 15 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 | 25 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 712 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 580 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | R | 5 | 5 | 10.81 | 1.70 | 2.95 | 0.00 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 44 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.50 | 1.48 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 1.12 | 4.48 | 0.00 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 87 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 33 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.49 | 0.98 | 32 | |
| 17 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 0.55 | 9.11 | 0.00 | 3 | 11 | 2 | 118 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 62 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 32 | H |
| | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | ÷. |
| | R | 20 | 20 | 10.81 | 0.57 | 35.27 | 0.04 | 194 | 194 | 10 | 2,097 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 110 | 2 | i i | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.13 | 0.40 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.04 | 202 | 396 | 20 | 4,178 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 330 | 2 | | HDU5 | | 364 | 0.14 | 0.27 | 32 | Ē. |
| 18 | 2 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.17 | 115.52 | 0.04 | 149 | 545 | 20 | 5,748 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 303 | 633 | 2 | | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 32 | |
| -0 | 1 | 20 | 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 27 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | | HDU8 | V | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | R | 20 | , i | | | | | - | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | K | | | | | - |
| | | 20 | 20 | 10.81 | 0.57 | 35.27 | 0.04 | 194 | 194 | 10 | 2,097 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 110 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.13 | 0.40 | 32 | A - |
| | 3 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.04 | 202 | 396 | 20 | 4,178 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 220 | 330 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.14 | 0.27 | 32 | |
| 19 | 2 | 20 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.17 | 115.52 | 0.04 | 149 | 545 | 27 | 5,748 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 303 | 633 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 32 | |
| | 1 | 20 | 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 27 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 545 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 633 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | |
| | R | 5 | 5 | 10.81 | 1.70 | 2.95 | 0.00 | 4 | 4 | 1 | 44 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.50 | 1.48 | 32 | |
| | 3 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 1.12 | 4.48 | 0.00 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 87 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 | 33 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.49 | 0.98 | 32 | |
| 20 | 2 | 5 | 5 | 10.55 | 0.55 | 9.11 | 0.00 | 3 | 11 | 2 | 118 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 62 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 32 | 4 |
| | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 2 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | Ŧ |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 62 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | ф. |
| | | , i | , v | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | | | - V | 1 | | | , | - ~ | | | | 1 | | | 002 | 0.00 | 0.00 | , v | |

Bob D. Campbell & Co. 11/1/2023

| | | | | 11/1/2023 |
|----------|--------|------|------|-----------|
| 32 | 4 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 0 | - | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 5 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 32 | 4 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 0 | - | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 5 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 32 | 4 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 5 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 |
| 32 | 4 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.04 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| 32 | 5 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 6 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.04 |
| 32 | 5 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.05 | 0.07 |
| 32 | 9 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 32 | 9 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 32 | 7 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.11 |
| 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 9 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 32 32 | 9 7 | 0.05 | 0.05 | 0.05 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.05 | 0.07 | 0.11 |
| 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.07 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 32 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 32 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 0 | - | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 10 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 32 | 10 | 0.05 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 32 | 7 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 10 | 0.03 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 32 | 10 | 0.05 | 0.06 | 0.06 |
| 32 | 7 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.05 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.08 | 0.11 |
| 32 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 32 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 32 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 0 | | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

BUILDING 'A', 'B', 'C', AND 'F' SHEARWALL DESIGN

JGR2304

DL_{wall} = 5 psf MINIMAL L

MINIMAL LOAD CONSIDERED TO RESIST UPLIFT -- CONSERVATIVE

| Level | Trib Height | Height to Diaph | Lateral Load at Level | Wall Height | Lateral Load at Level | Trib Width | Lateral Load at Level | Controlli ng |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| | (ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (ft) | (plf) | (ft) | (k) | I |
| T/P | | 31.91 | | | | | | |
| R | 5.405 | 31.91 | 107.3 | 10.81 | 580 | 70 | 40.5 | Seismic |
| 3 | 10.68 | 21.1 | 56.6 | 10.55 | 605 | 70 | 42.1 | Seismic |
| 2 | 10.55 | 10.55 | 42.7 | 10.55 | 450 | 70 | 31.5 | Seismic |
| 1 | 5.275 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0.0 | Seismic |
| N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0.0 | Seismic |
| | | | Base | e Shear = | | | 114.1 | |

Note R = 2 therefore gyp shearwalls are permitted when seismic controls

| Shearwall Types | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---|-------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Туре | Description | V_{allow} | Ga | | | | | | | |
| турс | Description | (plf) | (kips/in.) | | | | | | | |
| А | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 115 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| В | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 145 | 7.5 | | | | | | | |
| C | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 145 | 7.5 | | | | | | | |
| D | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 175 | 8.5 | | | | | | | |
| Е | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 230 | 12 | | | | | | | |
| F | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 290 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| G | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 290 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| Н | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 350 | 17 | | | | | | | |
| J | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 364 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 6/12 | | | | | | | | | |
| К | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 4/12 | 532 | 22 | | | | | | | |
| L | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 686 | 28 | | | | | | | |
| L | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 3/12 | 060 | 20 | | | | | | | |
| м | 250 | 11 | | | | | | | | |
| | Edges Blocked ds for APA Rated Sheathing have been | 250 | 11 | | | | | | | |

| HDU | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model No. | T _{allow} | Defl. @ Allowable Load, Δ _a | | | | | | | |
| | lbs | in. | | | | | | | |
| HDU2 | 2,400 | 0.109 | | | | | | | |
| HDU4 | 4,270 | 0.109 | | | | | | | |
| HDU5 | 6,675 | 0.125 | | | | | | | |
| (2)HDU2 | 9,485 | 0.124 | | | | | | | |
| (2)HDU4 | 13,080 | 0.084 | | | | | | | |
| (2)HDU5 | 17,080 | 0.068 | | | | | | | |
| HDU8 | 21,620 | 0.056 | | | | | | | |
| | - | - | | | | | | | |
| | - | - | | | | | | | |
| | - | - | | | | | | | |

-

| Sill Anchor Capacity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 20d Nail 272 lbs | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | 350 | lbs | | | | | | | | | |

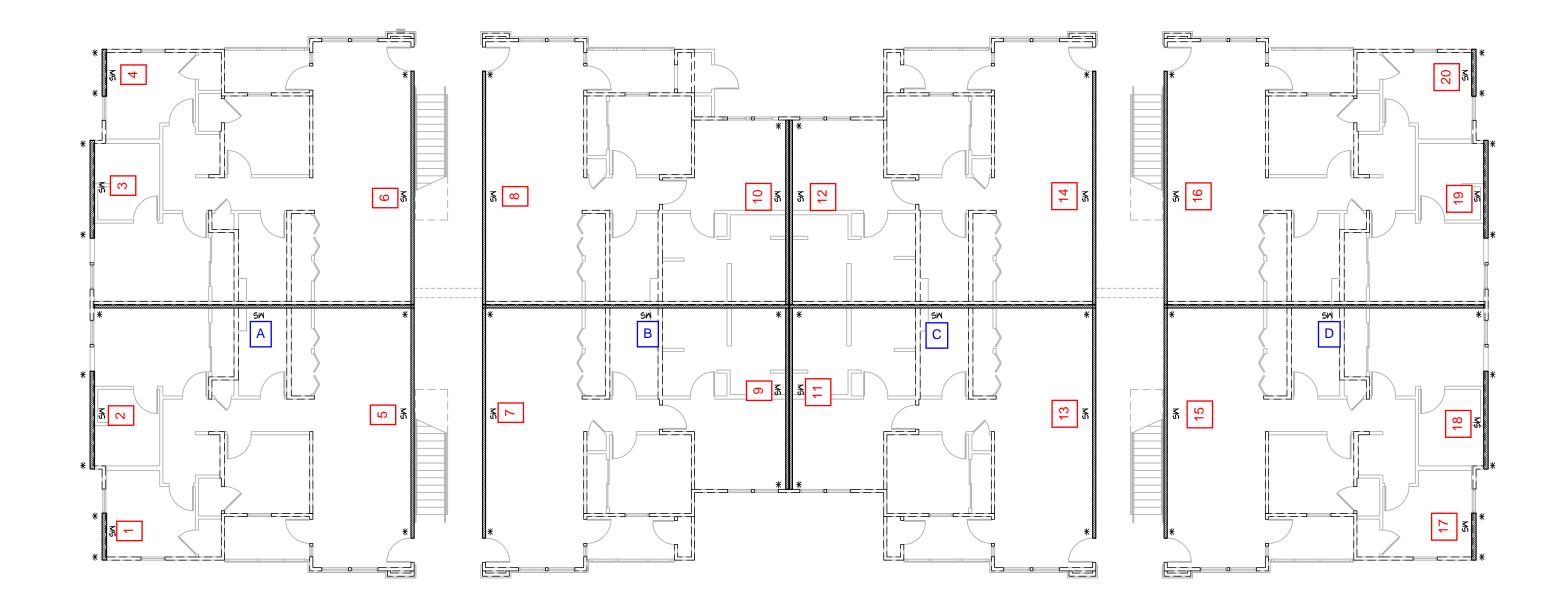
| | | Shearwa | ll Unity Check | Per Floor | |
|----------|------|---------|----------------|-----------|------|
| Level | R | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| # of SWs | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Unity | 0.21 | | | 0.44 | 0.41 |

E_{wood}= 1,600,000 (psi) DFL- #2

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|---------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|----------|-------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| Trans | vers | | | | | | 3.00 | | 29,430 | 237 | | Addition | al DL From I | Bearing | | | | | 3,503 | 1 | | | | | | 0.49 | | | - | 88 | - | |
| Shear | Loval | Trib Width | Length of Shear Wall | Height of Shear Wall | | Relative Stiffness, | Load Dist | V _{Level} | V _{total} | V _{plf} | OM _{Level} | Trib Width | DL _{Floor} | DL _{Roof} | Total DL | DL | RM_{Level} | T=C _{Level} | T=C _{total} | | of Chord Studs of Shearwall | Hold Down | Shear Wall Type | V _{allow} | $\begin{array}{c} \text{Deflection,} \\ \delta_{sw} \end{array}$ | Total Deflection, $\Sigma \delta_{sw}$ | | Spacing nches) | Shearwall Hold-Down Sched Sched | Diaphragm to Shearwall | Unity C | hecks |
| Wall | Level | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | δ _{rel.} | $K = 1/\delta_{sw}$ | Coeff | (lbs) | (lbs) | (plf) | (lb-ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (psf) | (plf) | (lbs) | (lb-ft) | (lbs) | (lbs) | 2x4 | 2x6 | | | (plf) | (in.) | (in.) | 20d Nail | 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | | (plf) | Sheathing | Chord Studs |
| | R | 18 | 38 | 10.81 | 0.37 | 103.68 | 0.31 | 3,205 | 3,205 | 84 | 34,642 | | | | 0 | 2,054 | 39,024 | 303 | 303 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.13 | 0.47 | 32 | 32 | | 84 | 0.23 0.05 | |
| | 3 | 18 | 38 | 10.55 | 0.22 | 171.38 | 0.31 | 3,337 | 6,542 | 172 | 69,016 | | | | 0 | 2,005 | 38,086 | 1,248 | 1,551 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.19 | 0.34 | 18 | - 24 | | 88 | 0.47 0.23 | 3 🔵 0.28 |
| А | 2 | 18 | 38 | 10.55 | 0.08 | 471.93 | 0.30 | 2,464 | 9,006 | 237 | 95,009 | | | | 0 | 2,005 | 38,086 | 1,950 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 13 | 17 | | 65 | 0.45 0.16 | 5 🔵 0.64 |
| | 1 | 18 | 38 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 9,006 | 237 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 13 | 17 | | 0 | 0.45 0.16 | 5 🔵 0.64 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 9,006 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | — 0 | | | 0.00 0.16 | 5 0.64 |
| | R | 18 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.43 | 65.21 | 0.19 | 2,015 | 2,015 | 72 | 21,786 | | | | 0 | 1,513 | 21,188 | 336 | 336 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.15 | 0.49 | 32 | 32 | | 72 | 0.20 0.05 | 5 0.06 |
| | 3 | 18 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.26 | 108.24 | 0.19 | 2,108 | 4,123 | 147 | 43,499 | | | | 0 | 1,477 | 20,678 | 1,152 | 1,488 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.20 | 0.34 | 22 | 28 | | 75 | 0.40 0.22 | - |
| в | 2 | 18 | 28 | 10.55 | 0.09 | 303.85 | 0.20 | 1,586 | 5,709 | 204 | 60,234 | | | | 0 | 1.477 | 20,678 | 1.771 | 3,259 | 2 | | HDU8 | к | 532 | 0.14 | 0.14 | 16 | 20 | | 57 | 0.38 0.15 | |
| | 1 | 18 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 5,709 | 204 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,259 | 2 | 1 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16 | 20 | | 0 | 0.38 0.15 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 5,709 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,259 | 2 | 1 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0.00 0.15 | - |
| - | R | 18 | 28 | 10.81 | 0.43 | 65.21 | 0.19 | 2,015 | 2,015 | 72 | 21,786 | | | | 0 | 1,513 | 21,188 | 336 | 336 | 2 | | HDU5 | I I | 364 | 0.15 | 0.49 | 32 | 32 | | 72 | 0.20 0.05 | - |
| | 2 | 18 | 28 | 10.51 | 0.45 | 108.24 | 0.19 | 2,015 | 4,123 | 147 | 43,499 | | | | 0 | 1,313 | 20,678 | 1,152 | 1,488 | 2 | 1 | HDU5 | , | 364 | 0.10 | 0.34 | 22 | 28 | | 75 | 0.40 0.22 | |
| C | 2 | 18 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.20 | 303.85 | 0.19 | 1.586 | 5,709 | 204 | 60.234 | | | | 0 | 1,477 | 20,678 | 1,152 | 3.259 | 2 | | HDUS HDU8 | J | 532 | 0.20 | 0.34 | 16 | 28 | | 57 | | |
| Ũ | 1 | 18 | 28 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.20 | 1,580 | 5,709 | 204 | 00,234 | | | | 0 | 1,477 | 20,078 | 0 | 3,259 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.14 | 0.00 | 16 | 20 | | 0 | 0.38 0.15 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 5,709 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,259 | 2 | 1 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | Ũ | | |
| | R | 18 | 38 | 10.81 | 0.37 | 103.68 | 0.31 | 3,205 | 3,205 | 84 | 34,642 | | | | 0 | 2,054 | 39,024 | 303 | 303 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.13 | 0.47 | 32 | 32 | | 84 | 0.23 0.05 | |
| | 3 | 18 | 38 | 10.55 | 0.22 | 171.38 | 0.31 | 3,337 | 6,542 | 172 | 69,016 | | | | 0 | 2,005 | 38,086 | 1,248 | 1,551 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.19 | 0.34 | 18 | 24 | | 88 | 0.47 0.23 | 3 0.28 |
| D | 2 | 18 | 38 | 10.55 | 0.08 | 471.93 | 0.30 | 2,464 | 9,006 | 237 | 95,009 | | | | 0 | 2,005 | 38,086 | 1,950 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 13 | 17 | | 65 | 0.45 0.16 | |
| | 1 | 18 | 38 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 9,006 | 237 | 0 | | | <u> </u> | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 13 | 17 | | 0 | 0.45 0.16 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 9,006 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0.00 0.16 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 9,006 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,501 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0.00 0.16 | þ |

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BUILDING 'D', 'E', 'G', AND 'H' SHEARWALL DESIGN

JGR2304

DL_{wall} = 0 psf

NO DEAD LOAD CONSIDERED TO RESIST UPLIFT -- CONSERVATIVE

| Level | Trib Height | Height to Diaph | Lateral Load at Level | Wall Height | Lateral Load at Level | Trib Width | Lateral Load at Level | Controlli ng |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| | (ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (ft) | (plf) | (ft) | (k) | |
| T/P | | 31.91 | | | | | | |
| R | 5.405 | 31.91 | 41.6 | 10.81 | 225 | 180 | 40.5 | Seismic |
| 3 | 10.68 | 21.1 | 22.0 | 10.55 | 235 | 180 | 42.1 | Seismic |
| 2 | 10.55 | 10.55 | 16.6 | 10.55 | 175 | 180 | 31.5 | Seismic |
| 1 | 5.275 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 0.0 | Seismic |
| N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 180 | 0.0 | Seismic |
| | 114.1 | | | | | | | |

Note R = 2 therefore gyp shearwalls are permitted when seismic controls

| Shearwall Types | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Туре | Description | V _{allow} | Ga | | | | | | | |
| Type | Description | (plf) | (kips/in.) | | | | | | | |
| А | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 115 | 6 | | | | | | | |
| В | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 145 | 7.5 | | | | | | | |
| C | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 145 | 7.5 | | | | | | | |
| D | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 175 | 8.5 | | | | | | | |
| Е | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 230 | 12 | | | | | | | |
| F | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 290 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| G | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 290 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| Н | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 350 | 17 | | | | | | | |
| J | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 364 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| , | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 6/12 | 504 | 15 | | | | | | | |
| к | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 532 | 22 | | | | | | | |
| | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 4/12 | | | | | | | | | |
| L | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One | 490 | 28 | | | | | | | |
| - | Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 3/12 | | | | | | | | | |
| м | (2) Layers 5/8" Gyp, One Side w/ | 250 | 11 | | | | | | | |
| | Edges Blocked | _50 | | | | | | | | |

| | HDU | | | | | |
|-----------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Model No. | T _{allow} | Defl. @ Allowable Load, Δ _a | | | | |
| | lbs | in. | | | | |
| HDU2 | 3,075 | 0.088 | | | | |
| HDU4 | 4,565 | 0.114 | | | | |
| HDU5 | 5,645 | 0.115 | | | | |
| (2)HDU2 | 6,150 | 0.088 | | | | |
| (2)HDU4 | 9,130 | 0.114 | | | | |
| (2)HDU5 | 11,290 | 0.115 | | | | |
| HDU8 | 7,870 | 0.116 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

| Sill Anchor Capacity | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 20d Nail 272 Ibs | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1/4"x4 1/2 sds 350 lbs | | | | | | | | | | | |

| | Sh | earwall | Unity Cheo | ck Per Floor | |
|----------|------|---------|------------|--------------|------|
| Level | R | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| # of SWs | 20 | 0 | 0 | 20 | 20 |
| Unity | 0.02 | | | 0.04 | 0.03 |

E_{wood}= 1,600,000 (psi) DFL- #2

| | | | | | | | | | | | | ated Sheathing ha shearwalls used to | | oads | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------|----------|---------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|---|---------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Transvo | rse | | | | | | 3.00 | | 8,822 | 29 | | Addition | al DL From | Bearing |] | | | | 66 | 54 | | | | | | 1.09 | | | | 11 | |
| Shear | Level | Trib Width | Length of Shear Wall | f Height of Shear Wall | Relative Deflection | Relative Stiffness, | Load Dist | V _{Level} | V _{total} | V _{plf} | OM _{Level} | Trib Width | DL _{Floor} | DL _{Roof} | Total DL | DL | RM _{Level} | T=C _{Level} | T=C _{total} | | of Chord Studs of Shearwall | Hold Down | Shear Wall Type | V _{allow} | Deflectio n, δ _{sw} | Total Deflection, $\Sigma \delta_{sw}$ | • | bacing hes) | Shearwall Hold-Down Sched Sched | Diaphragm to Shearwall | Unity Checks |
| Wall | | (ft) | (ft) | (ft) | δ _{rel.} | $K = 1/\delta_{sw}$ | Coeff | (lbs) | (lbs) | (plf) | (lb-ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (psf) | (plf) | (lbs) | (lb-ft) | (lbs) | (lbs) | 2x4 | 2x6 | | | (plf) | (in.) | (in.) | 20d Nail | 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | | (plf) | Sheathing Holdown Chord Studs |
| | R | 10 | 6.83 | 10.81 | 1.29 | 5.28 | 0.01 | 16 | 16 | 2 | 176 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 30 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.37 | 1.09 | 32 | 32 | | 2 | 0.01 0.01 0.01 |
| | 3 | 10 | 6.83 | 10.55 | 0.85 | 8.05 | 0.01 | 17 | 33 | 5 | 349 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 90 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.36 | 0.72 | 32 | 32 | | 2 | 0.01 0.02 0.02 |
| 1 | 2 | 10 | 6.83 | 10.55 | 0.41 | 16.48 | 0.01 | 12 | 45 | 7 | 475 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 172 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 32 | 32 | | 2 | 0.01 0.02 0.03 |
| | 1 | 10 | 6.83 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 45 | 7 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | 4 | 0.00 0.02 0.03 |
| | R | 10 10 | 11.58 11.58 | 10.81 10.55 | 0.84 | 13.77 21.10 | 0.02 | 43 44 | 43 87 | 4 | 460 913 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 86 | 43 130 | 2 | | HDU5 HDU5 | L L | 364 364 | 0.22 | 0.65 | 32 | 32 | | 4 | 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.02 |
| 2 | 2 | 10 | 11.58 | 10.55 | 0.35 | 43.84 | 0.02 | 32 | 118 | 10 | 1,249 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118 | 248 | 2 | | HDU3 | K | 532 | 0.22 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | | 4 | 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| 2 | 1 | 10 | 11.58 | 0.00 | 0.20 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0 | 118 | 10 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.22 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | Ū | 0.00 0.03 0.04 |
| | R | 10 | 11.58 | 10.81 | 0.84 | 13.77 | 0.02 | 43 | 43 | 4 | 460 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 43 | 2 | | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | 0.22 | 0.65 | 32 | 32 | | 4 | |
| | 3 | 10 | 11.58 | 10.55 | 0.55 | 21.10 | 0.02 | 44 | 87 | 7 | 913 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 130 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.22 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | | 4 | |
| 3 | 2 | 10 | 11.58 | 10.55 | 0.26 | 43.84 | 0.02 | 32 | 118 | 10 | 1,249 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118 | 248 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.22 | 0.22 | 32 | 32 | | 3 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| | 1 | 10 | 11.58 | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 10 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0.00 0.03 0.04 |
| | R | 8 | 6.83 | 10.81 | 1.29 | 5.28 | 0.01 | 13 | 13 | 2 | 141 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 24 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.37 | 1.09 | 32 | 32 | | 2 | |
| | 3 | 8 | 6.83 6.83 | 10.55 10.55 | 0.85 | 8.05 16.48 | 0.01 | 13 10 | 26 36 | 4 | 280 380 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 48 65 | 72 137 | 2 | | HDU5 HDU8 | J K | 364 532 | 0.36 | 0.72 | 32 | 32 | | 2 | 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.01 0.02 0.02 |
| 4 | 1 | 8 | 6.83 | 0.00 | | | 0.01 | 0 | 36 | 5 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 137 | 2 | | HDU8 | K K | 532 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 32 | 32 | | 1 | |
| | N/A | 0 | 0.85 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 36 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 137 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | U | 0.01 0.02 0.02 0.00 0.02 0.02 |
| | R | 15 | 28.67 | 10.81 | 0.00 | 63.28 | 0.00 | 293 | 293 | 10 | 3,171 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 137 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.00 | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | 10 | 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| | 3 | 15 | 28.67 | 10.81 | 0.43 | 98.12 | 0.09 | 307 | 600 | 21 | 6,334 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 229 | 343 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.03 | 0.20 | 32 | 32 | | 10 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 5 | 2 | 15 | 28.67 | 10.55 | 0.14 | 211.94 | 0.09 | 230 | 831 | 29 | 8,764 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 317 | 660 | 2 | | HDU3 | ĸ | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | 8 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | 1 | 15 | 28.67 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 831 | 29 | 0,704 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 660 | 2 | | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 831 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 660 | 2 | | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | Ŭ | |
| | R | 15 | 29 | 10.81 | 0.45 | 64.43 | 0.09 | 299 | 299 | 10 | 3,228 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 115 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.09 | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | 10 | 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| | 3 | 15 | 29 | 10.55 | 0.29 | 99.93 | 0.09 | 313 | 611 | 21 | 6,450 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 230 | 346 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 32 | 32 | | 11 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 6 | 2 | 15 | 29 | 10.55 | 0.13 | 215.96 | 0.09 | 235 | 846 | 29 | 8,926 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 664 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | 8 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | 1 | 15 | 29 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 846 | 29 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 846 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0.00 0.08 0.12 |
| | R | 15 | 28.67 | 10.81 | 0.45 | 63.28 | 0.09 | 293 | 293 | 10 | 3,171 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 115 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.09 | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | 10 | 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| | 3 | 15 | 28.67 | 10.55 | 0.29 | 98.12 | 0.09 | 307 | 600 | 21 | 6,334 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 229 | 343 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.10 | 0.20 | 32 | 32 | | 11 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 7 | 2 | 15 | 28.67 | 10.55 | 0.14 | 211.94 | 0.09 | 230 | 831 | 29 | 8,764 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 317 | 660 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | - 32 | | 8 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | 1 | 15 | 28.67 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 831 | 29 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 660 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | N/A R | 0 15 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 831 299 | 0 10 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 115 | 660 115 | 2 | | HDU8 HDU5 | K | 532 364 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | 10 | 0.00 0.08 0.12 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| | к 3 | 15 | 29 29 | 10.81 | 0.45 | 99.93 | 0.09 | 299 313 | 299 611 | 21 | 6,450 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 230 | 346 | 2 | | HDU5 HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.09 | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | 10 11 | 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| 8 | 2 | 15 | 29 | 10.55 | 0.13 | 215.96 | 0.09 | 235 | 846 | 29 | 8,926 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 664 | 2 | | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | 8 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | 1 | 15 | 29 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 846 | 29 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | 0 | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| | N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 846 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | _ | 0.00 0.08 0.12 |
| | R 3 | 12 12 | 20 20 | 10.81 10.55 | 0.57 | 35.27 54.41 | 0.05 | 131 136 | 131 267 | 7 | 1,414 2,817 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 148 | 74 223 | 2 | | HDU5 HDU5 | J | 364 364 | 0.13 | 0.39 0.26 | 32 | 32 | | 7 | 0.02 0.01 0.01 0.04 0.04 0.04 |
| | 5 | 12 | 20 | 10.00 | 0.57 | 54.41 | 0.05 | 130 | 207 | 13 | 2,017 | | 1 | 1 | | | | 140 | | 18 of 35 | 1 | 11000 | | 504 | 0.15 | 0.20 | 52 | 32 | | , | 0.01 |

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BUILDING 'D', 'E', 'G', AND 'H' SHEARWALL DESIGN

JGR2304

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 11/1/2023 |
|---------------|----------|-------|-------|------|-----------------|------|-----|------------|----|-------|---|---|---|-----|------------|---|--------------|--------|-----|------|------|----|----|---------------|--------------|----------|--|
| 9 2 | 12 | 20 | 10.55 | 0.17 | 115.52 | 0.05 | 100 | 367 | 18 | 3,877 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 32 | 32 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| 1 | 12 | 20 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| N// | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.05 0.08 |
| R | 12 | 20 | 10.81 | 0.57 | 35.27 | 0.05 | 131 | 131 | 7 | 1,414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 74 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.13 | 0.39 | 32 | 32 | | | 7 | 0.02 0.01 0.01 |
| 3 | 12 | | 10.55 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.05 | 136 | 267 | 13 | 2,817 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 148 | 223 | 2 | HDU5 | | 364 | 0.13 | 0.26 | 32 | 32 | | | 7 | 0.04 0.04 0.04 |
| 10 2 | | - | 10.55 | 0.17 | 115.52 | 0.05 | 100 | 367 | 18 | 3,877 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 32 | 32 | | | 5 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| 10 1 | 12 | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| N// | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | • | 0.00 0.05 0.08 |
| B | 12 | - | | 0.57 | 35.27 | 0.05 | 131 | 131 | 7 | 1,414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 74 | 2 | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | | 0.39 | 32 | 32 | | _ | 7 | 0.02 0.01 0.01 |
| 3 | 12 | - | 10.51 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.05 | 131 | 267 | 13 | 2.817 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 148 | 223 | 2 | HDU5 | j | 364 | 0.13 | 0.26 | 32 | 32 | | | 7 | |
| 11 2 | | - | 10.55 | 0.17 | 115.52 | 0.05 | 100 | 367 | 13 | 3,877 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 427 | 2 | HDU3 | K | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 32 | 32 | | | 5 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| 11 2 | 12 | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| N// | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | U | |
| B | 12 | - | | 0.00 | 35.27 | 0.05 | _ | 131 | 7 | 1,414 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 74 | 74 | 2 | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | 0.00 | 0.39 | 32 | 32 | | <u> </u> | 7 | 0.02 0.01 0.01 |
| 3 | 12 | | 10.81 | 0.37 | 54.41 | 0.05 | 131 | 267 | 13 | 2,817 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 148 | 223 | 2 | HDU5 | j | 364 | | 0.26 | 32 | 32 | | | 7 | 0.04 0.04 0.04 |
| 12 2 | 12 | - | 10.55 | 0.37 | 115.52 | 0.05 | 100 | 367 | 13 | 3.877 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 204 | 427 | 2 | HDU3 | K | 532 | | 0.13 | 32 | 32 | | | 5 | 0.03 0.05 0.04 |
| 12 2 | 12 | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.05 0.08 |
| N// | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 367 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 427 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0.00 0.05 0.08 |
| R | - | - | 10.81 | 0.00 | 63.28 | 0.00 | 293 | 293 | 10 | 3.171 | | 0 | - | - | 427 | 2 | HDU8 HDU5 | 1 | 364 | | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | |
| <u>к</u> 3 | 15 15 | | | 0.45 | 98.12 | 0.09 | 307 | 293 600 | 21 | 6.334 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 229 | 343 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.09 | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | i | | 10 11 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 13 2 | 15 | | | 0.29 | 98.12 211.94 | 0.09 | 230 | 831 | 21 | 8,764 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 317 | 343 660 | 2 | HDUS HDU8 | J K | 532 | | 0.20 | 32 | 32 | i 1 | | 8 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 13 2 | 15 | | 0.00 | 0.14 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 230 | 831 | 29 | 8,764 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 660 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | i 1 | | 8 0 | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ |
| N// | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 831 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 660 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | $\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ |
| R R | 15 | - | 10.81 | 0.00 | 64.43 | 0.00 | ÷ | 299 | 10 | 3,228 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 115 | 115 | 2 | HDU8 HDU5 | 1 | 364 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.03 0.02 0.02 |
| R 3 | 15 | | | 0.43 | 99.93 | 0.09 | 313 | 611 | 21 | 6,450 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 346 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 14 2 | 15 | | | 0.29 | 215.96 | 0.09 | 235 | 846 | 21 | 8,926 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 664 | 2 | HDU3 | K | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | | 8 | 0.05 0.08 0.08 |
| 14 2 | 15 | - | | 0.13 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0 | 846 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | | Ô | 0.05 0.08 0.12 |
| N// | | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 846 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | 0.03 0.08 0.12 |
| R R | - | - | 10.81 | 0.00 | 63.28 | 0.00 | - | 293 | 10 | 3.171 | 0 | 0 | - | | 115 | 2 | HDU8 HDU5 | | 364 | | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | |
| 3 | 15 | | 10.81 | 0.43 | 98.12 | 0.09 | 307 | 600 | 21 | 6.334 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 229 | 343 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 15 2 | | | | 0.23 | 211.94 | 0.09 | 230 | 831 | 21 | 8.764 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 317 | 660 | 2 | HDU3 | К | 532 | 0.10 | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | | 8 | |
| | 15 | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.09 | 0 | 831 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 660 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | |
| | | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 831 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 660 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | 0 | |
| B | 15 | - | 10.81 | | 64.43 | 0.09 | - | 299 | 10 | 3.228 | 0 | 0 | 0 | - | 115 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | | 0.29 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | |
| 3 | | - | | 0.29 | 99.93 | 0.09 | 313 | 611 | 21 | 6.450 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 230 | 346 | 2 | HDU5 | , J | 364 | | 0.20 | 32 | 32 | | | 10 | 0.06 0.06 0.06 |
| 16 2 | - | | 10.55 | 0.13 | 215.96 | 0.09 | | 846 | 29 | 8.926 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 319 | 664 | 2 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | | 0.10 | 32 | 32 | | | 8 | |
| 10 1 | 15 | - | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 846 | 29 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 664 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | | | 0 | |
| | - | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 846 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 664 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | • | |
| R | | - | 10.81 | 1.29 | 5.28 | 0.01 | - | 16 | 2 | 176 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 30 | 2 | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | | 1.09 | 32 | 32 | | <u> </u> | 2 | |
| 3 | | | 10.55 | - | 8.05 | 0.01 | - | 33 | 5 | 349 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 90 | 2 | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | | 0.72 | 32 | 32 | | | 2 | |
| 17 2 | | | 10.55 | 0.41 | 16.48 | 0.01 | 12 | 45 | 7 | 475 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 172 | 2 | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | | 0.36 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 2 | 0.01 0.02 0.03 |
| 1 | 10 | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | | 45 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 0 | 0.01 0.02 0.03 |
| | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | - | |
| R | 10 | 11.58 | 10.81 | 0.84 | 13.77 | 0.02 | - | 43 | 4 | 460 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 43 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | | 0.65 | 32 | 32 | } ───┼ | <u> </u> | 4 | |
| 3 | 10 | | 10.55 | 0.55 | 21.10 | 0.02 | - | 87 | 7 | 913 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 130 | 2 | HDU5 | , J | 364 | | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 4 | |
| 18 2 | - | | 10.55 | | 43.84 | 0.02 | | 118 | 10 | 1,249 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 248 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.22 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 3 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| 1 | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 0 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| N/A | | | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0.00 0.03 0.04 |
| R | 10 | 11.58 | 10.81 | 0.84 | 13.77 | 0.02 | 43 | 43 | 4 | 460 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 | 43 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.22 | 0.65 | 32 | 32 | | | 4 | 0.01 0.01 0.01 |
| 3 | 10 | | | 0.55 | 21.10 | 0.02 | 44 | 87 | 7 | 913 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 86 | 130 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.22 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 4 | 0.02 0.02 0.02 |
| 19 2 | 10 | | 10.55 | 0.26 | 43.84 | 0.02 | 32 | 118 | 10 | 1,249 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 118 | 248 | 2 | HDU8 | K | 532 | | 0.22 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 3 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| 1 | 10 | 11.58 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | 1 | | 0 | 0.02 0.03 0.04 |
| N/4 | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 118 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 248 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0.00 0.03 0.04 |
| R | 10 | 6.83 | 10.81 | 1.29 | 5.28 | 0.01 | 16 | 16 | 2 | 176 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 30 | 30 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.37 | 1.09 | 32 | 32 | | | 2 | 0.01 0.01 0.01 |
| 3 | 10 | 6.83 | 10.55 | 0.85 | 8.05 | 0.01 | 17 | 33 | 5 | 349 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 60 | 90 | 2 | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.36 | 0.72 | 32 | 32 |] | | 2 | 0.01 0.02 0.02 |
| 20 2 | 10 | 6.83 | 10.55 | 0.41 | 16.48 | 0.01 | 12 | 45 | 7 | 475 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 82 | 172 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 32 | 32 |] | | 2 | 0.01 0.02 0.03 |
| 1 | | 6.83 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 45 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 32 | 32 | J I | | 0 | 0.01 0.02 0.03 |
| N/# | 0 | 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 172 | 2 | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 0.02 0.03 |

Bob D. Campbell & Co.

11/1/2023

BUILDING 'D', 'E', 'G', AND 'H' SHEARWALL DESIGN

JGR2304

DL_{wall}= 0 psf

NO DEAD LOAD CONSIDERED TO RESIST UPLIFT -- CONSERVATIVE

| Level | Trib Height | Height to Diaph | Lateral Load at Level | Wall Height | Lateral Load at Level | Trib Width | Lateral Load at Level | Controlli ng |
|-------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| | (ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (ft) | (plf) | (ft) | (k) | I |
| T/P | | 31.91 | | | | | | |
| R | 5.405 | 31.91 | 107.3 | 10.81 | 580 | 70 | 40.5 | Seismic |
| 3 | 10.68 | 21.1 | 56.6 | 10.55 | 605 | 70 | 42.1 | Seismic |
| 2 | 10.55 | 10.55 | 42.7 | 10.55 | 450 | 70 | 31.5 | Seismic |
| 1 | 5.275 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0.0 | Seismic |
| N/A | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 0.0 | Seismic |
| | | | Base | e Shear = | | | 114.1 | |

Note R = 2 therefore gyp shearwalls are permitted when seismic controls

| | Shearwall Types | | |
|------------------------------|---|--------------------|------------|
| Туре | Description | V _{allow} | Ga |
| турс | Description | (plf) | (kips/in.) |
| А | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 115 | 6 |
| В | 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 145 | 7.5 |
| C | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 145 | 7.5 |
| D | 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 175 | 8.5 |
| Е | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=7 | 230 | 12 |
| F | (2) 5/8" Gyp, UnBlocked, S=4 | 290 | 15 |
| G | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=7 | 290 | 15 |
| Н | (2) 5/8" Gyp, Blocked, S=4 | 350 | 17 |
| J | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 6/12 | 364 | 15 |
| к | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 4/12 | 532 | 22 |
| L | 7/16 APA Rated Sheating One Side, Blocked w/ 8d Nails 3/12 | 686 | 28 |
| М | (2) Layers 5/8" Gyp, One Side w/ Edges Blocked | 250 | 11 |
| Note: V _{allow} loa | (2) Layers 5/8" Gyp, One Side w/ | | 11 |

| | HDU | |
|-----------|--------------------|--|
| Model No. | T _{allow} | Defl. @ Allowable Load, Δ _a |
| | lbs | in. |
| HDU2 | 2,400 | 0.109 |
| HDU4 | 4,270 | 0.109 |
| HDU5 | 6,675 | 0.125 |
| (2)HDU2 | 9,485 | 0.124 |
| (2)HDU4 | 13,080 | 0.084 |
| (2)HDU5 | 17,080 | 0.068 |
| HDU8 | 21,620 | 0.056 |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |
| | - | - |

-

| Sill Anchor | Capacity | |
|----------------|----------|-----|
| 20d Nail | 272 | lbs |
| 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | 350 | lbs |

| | | Shearwa | ll Unity Check | Per Floor | |
|----------|------|---------|----------------|-----------|------|
| Level | R | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| # of SWs | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 |
| Unity | 0.19 | | | 0.40 | 0.37 |

E_{wood}= 1,600,000 (psi) DFL- #2

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|---------|-----------|--------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------------|----------|-------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|----------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Tran | svers | | | | | | 3.0 | 00 | | 29,430 | 201 | | Addition | al DL From | Bearing | | | | | 4,555 | 5 | | | | | | 0.43 | | | | | 74 | | |
| Shea | ar Love | Tr Wie | dth Sh | gth of Heigh hear of She Vall Wal | ar Relativ | re Relative on Stiffness | Lood | | V _{Level} | V_{total} | V_{PLF} | OM _{Level} | Trib Width | DL _{Floor} | DL _{Roof} | Total DL | DL | RM _{Level} | T=C _{Level} | T=C _{total} | | Chord Studs of Shearwall | Hold Down | Shear Wall Type | V _{allow} | Deflection, δ_{sw} | Total Deflection, Σδ _{sw} | | pacing hes) | Shearwall Sched | Hold-Down Sched | Diaphragm to Shearwall | U | Inity Checks |
| Wa | II Leve | | ft) (| (ft) (ft) | δ _{rel.} | $K = 1/\delta_{sv}$ | | | (lbs) | (Ibs) | (plf) | (lb-ft) | (ft) | (psf) | (psf) | (plf) | (Ibs) | (lb-ft) | (Ibs) | (lbs) | 2x4 | 2x6 | | | (plf) | (in.) | (in.) | 20d Nail | 1/4"x4 1/2 sds | | | (plf) | Sheathing | Chord Stuc |
| | R | 1 | .8 | 38 10.8 | 1 0.37 | 103.68 | 0.2 | 26 2 | 2,715 | 2,715 | 71 | 29,348 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 793 | 793 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.12 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | | | 71 | | 0.12 0.14 |
| | 3 | 1 | .8 | 38 10.5 | 5 0.22 | 171.38 | 0.2 | 26 2 | 2,831 | 5,546 | 146 | 58,508 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,581 | 2,374 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.17 | 0.30 | 22 | 28 | 1 | | 74 | 0.40 | 0.36 0.43 |
| А | 2 | 1 | .8 | 38 10.5 | 5 0.08 | 471.93 | 0.2 | 26 2 | 2,102 | 7,648 | 201 | 80,686 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,181 | 4,555 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 16 | 20 | | | 55 | 0.38 | 0.21 0.83 |
| | 1 | 1 | .8 | 38 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 00 | 0 | 7,648 | 201 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,555 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16 | 20 | 1 | | 0 | 0.38 | 0.21 0.83 |
| | N/A | A (| 0 | 0 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 00 | 0 | 7,648 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,555 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0.00 | 0.21 0.83 |
| | R | 1 | .8 | 36 10.8 | 1 0.38 | 95.67 | 0.2 | 4 2 | 2,505 | 2,505 | 70 | 27,080 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 774 | 774 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.13 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | | | 70 | 0.19 | 0.12 0.14 |
| | 3 | 1 | | 36 10.5 | | | 0.2 | | , | 5,119 | 142 | 54,008 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,543 | 2,317 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.18 | 0.31 | 22 | 29 | | | 73 | 0.39 | 0.35 0.42 |
| В | 2 | 1 | .8 | 36 10.5 | | 437.26 | 0.2 | | - | 7,067 | 196 | 74,557 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,130 | 4,447 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 16 | 21 | | | 54 | 0.37 | 0.21 0.81 |
| | 1 | 1 | .8 | 36 0.00 | | | 0.0 | | 0 | 7,067 | 196 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,447 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16 | 21 | | | 0 | 0.37 | 0.21 0.81 |
| | N/A | | | 0 0.00 | | | 0.0 | | 0 | 7,067 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,447 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | - | | | | - | 0.00 | 0.21 0.81 |
| | R | - | - | 36 10.8 | - | | 0.0 | | 2,505 | 2,505 | 70 | 27,080 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 774 | 774 | 2 | | HDU5 | 1 | 364 | 0.13 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | | | 70 | 0.19 | 0.12 0.14 |
| | 3 | | | 36 10.5 | | | 0.2 | | - | 5,119 | 142 | 54,008 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,543 | 2,317 | 2 | | HDU5 | | 364 | 0.13 | 0.31 | 22 | 29 | | | 73 | 0.39 | 0.35 0.42 |
| c | 2 | | - | 36 10.5 | | 437.26 | 0.2 | | - | 7,067 | 196 | 74,557 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,130 | 4,447 | 2 | | HDU8 | | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 16 | 21 | | | 54 | | 0.21 0.81 |
| | 1 | 1 | | 36 0.00 | | | 0.2 | | , | 7,067 | 196 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,130 | 4,447 | 2 | | HDU8 | ĸ | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16 | 21 | | | 0 | 0.37 | 0.21 0.81 |
| | N/A | _ | | 0 0.00 | | | 0.0 | - | - | 7,067 | 0 | 0 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 4,447 | 2 | | HDU8 | K | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | Ŭ | 0.00 | 0.21 0.81 |
| - | R | 1 | .8 | 38 10.8 | | 103.68 | 0.2 | - | - | 2,715 | 71 | 29,348 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 793 | 793 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.12 | 0.43 | 32 | 32 | | | 71 | | 0.12 0.14 |
| | 3 | 1 | .8 | 38 10.5 | | 171.38 | 0.2 | 26 2 | , | 5,546 | 146 | 58,508 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1,581 | 2,374 | 2 | | HDU5 | J | 364 | 0.17 | 0.30 | 22 | 28 | 1 | | 74 | 0.40 | 0.36 0.43 |
| D | 2 | 1 | .8 | 38 10.5 | 5 0.08 | 471.93 | 0.2 | 26 2 | 2,102 | 7,648 | 201 | 80,686 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,181 | 4,555 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.13 | 0.13 | 16 | 20 | 1 | | 55 | 0.38 | 0.21 0.83 |
| | 1 | 1 | | 38 0.00 | | | 0.0 | | 0 | 7,648 | 201 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,555 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 16 | 20 | 1 | | 0 | 0.38 | 0.21 0.83 |
| | N/A | A (| 0 | 0 0.00 | | | 0.0 | | 0 | 7.648 | 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,555 | 2 | | HDU8 | К | 532 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | 0.00 | 0.21 0.83 |

Bob D. Campbell & Co. 11/1/2023

Headers/Jambs Design

Level Loadings

| Туре | DL | LL | TL |
|---------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf |
| Roof Flat | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf |
| Public Floor | 35 psf | 100 psf | 135 psf |
| Public Patio | 55 psf | 100 psf | 155 psf |
| Storage | 40 psf | 100 psf | 140 psf |
| Private Patio | 55 psf | 60 psf | 115 psf |

| Header Grade | Fb |
|--------------|------|
| Stud | 700 |
| No. 2 | 900 |
| No. 1 | 1000 |
| LVL | 2600 |
| PSL | 2900 |

TL Deflection Criteria

| Jamb Grade | Fc |
|--------------|------|
| Stud | 850 |
| No. 2 | 1350 |
| No. 1 | 1500 |
| Sel. Struct. | 1700 |

5 psf

25 psf

Interior WL

Exterior WL

L/ 360

Note: Jack Studs assumed to be braced at 24"oc (weak axis) and L = Stud Height - 1 ft

| REVIEWED | TYPE A | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (I | Bearing | Studs) | | | k | (ing (Cont | tinuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------------|--------|----------|--------|--------|--------|------|----------|-------|----------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 14.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 672 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 1665 plf | 0.40 | 756 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1512 lb | 0.68 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.25 | 9 ft | 504 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.46 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 14.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 1050 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 1665 plf | 0.63 | 1181 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 2363 lb | 1.06 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.39 | 9 ft | 788 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.72 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 14.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 1050 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 1665 plf | 0.63 | 1181 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 2363 lb | 1.06 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.39 | 9 ft | 2316 lb | 60 in. | 3 | 3550 lb | 0.65 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE B | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (| Bearing | Studs) | | | ł | King (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|---------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | LL | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 4.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 10 ft | 192 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 12 | No. 2 | Span | 371 plf | 0.52 | 203 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1016 lb | 0.49 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.17 | 9 ft | 136 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.21 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 4.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 10 ft | 300 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 12 | No. 2 | Span | 371 plf | 0.81 | 318 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1588 lb | 0.76 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.26 | 9 ft | 212 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.33 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 4.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 10 ft | 300 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 12 | No. 2 | Span | 371 plf | 0.81 | 318 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1588 lb | 0.76 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.26 | 9 ft | 212 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.33 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE C | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (| Bearing | Studs) | | | k | (ing (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | LL | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 6.5 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 312 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 1665 plf | 0.19 | 351 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 702 lb | 0.32 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.23 | 9 ft | 234 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.21 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 6.5 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 488 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 1665 plf | 0.29 | 548 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1097 lb | 0.49 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.37 | 9 ft | 366 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.33 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 6.5 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 488 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 1665 plf | 0.29 | 548 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1097 lb | 0.49 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.37 | 9 ft | 861 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.79 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE D | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (| Bearing | Studs) | | | ŀ | (ing (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|---------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 6.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 7 ft | 329 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 569 plf | 0.58 | 346 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1210 lb | 0.58 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.40 | 9 ft | 230 lb | 60 in. | 3 | 3184 lb | 0.07 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 6.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 7 ft | 514 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 569 plf | 0.90 | 540 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1890 lb | 0.91 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.63 | 9 ft | 690 lb | 60 in. | 3 | 3184 lb | 0.22 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 6.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 7 ft | 514 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 569 plf | 0.90 | 540 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1890 lb | 0.91 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.63 | 9 ft | 2940 lb | 60 in. | 3 | 3184 lb | 0.92 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE E | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (I | Bearing | Studs) | | | ŀ | King (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|---------------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|---------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL LL | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | НТ | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf 28 psf | 48 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 160 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 343 plf | 0.47 | 167 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 753 lb | 0.36 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.25 | 9 ft | 111 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.17 |
| Floor | 35 psf 40 psf | 75 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 250 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 343 plf | 0.73 | 261 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1176 lb | 0.57 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.39 | 9 ft | 174 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.27 |
| Floor | 35 psf 40 psf | 75 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 250 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 10 | No. 2 | Span | 343 plf | 0.73 | 261 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1176 lb | 0.57 | 1 | 3000 lb | 0.39 | 9 ft | 564 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.87 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE G/F | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack | (Bearing | Studs) | | | ķ | (ing (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|-------|------|--------|------|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|----------|----------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | LL | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 9.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 480 plf | 3 LVL | 9.25 | LVL | Span | 1337 plf | 0.36 | 502 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 2258 lb | 1.09 | 4 | 12000 lb | 0.19 | 9 ft | 334 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.52 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 9.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 750 plf | 3 LVL | 9.25 | LVL | Span | 1337 plf | 0.56 | 784 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 3527 lb | 1.71 | 4 | 12000 lb | 0.29 | 9 ft | 523 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.81 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 9.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 750 plf | 3 LVL | 9.25 | LVL | Span | 1337 plf | 0.56 | 784 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 3527 lb | 1.71 | 8 | 7315 lb | 0.48 | 9 ft | 3377 lb | 60 in. | 4 | 5225 lb | 0.65 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE H | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (| Bearing | Studs) | | | k | (ing (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|-------|------|--------|------|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 15.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 8 ft | 720 plf | 2 LVL | 9.25 | LVL | Span | 1269 plf | 0.57 | 771 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 3086 lb | 1.46 | 3 | 9000 lb | 0.34 | 9 ft | 514 lb | 60 in. | 3 | 3184 lb | 0.16 |

*Refer to Forte reports for additional calcs on specified memebers

| REVIEWED | TYPE J | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (I | Bearing | Studs) | | | k | (ing (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|------|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | LL | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | HT | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 15.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 720 plf | (2) 2x | 2 x 12 | No. 2 | Span | 2025 plf | 0.36 | 810 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1620 lb | 0.73 | 2 | 6000 lb | 0.27 | 9 ft | 540 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.49 |

| REVIEWED | ТҮРЕ К | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (| Bearing | Studs) | | | I | King (Cont | inuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------------|--------|----------|-------|-------|--------|------|----------|-------|----------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|------------|-----------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | HT | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 15.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 720 plf | 2 LVL | 11.25 | LVL | Span | 3741 plf | 0.19 | 810 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 1620 lb | 0.73 | 3 | 9000 lb | 0.18 | 9 ft | 540 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.49 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 15.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 1125 plf | 2 LVL | 11.25 | LVL | Span | 3741 plf | 0.30 | 1266 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 2531 lb | 1.14 | 3 | 9000 lb | 0.28 | 9 ft | 844 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.77 |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 15.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 4 ft | 1125 plf | 2 LVL | 11.25 | LVL | Span | 3741 plf | 0.30 | 1266 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 70 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 2531 lb | 1.14 | 3 | 9000 lb | 0.28 | 9 ft | 844 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 1096 lb | 0.77 |

| REVIEWED | TYPE L | | | | | | | | | | Header | | | | | | | Jamb Size | | | | | Jack (| Bearing | Studs) | | | К | ing (Cont | tinuous Ja | mb Studs) | |
|-------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------------|--------|---------|-------|-------|--------|------|----------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|------------|--------|-----------|------|---------|----------------|---------|---------|-------|------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | тw | Adt'l Ld | Truss Spcg | Length | WTTL | Туре | Size | Grade | Lu | WAllow | Unity | WTTL | Grade | Jamb Size | Int or Ext | WL | Stud Spcg | нт | Pactual | BRG W Req'd | Jack | Pallow | Unity | нт | Pactual | Lu | King | Pallow | Unity |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 15.0 ft | 0 plf | 2.0 ft | 9 ft | 800 plf | 2 LVL | 11.25 | LVL | Span | 1538 plf | 0.52 | 836 plf | No. 2 | 2x4 | Exterior | 80 plf | 16 in. oc | 8 ft | 3763 lb | 1.82 | 3 | 9000 lb | 0.42 | 9 ft | 557 lb | 60 in. | 2 | 646 lb | 0.86 |

RESERVES AT EAGLE POINT

| Level Loadings | 5 |
|----------------|---|
|----------------|---|

| Туре | DL | LL | TL |
|------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf |
| Roof Flat | 25 psf | 28 psf | 53 psf |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf |
| Public Floor | 35 psf | 100 psf | 135 psf |
| Public Patio | 55 psf | 100 psf | 155 psf |
| Private Patio | 55 psf | 40 psf | 95 psf |
| Attic No Storage | 35 psf | 10 psf | 45 psf |

| Wood Properties | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Grade | Fb | Fc | | | | | | |
| Stud | 700 | 850 | | | | | | |
| No. 2 | 900 | 1350 | | | | | | |
| No. 1 | 1000 | 1500 | | | | | | |
| Sel. Struct. | 1500 | 1700 | | | | | | |

| Wall Type 1 - Exter | ior 2x4 Bea | ring Walls | s Wood Stud Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|---------|----------|----------|------|---------|-------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | TW | Adt'l Ld | TL | Size | Spacing | Grade | Lu (in.) | Height | Wind | P allow. | Unity | Check |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 16.0 ft | 0 plf | 768 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 15 psf | 1057 plf | 73% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 993 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 15 psf | 1057 plf | 94% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 1218 plf | 2x4 | 12 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 15 psf | 1589 plf | 77% | OK |

| Wall Type 2 - Exter | pe 2 - Exterior 2x4 Bearing Walls Wood Stud Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|------|---------|-------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-------|-------|
| Level | DL | LL | TL | TW | Adt'l Ld | TL | Size | Spacing | Grade | Lu (in.) | Height | Wind | P allow. | Unity | Check |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 5.0 ft | 0 plf | 240 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 15 psf | 1057 plf | 23% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 8.0 ft | 0 plf | 840 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 15 psf | 1057 plf | 79% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 8.0 ft | 0 plf | 1440 plf | 2x4 | 12 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 15 psf | 1589 plf | 91% | OK |

| Wall Type 3 - Inter | II Type 3 - Interior 2x4 Bearing Walls Wood Stud Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|---|--------|--------|---------|----------|----------|------|---------|-------|----------|--------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| Level | DL | ш | TL | TW | Adt'l Ld | TL | Size | Spacing | Grade | Lu (in.) | Height | Wind | P allow. | Unity | Check |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 16.0 ft | 0 plf | 768 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 5 psf | 1460 plf | 53% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 993 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 5 psf | 1460 plf | 68% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 1218 plf | 2x4 | 12 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 5 psf | 2037 plf | 60% | OK |

| Wall Type 4 - Inter | ior 2x4 Bea | ring Walls | alls Wood Stud Properties | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|------------|---------------------------|---------|----------|----------|------|---------|-------|----------|--------|-------|----------|-------|-------|
| Level | DL | LL | TL | TW | Adt'l Ld | TL | Size | Spacing | Grade | Lu (in.) | Height | Wind | P allow. | Unity | Check |
| Roof Sloped | 20 psf | 28 psf | 48 psf | 3.0 ft | 0 plf | 144 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 5 psf | 1460 plf | 10% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 10.0 ft | 0 plf | 894 plf | 2x4 | 16 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 5 psf | 1460 plf | 61% | OK |
| Floor | 35 psf | 40 psf | 75 psf | 10.0 ft | 0 plf | 1644 plf | 2x4 | 12 in. | No. 2 | 12 in. | 9 ft | 5 psf | 2037 plf | 81% | OK |



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| Project: | Eagle Point |
|--------------|-------------|
| Project No.: | JGR2304 |
| Location: | Aurora, CO |
| By: | MJF / RMH |
| Date: | 11/1/2023 |

Continuous Footing at Exterior Wall

This spreadsheet calculates the required width of a continuous footing

Given:

| Allowable soil bearing capacity (psf) | 2500 |
|---------------------------------------|------|

Calculate Roof Load

| | Load (psf) | Trib. Width (ft.) | Load (plf) |
|-----------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Roof Dead Load | 25 | 16 | 400 |
| Roof Live load | 30 | 16 | 480 |
| Roof Total Load | | | 880 |

Calculate Floor Load

| | Load (psf) | Trib. Width (ft.) | Load (plf) |
|------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| Floor Dead Load | 70 | 10 | 700 |
| Floor Live load | 80 | 10 | 800 |
| Floor Total Load | | | 1500 |

Calculate Wall Load

| Material | Load (psf) | Height (ft.) | Load (plf) |
|------------------------|------------|--------------|------------|
| 4" face brick | 20 | 30 | 600 |
| 8" masonry | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 12" masonry | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| stud wall w/ sheathing | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 10" precast | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| WIND LOAD | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Wall Total Load | | | 600 |

Calculate Self Load of Footing

| Width of footing (ft) | 1.333 |
|-----------------------|-------|
| Depth of footing (ft) | 3 |
| Density (pcf) | 150 |
| G.B. Total Load (plf) | 600 |

Calculate Load of Soil Displaced by Footing

| Width of footing (ft) | 1.333 |
|---------------------------------|-------|
| Depth of footing (ft) | 3 |
| Density (pcf) | 115 |
| Didplaced Soil Total Load (plf) | 460 |

Load Summary

| Roof Total Load | 880 |
|---------------------------------|------|
| Floor Total Load | 1500 |
| Wall Total Load | 600 |
| Footing Total Load (plf) | 600 |
| Displaced Soil Total Load (plf) | -460 |
| Total Load | 3120 |

Design Summary

.

| Total Load (plf) | 3120 |
|------------------------|-------|
| Required width (ft) | 1.25 |
| Width of footing (ft) | 1.333 |
| Depth of footing (ft) | 3 |
| Bearing Pressure (psf) | 2341 |



| Project: | Eagle Point | |
|--------------|-------------|--|
| Project No.: | JGR2304 | |
| Location: | Aurora, CO | |
| By: | MJF / RMH | |
| Date: | 11/1/2023 | |

Continuous Footing at Exterior Wall

This spreadsheet checks that continuous footing is capable of spanning 10'-0" void beneath grade beam

Given:

Span (ft.)

Max Moment (k-ft.)

Max Shear (kip)

| Given: | |
|--|--------------------|
| f'c Compressive Strength of Concrete (psi) | 2500 mai |
| fy Yield Stress of Tension Reinforcing Steel (ksi) | 3500 psi 60 ksi |
| | |
| fy Yield Stress of Shear Reinforcing Steel - stirrups | 60 ksi |
| b Width of Beam (in.) | 16.00 in . |
| h Depth of Beam (in.) | 36.00 in. |
| | 32.00 in. |
| d Effective Depth (in.) | 32.00 m. |
| Quantity of tension reinforcing bars | 3.00 bars |
| Size of Tension Reinforcing Bars | #4 |
| Area of Steel Per Bar in Tension | 0.20 sq. in. |
| As (total) | 0.6 sq. in. |
| | 0.0 54. 11. |
| Size of Stirrup with 2 Vertical Legs | #4 |
| Area of Steel Per Stirrup Bar | 0.20 in. |
| Spacing of Stirrups | 16 in. |
| Quantity of Stirrups Per Spacing | 1 stirrup(s) |
| Quality of our upon of options | |
| Check Bending: | |
| $Mu = \phi Mn = \phi \rho f y b d^2 (1-0.59 \rho f y/f'c)$ | |
| | |
| φ | 0.90 |
| ρ=As/(bd) | 0.00117 |
| B1 | 0.85 |
| ρb = 0.85B1(f'c/fy)(87/(87+fy)) | 0.02494 |
| ρmax = (3/4)ρb | 0.01871 |
| ρmin = 3(f'c^0.5)/fy | 0.00296 |
| ρmin = 200/fy | 0.00333 |
| φMn | 85.38 k*ft |
| Moment OK? | OK |
| | |
| Check Shear: | |
| $\nabla u = \phi V c + \phi V s$ | |
| b | 0.75 |
| φ φVc = φ2(f'c^0.5)bd | 45.42 kips |
| φVc / 2 | 22.71 kips |
| ψ ν θ / 2 | 22.71 Kips |
| Av | 0.40 sq. in. |
| $\phi Vs = 0.85 Avfyd/s$ | 36.00 kips |
| φ νο ο.οο/ (γγα/ο | 00.00 Kipa |
| φVc + φVs | 81.42 kips |
| Shear OK? | OK |
| | |
| | |
| Load Criteria: | |
| Beam Self Weight | 0.59985 k/ft |
| Additional Dead Load | 0.00 psf |
| Live Load | 0.00 psf |
| Tributary Width | <u> </u> |
| | 0.00 //// |
| 1.4DL | 3.22 k/ft |
| 1.2DL + 1.6LL | 4.81 k/ft |
| 1.2DL + 1.0WL + 1.0LL | 4.04 k/ft |
| Controlling | 4.81 k/ft |
| Span (ft) | 10.00 ft |

10.00 ft

Page 25 of 35

60.10 k-ft 24.04 kip



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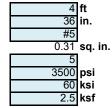
| Project: | Eagle Point | |
|--------------|-------------|--|
| Project No.: | JGR2304 | |
| Location: | Aurora, CO | |
| By: | MJF / RMH | |
| Date: | 11/1/2023 | |

Spread Footing

4.0

This spreadsheet calculates the allowable load capacity of a square spread footing.

| Given: | |
|--|---|
| Width of Square Footing | |
| Thickness of Footing | |
| Rebar Size | |
| Area of Rebar | (|
| Quantity of bottom steel in each direction | |
| f'c Compressive Strength of Concrete (psi) | 3 |
| fy Yield Stress of Reinforcing Steel (ksi) | |
| Allowable Soil Bearing Pressure | |
| | |



1. Calculate Maximum Allowable Total Load

Maximum Allowable Load = (area of footing x allowable soil bearing pressure) - (weight of footing + weght of displaced soil)

| Area of Footing | 16 sf |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Density of concrete | 150 pcf |
| Density of soil | 120 pcf |
| Weight of footing | 7.20 kips |
| Weight of displaced soil | 5.76 kips |
| Maximum Allowable Load | 38.6 kips |

2. Check Thickness For Two-Way Shear

| The critical perimeter is at d/2 from the face of the columdavg (t - 3"cover - 1") | nn. |
|--|-------------------|
| Dimension of square column or loaded area | 32 in. |
| bo Length of Critical Shear Perimeter | 160 in. |
| ϕ Vc = 0.75*4*((fc)^1/2)*bo*d | 908.7 kips |
| Load Factor | 1.8 |
| Max. Allowable Load = ϕ Vc / Load Factor | 504.8 kips |
| Controlling Allowable Load = | 38.6 kips |
| Maximum Applied Load = | 25.0 kips |
| Check | OK |

4. Check Reinforcement

| The critical section for moment is at the face of the c | olumn. |
|---|--------------|
| Mu = q x (tributary area) x (moment arm) | 13.9 k*ft |
| b | 48 in. |
| d | 32 in. |
| As | 1.55 sq. in. |
| C=0.85f'cba | 143 a |
| T=Asfy | 93 kips |
| а | 0.65 in. |
| φMn = 0.9*Asfy(d-a/2) | 220.93 k*ft |
| Reinforcement OK? | ОК |



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Permit # 2023-2396754-CM RSN 1762840ect Title:

Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

Project File: JGR2304.ec6 Wood Beam LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30 (c) ENERCALC INC 1983-2023 Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc. **DESCRIPTION:** Breezeway Floor Joists **CODE REFERENCES** Calculations per NDS 2018, IBC 2021, ASCE 7-16 Load Combination Set : IBC 2018 **Material Properties** E : Modulus of Elasticity Analysis Method : Allowable Stress Design 900.0 psi Fb + Load Combination : IBC 2018 Fb -900.0 psi Ebend- xx 1,600.0ksi Fc - Prll 1,350.0 psi Eminbend - xx 580.0 ksi Fc - Perp 625.0 psi : Douglas Fir - Larch Wood Species Fv 180.0 psi Wood Grade : No.2 575.0 psi Ft Density 31.210pcf **Beam Bracing** Beam is Fully Braced against lateral-torsional buckling **Repetitive Member Stress Increase** D(0.0532) L(0.133) 2x10 Span = 8.50 ft Service loads entered. Load Factors will be applied for calculations. **Applied Loads** Beam self weight calculated and added to loading Uniform Load : D = 0.040, L = 0.10 ksf, Tributary Width = 1.330 ft Design OK **DESIGN SUMMARY** Maximum Shear Stress Ratio Maximum Bending Stress Ratio 0.842 1 = 0.398:1 = Section used for this span Section used for this span 2x10 2x10

| fb: Actual F'b | = = | 958.61 psi 1,138.50 psi | | fv: Actual F'v | = = | 71.70 psi 180.00 psi |
|---|--------|--|---|--|--------|------------------------------|
| Load Combination Location of maximum on span Span # where maximum occurs | = = | +D+L 4.250ft Span # 1 | Locatio | ombination n of maximum on span where maximum occurs | = = | +D+L 0.000 ft Span # 1 |
| Maximum Deflection Max Downward Transient Deflect Max Upward Transient Deflection Max Downward Total Deflection Max Upward Total Deflection | | 0.099 in Ratio = 0 in Ratio = 0.141 in Ratio = 0 in Ratio = | 1027 >=360 0 <360 722 >=180 0 <180 | Span: 1 : L Only n/a Span: 1 : +D+L n/a | | |

Maximum Forces & Stresses for Load Combinations

| Load Combination | | Max S | tress Ra | tios | | | | | | | | Moment | Values | | Sh | ear Valu | Jes |
|------------------|--------|-------|----------|------|------|----------------|------|----------------|------|----------------|------|--------|--------|---------|------|----------|-------|
| Segment Length | Span # | М | V | CD | СМ | с _t | CLx | C _F | Cfu | с _і | C r | М | fb | F'b | V | fv | F'v |
| D Only | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Length = 8.50 ft | 1 | 0.278 | 0.131 | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 0.51 | 284.8 | 1,024.7 | 0.20 | 21.3 | 162.0 |
| +D+L | | | | | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | | | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Length = 8.50 ft | 1 | 0.842 | 0.398 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 1.71 | 958.6 | 1,138.5 | 0.66 | 71.7 | 180.0 |
| +D+0.750L | | | | | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | | | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Length = 8.50 ft | 1 | 0.555 | 0.263 | 1.25 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 1.41 | 790.2 | 1,423.1 | 0.55 | 59.1 | 225.0 |
| +0.60D | | | | | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | | | 0.0 | 0.00 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Length = 8.50 ft | 1 | 0.094 | 0.044 | 1.60 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.100 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.15 | 0.30 | 170.9 | 1,821.6 | 0.12 | 12.8 | 288.0 |



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Permit # 2023-2396754-CM

Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc.

RSN 1762940 Ect Title: Engineer: Project ID: Project Descr:

The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

Project File: JGR2304.ec6

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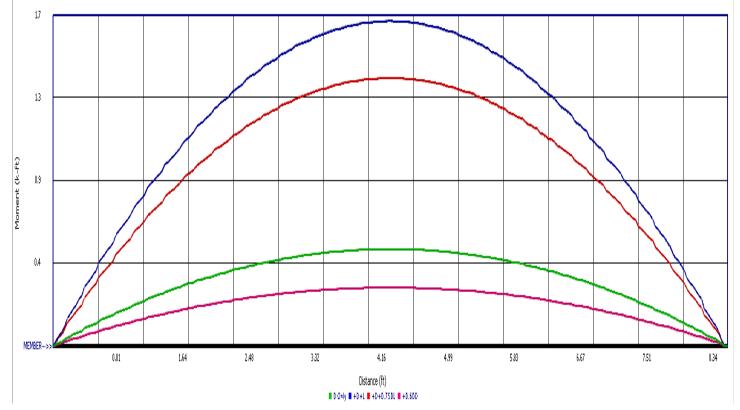
Wood Beam

LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30

DESCRIPTION: Breezeway Floor Joists

Overall Maximum Deflections

| Load Combination | Span | Max. "-" Defl Locat | tion in Span | Load Combination | Max. "+" Defl Loca | ation in Span |
|----------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| +D+L | 1 | 0.1412 | 4.281 | | 0.0000 | 0.000 |
| Vertical Reactions | | | Suppo | rt notation : Far left is #1 | Values in KIPS | |
| Load Combination | | Support 1 S | Support 2 | | | |
| Max Upward from all Load C | Conditions | 0.804 | 0.804 | | | |
| Max Upward from Load Con | nbinations | 0.804 | 0.804 | | | |
| Max Upward from Load Cas | es | 0.565 | 0.565 | | | |
| D Only | | 0.239 | 0.239 | | | |
| +D+L | | 0.804 | 0.804 | | | |
| +D+0.750L | | 0.663 | 0.663 | | | |
| +0.60D | | 0.143 | 0.143 | | | |
| L Only | | 0.565 | 0.565 | | | |





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Permit # 2023-2396754-CM RSN 1762940ect Title: Engineer:

Bob D. Campbell and Co., Inc.

Project ID: Project Descr: The Reserves at Eagle Point MJF JGR2304 New Apartments

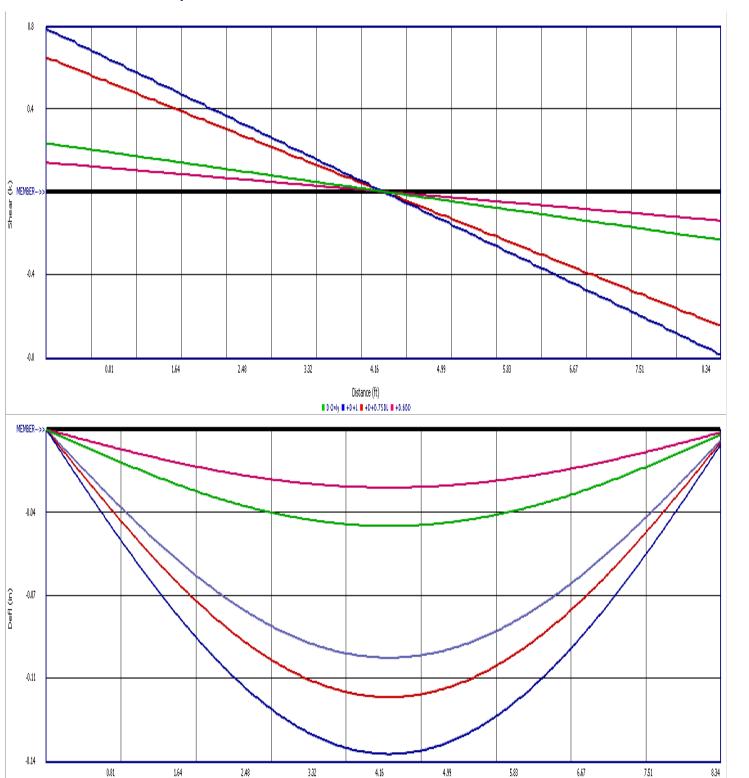
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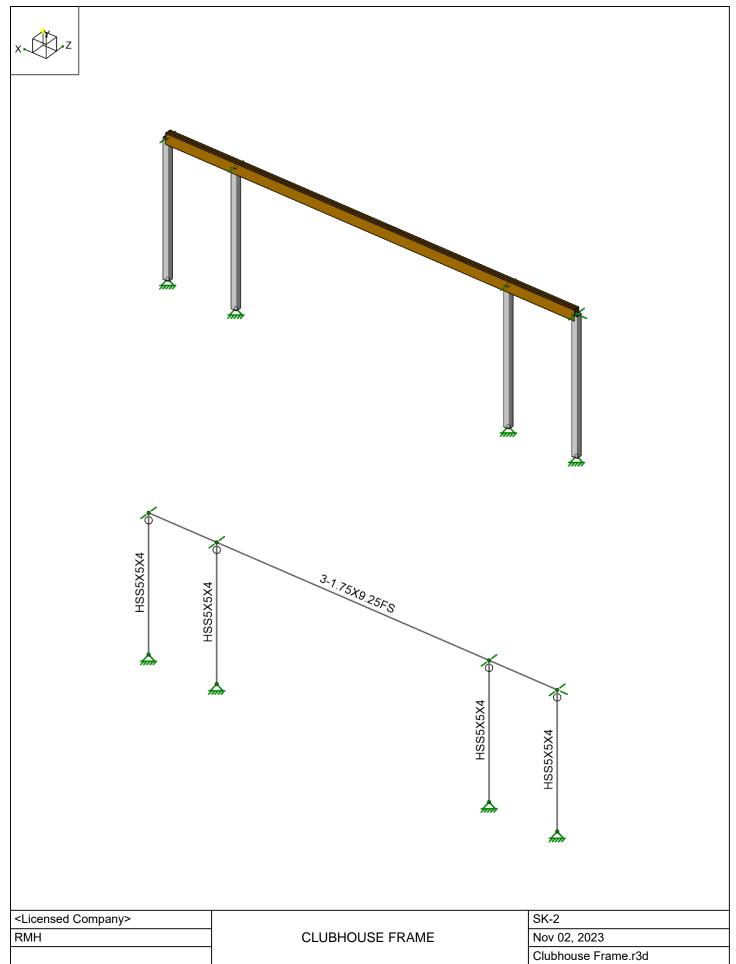
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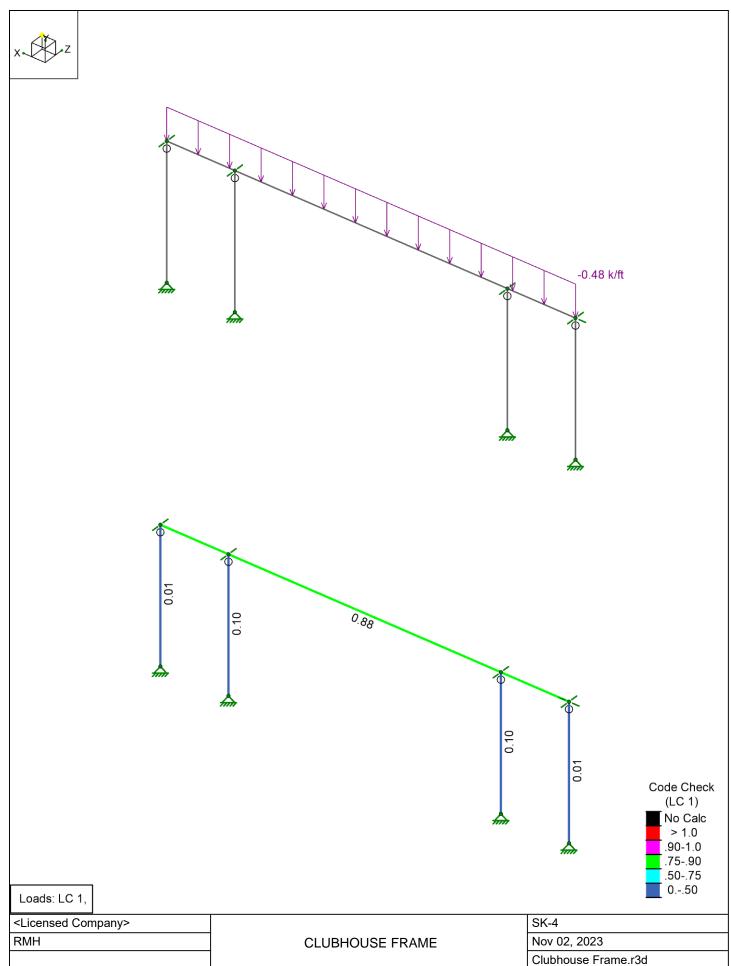
Wood Beam

LIC# : KW-06017302, Build:20.23.09.30

DESCRIPTION: Breezeway Floor Joists







Unity Check: 0.882 (axial/bending)

3-1.75X9.25FS (nominal)

Beam

30

I Node:

J Node:

I Release:

: <Licensed Company> : RMH

Input Data:

Shape: Member Type:

Length (ft):

Company : Designer : Job Number :

Model Name :

COMPANY

11/2/2023 9:48:56 AM Checked By : _

Load Combination: LC 1:

N6

N5

Fixed

| | | Material Type: Design Rule: Number of Internal Sections: | Wood Typical 97 | J Release: I Offset (in): J Offset (in): | Fixed N/A N/A |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------|--|---------------------|
| laterial Properties: | | | | | |
| Material: | LVL_Microlam_1.9E_2600F | Grade: | na | Nu: | 0.3 |
| Type: | Custom | Cm: | No | Therm. Coeff. (1e ⁵ °F ⁻¹): | 0.3 |
| Database: Species: | N/A LVL_Microllam_1.9E_2600F | Ci: Emod: | No 1 | Density (k/ft³): | 0.035 |
| | | | | | |
| hape Properties: | | - 4 . 5 | 1000 | | |
| F _b (ksi): | 2.6 | E (ksi): | 1900 | b (actual) (in): | 5.25 |
| F _t (ksi): | 1.555 | Emod: | 1 | d (actual) (in): | 9.25 |
| F _v (ksi): | 0.285 | COV _E (Table F1): | 0.1 | # of Plies: | 3 |
| F _c (ksi): | 2.51 | E _{min} (ksi): | 1004.11 | K _f : | N/A |
| esign Properties: | | | | | |
| le2 (ft): | 2 | C _D : | 1 | Max Defl Ratio: | L/289 |
| le1 (ft): | N/A | R _B : | 8.975 | Max Defl Location: | 15 |
| le-bend top (ft): | Lbyy | C _L : | 0.99 | Span: | 2 |
| le-bend bot (ft): | 20 | C _r : | 1 | | |
| К _{у-у} : | 1 | C _{fu} : | 1 | | |
| K _{z-z} : | 1 | C _p : | 0.211 | | |
| y sway: | No | Г К _f : | 0.6 | | |
| z sway: | No | · | | | |
| ● N6 | | M5 | | | • N5 |
| | | | | | |
| Diagrams: | | 0.045 at 2.813 ft | | | |
| | | | 9 at 15 ft | | |
| | | y Deflection (i | n) | z Deflection (| in) |
| | | 4.918 at 5 ft | |] | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | -4.91 | 8 at 25 ft | | |
| | e (kips) | y Shear Force(k | ips) | z Shear Force (| kins) |

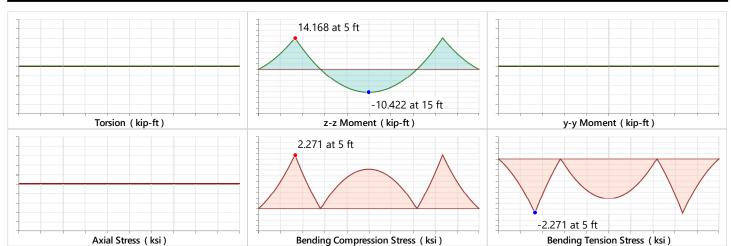
Detail Report: M5

NEMETSCHEK



Company : <Licensed Company> Designer : RMH Job Number : Model Name :

11/2/2023 9:48:56 AM Checked By : _



AWC NDS-18: ASD Code Check

| Limit State | Required | Available | Unity Check | Result |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------|
| Applied Loading - Bending/Axial | - | - | - | - |
| Applied Loading - Shear + Torsion | - | - | - | - |
| Axial Compression Analysis | 0.000 ksi | 0.531 ksi | - | - |
| Axial Tension Analysis | 0.000 ksi | 1.555 ksi | - | - |
| Flexural Analysis, Fb1' | 2.271 ksi | 2.573 ksi | - | - |
| Flexural Analysis, Fb2' | 0.000 ksi | 2.6 ksi | - | - |
| Bending & Axial Compression Analysis | - | - | 0.882 | Pass |
| Bending & Axial Tension Analysis | - | - | 0.882 | Pass |
| Shear Analysis | 0.152 ksi | 0.285 ksi | 0.533 | Pass |
| | | | | |

Company : <Licensed Company> Designer : RMH Job Number : Model Name :

11/2/2023 9:49:15 AM Checked By : __

| Detail Report: M3 | | Unity Check: 0. | 1 (axial/bending) | | Load Combination: LC |
|-----------------------------|----------------|---|---|--|---|
| | | nput Data: Shape: Member Type: Length (ft): Material Type: Design Rule: Number of Internal Sectio | HSS5X5 Colu Hot Rolled St Typ ons: | mn J Node: 10 I Release: reel J Release: | N3 N8 Fixed BenPIN N/A N/A |
| Material Properties: | | | | | |
| Material: | A500 Gr.B RECT | Therm. Coeff. (1e ⁵ °F ⁻¹): | 0.65 | R _y : | 1.4 |
| E (ksi): | 29000 | Density (k/ft ³): | 0.527 | | 58 |
| G (ksi): | 11154 | F _v (ksi): | 46 | | 1.3 |
| Nu: | 0.3 | , | | | |
| Shape Properties: | | | | | |
| d (in): | 5 | I _{vv} (in⁴): | 16 | Area (in ²): | 4.3 |
| b _f (in): | 5 | l _{yy} (in⁴): I _{zz} (in⁴): | 16 | | 25.8 |
| t (in): | 0.233 | | | | |
| Design Properties: | | | | | |
| L _{by-y} (ft): | N/A | К _{у-у} : | 1 | Max Defl Ratio: | L/10000 |
| L _{b z-z} (ft): | N/A | κ _{z-z} : | 1 | Max Defl Location: | (|
| L _{comp top} (ft): | Lbyy | y sway: | No | Span: | N/A |
| L _{comp bot} (ft): | N/A | z sway: | No | | |
| L _{torque} (ft): | N/A | Function: | Gravity | | |
| | | Seismic DR: | None | | |
| • | | | M3 | | _ _ |
| N3 | | | | | N8 |
| D. | | 1 | | | |
| Diagrams: | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | y Deflec | tion (in) | z De | flection (in) |
| 9.138 at 0 ft | | y Deflec | tion (in) | | flection (in) |
| 9.138 at 0 ft | 8.981 at 10 ft | y Deflec | tion (in) | | flection (in) |
| 9.138 at 0 ft | 8.981 at 10 ft | y Deflec | tion (in) | | flection (in) |

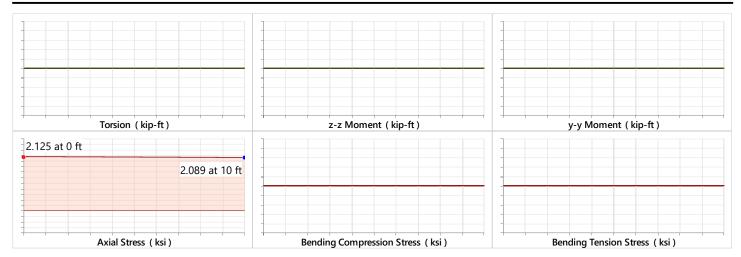
IRISA

A NEMETSCHEK COMPANY



Company : <Licensed Company> Designer : RMH Job Number : Model Name :

11/2/2023 9:49:15 AM Checked By : _



AISC 15th (360-16): ASD Code Check

| Limit State | Required | Available | Unity Check | Result |
|--|------------|-------------|-------------|--------|
| Applied Loading - Bending/Axial | | | | |
| Applied Loading - Shear + Torsion | - | - | - | - |
| Axial Tension Analysis | 0.000 k | 118.443 k | - | - |
| Axial Compression Analysis | 9.138 k | 91.296 k | - | - |
| Flexural Analysis (Strong Axis) | 0.000 k-ft | 17.468 k-ft | - | - |
| Flexural Analysis (Weak Axis) | 0.000 k-ft | 17.468 k-ft | - | - |
| Shear Analysis (Major Axis y) | 0.000 k | 33.124 k | 0.000 | Pass |
| Shear Analysis (Minor Axis z) | 0.000 k | 33.124 k | 0.000 | Pass |
| Bending & Axial Interaction Check (UC Bending Max) | - | - | 0.1 | Pass |
| Torsional Analysis | 0.000 k-ft | 14.517 k-ft | 0.000 | Pass |

STRUCTURAL ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS

Supplemental Calculations: ZIP R-12 Shear Wall Sheathing

FOR

THE RESERVES AT EAGLE POINT NEW APARTMENT COMPLEX AURORA, COLORAD

PREPARED BY

JEFFREY L. WRIGHT, P.E. & MICHAEL J. FALBE, P.E. & RYAN M. HAGEDORN, P.E.

OF

BOB D. CAMPBELL & COMPANY, INC. STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS 4338 BELLEVIEW AVENUE KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64111 (816) 531-4144

Structural plan review is limited to a general survey for code compliance. No review is implied nor was undertaken to verify structural adequacy.

FOR

JonesGillamRenz ARCHITECTS 1881 MAIN STREET, SUITE 301 KANSAS CITY, MO 64108 785.827.0386



| BOB D. CAMPBELL & CO. | Project EAGLE POINT - | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|
| Structural Engineers Since 1957 4338 Belleview Ave. 816.531.4144 Kansas City, MO 64111 www.bdc-engrs.com | Date <u>12 - 22 - 23</u> | Page of |
| ZIP SHEATHING CHECK | | |
| 2 IT SHEATHING CHECK | | |
| (FROM PREVIOUS CALCULATIONS PACKAGE) |) | |
| MAX LOAD TO SHE | EAR WALL < 200 PLF | |
| | | |
| EXTERIOR SHEARWALL SHEATHING: 2 | IP R-12 SHEATHING | |
| FASTENED W/ 0.131" SHANK NAILS Q 3/12 SPACING = (1.5" PEN. INTO FRAMING) | ALLOW. | 1 |
| | ZIP R-12 SHEATHING | |
| * REFER TO ATTACHED ZIP | ESR REPORT 4 | |
| | | |
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| Page | 2 of 9 | age 119 of 126 |





www.icc-es.org | (800) 423-6587 | (562) 699-0543

ICC-ES Evaluation Report ESR-3373

DIVISION: 06 00 00—WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES Section: 06 12 00—Structural Panels Section: 06 16 00—Sheathing

DIVISION: 07 00 00—THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION Section: 07 21 00—Thermal Insulation Section: 07 25 00—Water-Resistive Barriers/Weather Barriers

Section: 07 27 00—Air Barriers

REPORT HOLDER:

HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ZIP SYSTEM® R-SHEATHING (INSULATING SHEATHING)

1.0 EVALUATION SCOPE

- 1.1 Compliance with the following codes:
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 International Building Code[®] (IBC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 *International Residential Code*[®] (IRC)
- 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 International Energy Conservation Code[®] (IECC)

For evaluation for compliance with codes adopted by Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS), see <u>ESR-3373 LABC and LARC Supplement</u>.

Properties evaluated:

- Structural
- Thermal resistance
- Air leakage
- Weather resistance

1.2 Evaluation to the following green code(s) and/or standards:

- 2022 and 2019 California Green Building Standards Code (CALGreen), Title 24, Part 11
- 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 International Green Construction Code[®]



Reissued June 2023

This report is subject to renewal June 2025.

- 2020, 2017, 2014 and 2011 ANSI/ASHRAE/USGBC/IES Standard 189.1-Standard for the Design of High-Performance Green Buildings, Except Low-Rise Residential Buildings
- 2020, 2015, 2012 and 2008 ICC 700 National Green Building Standard[™] (ICC 700-2020, ICC 700-2015, ICC 700-2012 and ICC 700-2008)

2.0 USES

ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels are used as combination wall sheathing and continuous insulation in conventional light wood-framed walls of Type V construction (IBC) and dwellings constructed in accordance with the IRC. R-Sheathing is used to resist transverse loads in accordance with the PS-2 span rating shown on the panels. The panels are used to satisfy the continuous insulation and insulated sheathing allowances of 2021 IRC Table N1102.1.3 (2018 and 2015 IRC Table N1102.1.2, 2012 IRC Table N1102.1.1 or 2009 IRC Table N1102.1.2) and 2021 IECC Tables R402.1.3 and C402.1.3 [2018 and 2015 IECC Tables R402.1.2 and C402.1.3, 2012 IECC Tables R402.1.1 and C402.2, or 2009 IECC Tables 402.1.1 and 502.2(1)], as applicable. When installed with ZIP System™ Flexible Flashing seam tape, R-Sheathing may be used as an alternative to the water-resistive barrier required by 2021 and 2018 IBC Section 1403.2 (2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC Section 1404.2) and IRC Section R703, and to address air leakage in the building envelope as required by Sections R402.4 and C402.5 of the 2021, 2018 and 2015 IECC, Sections R402.4 and C402.4 of the 2012 IECC or Sections 402.4.1 and 502.4.3 of the 2009 IECC.

ZIP System R-Sheathing panels may be used as intermittent wall bracing panels within designated braced wall lines in accordance with Section 4.5, and as shear wall panels in accordance with Section 4.6, of this report.

The attributes of the ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing have been verified as conforming to the provisions of (i) 2022 and 2019 CALGreen Section 5.407.1 for water-resistive barriers; (ii) ICC 700 2020 Sections 602.1.8, 11.602.1.8, 1202.6 and 13.104.1.4; (vi) ICC 700 2015 Sections 602.1.8, 11.602.1.8 and 12.6.602.1.8 (iii) ICC 700-2012 Sections 602.1.8, 11.602.1.8 and 12.5.602.1.8; ICC 700-2008 Section 602.9 for water-resistive barriers.

The attributes of the ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing have been verified as conforming to the provisions of (i) 2021 IgCC Section 701.3.1.2, 2018 IgCC Section 701.3.1.1 and 2015 and 2012 IgCC Section 605.1.2.1 for air barriers; and (ii)

ICC-ES Evaluation Reports are not to be construed as representing aesthetics or any other attributes not specifically addressed, nor are they to be construed as an endorsement of the subject of the report or a recommendation for its use. There is no warranty by ICC Evaluation Service, LLC, express or implied, as to any finding or other matter in this report, or as to any product covered by the report.



2020 ASHRAE 189.1 Section 7.3.1.2, 2017, 2014 ASHRAE 189.1 Section 7.3.1.1 and 2011 ASHRAE 189.1 Section 7.4.2.9 for air barriers. Note that decisions on compliance for those areas rest with the user of this report.

3.0 DESCRIPTION

ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing is an insulated sheathing made by combining 7/16-inch-thick ZIP System[®] Wall Sheathing recognized in ESR-1474 with a layer of maximum 2-inchthick (25.4 mm) rigid foam plastic insulation laminated to its interior face using polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) adhesive. The ZIP System[®] Wall Sheathing is OSB complying with U.S. DOC PS 2 for wood structural panels as Exposure 1 with a 24/0, 24/16, or Wall 24 span rating, and is overlaid on the exterior side with a Grade D water-resistive barrier. The rigid foam plastic insulation is EnergyShield® CGF recognized in ESR-1375 which complies with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Foam Plastic Insulation (AC12). The foam plastic insulation boards have a nominal density of 2.0 pcf, compressive strength of 20 psi (138 kPa), vapor permeance of less than 1.0 perm, a flame-spread index of 75 or less and a smoke-developed index of 450 or less. The ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels are nominally 4 feet wide by 8, 9, 10, 11 or 12 feet long and have a square-finished-edge or machined-edge profile.

4.0 INSTALLATION

4.1 General:

ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels must be installed over wood-framed walls with minimum nominally "2-by" framing spaced at a maximum of 24 inches (406 mm) on center. In accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions, it is recommended that the square edges of the panels be installed with a gap between adjacent panels, and that the panels be separated from dissimilar materials. ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels may be installed vertically or horizontally. When use is in the construction of braced wall panels in accordance with Section 4.5, or as wood shear walls in accordance with Section 4.6, all joints and panel edges must be backed by framing.

When the panels are used as wall bracing panels or shearwall panels, fastening must be as described in Tables 1 or Table 2. ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels that are not used for structural bracing or shearwalls must be installed with minimum 8d common nails (or equivalent) at a maximum spacing of 6 inches on center on panel edges and 12 inches on center in the field. Nails must have a minimum 1-inch embedment into framing.

4.2 Water-resistive Barrier:

To qualify as a water-resistive barrier, ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels must be installed with the polymer-modified sheet overlay facing the exterior and all panel seams must be sufficiently sealed with ZIP System™ Flexible Flashing Tape in accordance with ESR-1474. All overlay surfaces must be dry and free of sawdust and dirt prior to application of the ZIP System™ seam tape. The seam tape must extend a minimum of 1 inch (25.4 mm) past the panel edge T-joint intersections and must be centered, within $\frac{1}{2}$ inch (12.7 mm), over the middle of panel seams. The tape must be pressed firmly to adhere to the surfaces and seal the seams. Wrinkles in the ZIP System[™] seam tape are acceptable unless they create a leak path to the panel seam.

Flashing complying with the applicable code must be installed at the perimeter of door and window assemblies, penetrations and terminations of exterior wall assemblies,

decks, balconies, and similar projections, and at built-in gutters and similar locations where moisture could enter the wall. An adhesive-backed flashing tape that complies with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Flashing Materials (AC148) must be installed to seal all ZIP System® R-Sheathing flashing joints. Penetration items must be sealed to the panels. The adhesive-backed flashing tape must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's published installation instructions.

4.3 Air Barrier:

ZIP System® R-Sheathing fastened to maximum 24-inchon-center (610 mm) wood wall framing, using 8d nails spaced at 6 inches (152 mm) around panel edges and at 12 inches (305 mm) in the field, leaving a 1/8-inch (3.18 mm) gap between panels, forms an air barrier assembly when the gaps between panels and the perimeter of penetrations are sealed with ZIP System[™] seam tape recognized in ESR-2227. The assembly has demonstrated a maximum air leakage of 0.0072 cfm/ft² [0.037 L/(s•m²)] infiltration and 0.0023 cfm/ft² [0.012 L/(s•m²)] exfiltration at a pressure differential of 1.57 psf (75 Pa).

4.4 Thermal Resistance:

ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels have nominal thermal resistance in accordance with the R-Sheathing Type shown in Tables 1 or 2.

4.5 Braced Wall Panels in Accordance with the 2021. 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IRC:

ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels are recognized for use in intermittent braced wall panel construction in accordance with IRC Section R602.10.2 when installed in accordance with Table 1. The panels are recognized as equivalent to wood structural panels used in Bracing Method WSP and may be used with amounts of bracing (lengths) specified in 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IRC Table R602.10.3(1) and 2009 IRC Table R602.10.1.2(1), entitled "Bracing Requirements Based on Wind Speed." The minimum effective braced wall panel length must be 48 inches (1219 mm) for wall heights up to 10 feet (3048 mm), 4 feet 5 inches (1346 mm) for walls not exceeding 11 feet (3352 mm) in height, and 4 feet 10 inches (1473 mm) for walls not exceeding 12 feet (3658 mm) in height. For prescriptive wall bracing under this section (Section 4.5), 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IRC, use is limited to areas where wind design is not required per IRC Section R301.2.1.1 and in Seismic Design Categories (SDC) A, B, and C (excluding townhouses in SDC C); use of sheathing in other conditions is outside the scope of this report. For prescriptive wall bracing under this section (Section 4.5), 2009 IRC recognition is limited to use in areas where the design wind speed is less than 110 mph and in Seismic Design Categories A, B, and C (excluding townhouses in SDC C); use of the sheathing in other conditions is outside the scope of this report. Holes and notches in wood framing are permitted in accordance with IRC Section R602.6.

4.6 Wood Framed Shear Walls in accordance with the 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IBC and IRC:

ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels may be used in the construction of wood shear walls when the design is in accordance with Table 2 and 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, or 2009 IBC Sections 2305 and 2306, as applicable. The Allowable Shear Capacity values in Table 2 must be used in lieu of the values shown in the code. Under this section

(Section 4.6), recognition is limited to resisting in-plane wind loads and to use in Seismic Design Categories (SDC) A, B, and C, with earthquake load resistance determined using exterior wall intersections with roofs, chimneys, porch $e^{gge 4 \text{ of } the}$ maximum values of R = 2.0, Ω_0 = 2.5, and Page 121 of 126

Page 3 of 7

Cd = 2.0. Holes and notches in the framing are permitted in accordance with the applicable code, code-referenced documents, and engineered design.

Shearwalls using ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels installed in accordance with this report may be used under the 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IRC when an engineered design is submitted in accordance with 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IRC Section R301.1.3, as applicable.

5.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels described in this report comply with, or are suitable alternatives to what is specified in, those codes listed in Section 1.0 of this report, subject to the following conditions:

- 5.1 The ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels must be manufactured, identified and installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer's published installation instructions. In the event of a conflict between the instructions and this report, this report governs.
- 5.2 When required by the code official, this evaluation report and the manufacturer's published installation instructions must be submitted at the time of permit application.
- 5.3 Walls sheathed with the panels must not be used to resist in-plane horizontal loads from concrete or masonry walls.
- 5.4 The ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels must be covered with a code-complying exterior wall covering or one that is recognized in a current ICC-ES evaluation report.
- 5.5 Siding installed over R-Sheathing must be installed in accordance with the code, and with the siding manufacturer's recommendations. Siding installers must account for any extra fastener length required to attach siding through the foam backed panel and into framing.
- 5.6 Where foam plastic is used in areas where the probability of termite infestation is "very heavy," safeguards must be followed in accordance with the protection against subterranean termite provisions in Chapter 26 of the IBC or Chapter 3 of the IRC, as applicable.
- 5.7 Fire-resistance-rated construction is outside the scope of this report.
- 5.8 Under the 2021 IBC, special inspection must be provided in accordance with 2021 IBC Sections 1704.3 and 1705.12 for sheathing installed in shear walls on buildings in Exposure B locations where V is 150 mph (67 m/s) or greater and in Exposures C or D where V is 140 mph (62.5 m/s) or greater. Under the 2018 or 2015 IBC, special inspection must be provided in accordance with IBC Sections 1704.3 and 1705.11 for sheathing installed in shear walls on buildings in Exposure B locations where VASD is 120 mph (53.6 m/s) or greater and in Exposures C and D locations where VASD is 110 mph (49.2 m/s) or greater. Under the 2012 IBC, special inspection must be provided in accordance with IBC Sections 1704.3 and 1705.10 for sheathing installed in shear walls on buildings in Exposure B locations where VASD is 120 mph (53.6 m/s) or greater and in Exposures C and D locations where VASD is 110 mph (49.2 m/s) or greater. Under the 2009 IBC, special inspection must be provided in Page 5 of 9

accordance with IBC Sections 1705.1, 1705.2 and 1705.4 for sheathing installed in shear walls on buildings in Exposure B locations where the basic wind speed is 120 mph (53.6 m/s) or greater and in Exposures C and D locations where the basic wind speed is 110 mph (49.2 m/s) or greater. A statement of special inspections complying with 2021, 2018, 2015 or 2012 IBC Section 1704.3 or 2009 IBC Section 1705 (as applicable) must be provided to the code official (this includes addressing requirements in 2021, 2018 and 2015 IBC Sections 1704.3.3 and 1705.11 or 2012 IBC Sections 1704.3.3 and 1705.10 or 2009 IBC Sections 1705.4.1 and 1705.4.2, as applicable).

- 5.9 Cutting openings and penetrations in designated braced wall panels is not permitted.
- 5.10 Gypsum wallboard is required to be installed on the side of the wall opposite the proprietary sheathing in accordance with 2021, 2018, 2015 and 2012 IRC Section R602.10.4.3 and 2009 IRC Section R602.10.2.1.
- 5.11 Use of ZIP System® R-Sheathing panels to resist combined wind uplift and shear must be approved by the code official.
- 5.12 ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels are laminated at facilities located in Camp Hill, Pennsylvania, Diboll, Texas, East Moline, Illinois, and Northglenn, Colorado, under a quality-control program with inspections provided by ICC-ES.

6.0 EVIDENCE SUBMITTED

- 6.1 Data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Water-resistive Membranes Factorybonded to Wood-based Structural Sheathing, Used as Water-resistive Barriers (AC310), dated May 2008 (editorially revised, June 2019).
- 6.2 Under the 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC and IRC for use in shear walls, data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Proprietary Sheathing Jobsite-attached to Wood Light-frame Wall Construction Used as Shear Walls (AC269.2), dated October 2013 (editorially revised October 2021).
- 6.3 Under the 2021 2018, 2015, 2012, and 2009 IRC for use as an alternative to prescriptive intermittent braced wall panels, data in accordance with the ICC-ES Acceptance Criteria for Proprietary Sheathing Attached to Wood Light-frame Wall Construction Used as Braced Wall Panels under the IRC (AC269.1), dated February 2017 (editorially October 2021).
- **6.4** Air leakage data in accordance with ASTM E2357.

7.0 IDENTIFICATION

- 7.1 Each ZIP System® R-Sheathing panel described in this report must bear a label that includes the manufacturer's name (Huber Engineered Woods, LLC) and address, the product name, the R-Sheathing type, the date of manufacture or a tracking number, the manufacturing plant identifier, and the evaluation report number (ESR-3373).
- **7.2** The report holder's contact information is the following:

HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC ONE RESOURCE SQUARE 10925 DAVID TAYLOR DRIVE, SUITE 300 CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA 28262 (800) 933-9220 www.huberwood.com

PRESCRIPTIVE METHOD (INTERMITTENT WALL BRACING)

TABLE 1—FASTENING REQUIREMENTS FOR ZIP SYSTEM® R-SHEATHING WITH FRAMING OF DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH FOR WIND
OR SEISMIC LOADING UNDER THE 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012, AND 2009 IRC (WSP METHOD)

| R- | FRAMING ⁴ | | FASTENING REQUIREMENT | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| SHEATHING TYPE ³ (<i>R</i> -Value of foam) | Nominal Stud Size (min.) | Maximum Stud Spacing (inches) | Fastener Specifications ² | Edge/Field Spacing (inches) | Minimum Penetration into Framing (inches) | | | |
| R-3 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | 4/ ₁₂ | 1.5 | | | |
| R-3 | 2-by-4 | 16 | 16ga staples, ⁷ / ₁₆ -inch crown, 2-inch length | ³ / ₆ | 1.0 | | | |
| 5.0 | R-6 2-by-4 24 | | 0.131-inch shank nails | ⁴ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | | | |
| R-6 | | 2-by-4 24 | 15ga staples, ⁷ / ₁₆ -inch crown, 2.5-inch length | ³ / ₆ | 1.0 | | | |
| R-9 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ³ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | | | |
| R-12 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ³ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | | | |

For SI: 1 inch = 25.4 mm

¹All fasteners must be located a minimum of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch from panel edges.

²Fasteners must be common nails or equivalent, or staples, of a type generally used to attach wood sheathing.

³Type R-12 R-Sheathing panels have a foam plastic insulation thickness of 2.0 inch. Type R-9 R-Sheathing panels have a foam plastic insulation thickness of 1.5 inch. Type R-6 R-Sheathing panels have a foam plastic insulation thickness of 1.0 inch. Type R-3 R-Sheathing panels have a foam plastic insulation thickness of 1.0 inch.

⁴All panel edges must be backed by framing.

ENGINEERED METHOD (SHEARWALL PANELS)

TABLE 2—FASTENING REQUIREMENTS AND ALLOWABLE SHEAR CAPACITY FOR ZIP SYSTEM® R-SHEATHING WITH FRAMING OF DOUGLAS FIR-LARCH² FOR WIND OR SEISMIC LOADING UNDER THE 2021 2018, 2015, 2012 AND 2009 IBC

| R- | FRAMING | | FASTE | MENT | ALLOWABLE | |
|--|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| SHEATHING TYPE ⁴ (<i>R</i> -Value of foam) | Nominal Stud Size (min.) | Maximum Stud Spacing (inches) | Fastener Specifications ³ | Edge/Field Spacing (inches) | Minimum Penetration into Framing (inches) | SHEAR CAPACITY ^{5,6,7} (plf) |
| R-3 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ⁴ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | 245 |
| R-3 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ³ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | 280 |
| R-3 | 2-by-4 | 16 | 16ga staples, ⁷ / ₁₆ -inch crown, 2-inch length | ³ / ₆ | 1.0 | 210 |
| R-6 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ⁴ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | 230 |
| R-6 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ³ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | 255 |
| R-9 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ³ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | 240 |
| R-12 | 2-by-4 | 24 | 0.131-inch shank nails | ³ / ₁₂ | 1.5 | 215 |

For **SI:** 1 inch = 25.4 mm, 1 plf = 14.6 N/m.

¹All fasteners must be located a minimum of ³/₈ inch from panel edges.

²For framing of other species, the shear value above must be multiplied by the Specific Gravity Adjustment Factor = [1- (0.50 – SG)], where SG is the specific gravity of the framing lumber in accordance with the AWC NDS. This adjustment factor must not be greater than 1.

³Fasteners must be common nails or equivalent, or staples, of a type generally used to attach wood sheathing.

⁴Type R-6 R-Sheathing panels have a foam plastic insulation thickness of 1.0 inch. Type R-3 R-Sheathing panels have a foam plastic insulation thickness of 0.5 inch.

⁵The maximum height-to-width aspect ratio of shear walls is 2:1.

⁶The allowable shear capacity may be increased by 40% for wind in Allowable Stress Design in accordance with Section 2306.3 of the 2021, 2018, 2015, 2012 and 2009 IBC.

⁷All panel edges must be backed by framing.



ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3373 LABC and LARC Supplement

Reissued June 2023

This report is subject to renewal June 2025.

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A Subsidiary of the International Code Council®

DIVISION: 06 00 00—WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES Section: 06 12 00—Structural Panels Section: 06 16 00—Sheathing

DIVISION: 07 00 00—THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION Section: 07 21 00—Thermal Insulation Section: 07 25 00—Water-Resistive Barriers/Weather Barriers Section: 07 27 00—Air Barriers

REPORT HOLDER:

HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ZIP SYSTEM® R-SHEATHING (INSULATING SHEATHING)

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that ZIP System® R-Sheathing, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3373, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below as adopted by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS).

Applicable code editions:

- 2023 City of Los Angeles Building Code (LABC)
- 2023 City of Los Angeles Residential Code (LARC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-3373, complies with the LABC Chapters 14 and 23, and the LARC, and is subject to the conditions of use described in this supplement.

3.0 CONDITIONS OF USE

The ZIP System® R-Sheathing described in this evaluation report supplement must comply with all of the following conditions:

- All applicable sections in the evaluation report <u>ESR-3373</u>.
- The design, installation, conditions of use and identification of the ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing panels are in accordance with the 2021 International Building Code® (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report ESR-3373.
- The design, installation and inspection are in accordance with additional requirements of LABC Chapters 16 and 17, as applicable.
- Under the LARC, an engineered design in accordance with LARC Section R301.1.3 must be submitted.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report ESR-3373, reissued June 2023.



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ICC-ES Evaluation Report

ESR-3373 CBC and CRC Supplement

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REPORT HOLDER:

HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ZIP SYSTEM® R-SHEATHING (INSULATING SHEATHING)

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that ZIP System® R-Sheathing, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3373, has also been evaluated for compliance with the code(s) noted below.

Applicable code editions:

■ 2022 California Building Code[®] (CBC)

For evaluation of applicable chapters adopted by the California Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (OSHPD) AKA: California Department of Health Care Access and Information (HCAI) and the Division of State Architect (DSA), see Sections 2.1.1 and 2.1.2 below.

2022 California Residential Code[®] (CRC)

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

2.1 CBC:

The ZIP System® R-Sheathing, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-3373, complies with CBC Chapters 14 and 23, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2021 International Building Code® (IBC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CBC Chapters 16 and 17, as applicable.

2.1.1 OSHPD: The applicable OSHPD Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.1.2 DSA: The applicable DSA Sections and Chapters of the CBC are beyond the scope of this supplement.

2.2 CRC:

The ZIP System® R-Sheathing, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of the evaluation report ESR-3373, complies with CRC Chapters 3 and 6, provided the design and installation are in accordance with the 2021 International Residential Code® (IRC) provisions noted in the evaluation report and the additional requirements of CRC Chapters 3 and 6 as applicable.

This supplement expires concurrently with the evaluation report, reissued June 2023.

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REPORT HOLDER:

HUBER ENGINEERED WOODS, LLC

EVALUATION SUBJECT:

ZIP SYSTEM® R-SHEATHING (INSULATING SHEATHING)

1.0 REPORT PURPOSE AND SCOPE

Purpose:

The purpose of this evaluation report supplement is to indicate that ZIP System® R-Sheathing, described in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3373, has also been evaluated for compliance with the codes noted below.

Applicable code editions:

- 2020 Florida Building Code—Building
- 2020 Florida Building Code—Residential

2.0 CONCLUSIONS

The ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing, described in Sections 2.0 through 7.0 of ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3373, complies with the Florida Building Code-

Building and Florida Building Code-Residential, provided the design requirements are determined in accordance with the Florida Building Code—Building or the Florida Building Code—Residential, as applicable. The installation requirements noted in ICC-ES evaluation report ESR-3373 for the 2018 International Building Code® meet the requirements of the Florida Building Code-Building or the Florida Building Code-Residential, as applicable.

Use of the ZIP System[®] R-Sheathing for compliance with the High-Velocity Hurricane Zone provisions of the Florida Building Code-Building or the Florida Building Code-Residential has not been evaluated and is outside the scope of this supplemental report.

For products falling under Florida Rule 61G20-3, verification that the report holder's quality assurance program is audited by a quality assurance entity approved by the Florida Building Commission for the type of inspections being conducted is the responsibility of an approved validation entity (or the code official when the report holder does not possess an approval by the Commission).

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